					ST DEPARTMENT DIVISION O	OF NA				AMENDE	FOI ED REPOR	RM 3	
		AF	PPLICATION FO	OR PERI	MIT TO DRILL				1. WELL NAME and N	UMBER NBU 921-1	19J4CS		
2. TYPE O	F WORK	DRILL NEW WELL	REENTER	P&A WEL	LL DEEPEN	WELL (	)		3. FIELD OR WILDCA	T NATURAL B	BUTTES		
4. TYPE O	F WELL	Ga	as Well Co	albed Me	ethane Well: NO				5. UNIT or COMMUNI	NATURAL B		ENT NAM	ΙE
6. NAME (	F OPERATOR		KERR-MCGEE OIL	. & GAS O	ONSHORE, L.P.				7. OPERATOR PHONE	E 720 929-	-6100		
8. ADDRE	SS OF OPERAT	OR	P.O. Box 173779	), Denver	r, CO, 80217				9. OPERATOR E-MAI	L ly.Lytle@an	adarko.co	om	
	AL LEASE NUM ., INDIAN, OR S			11. N	MINERAL OWNERS	SHIP DIAN	STATE (	FEE (	12. SURFACE OWNER		STATE		E ( )
13. NAME	OF SURFACE	OWNER (if box 12	= 'fee')						14. SURFACE OWNE	R PHONE (i	if box 12	= 'fee')	
15. ADDR	ESS OF SURFA	CE OWNER (if box	12 = 'fee')						16. SURFACE OWNE	R E-MAIL (	if box 12	= 'fee')	
17. INDIAI	N ALLOTTEE O	R TRIBE NAME			INTEND TO COMM		RODUCTION	N FROM	19. SLANT				
(if box 12	= 'INDIAN')	UTE TRIBE			TIPLE FORMATION		ling Applicati	ion) NO	VERTICAL DI	RECTIONAL	. 📵 н	ORIZONT	AL 🔵
20. LOC	ATION OF WELL	-		FOOTAG	GES	QT	R-QTR	SECTION	TOWNSHIP	RAN	NGE	МЕ	RIDIAN
LOCATIO	N AT SURFACE	<b>.</b>	202	6 FSL 21	175 FEL	1	NWSE	19	9.0 S	21.0	0 E		S
Top of U	ppermost Proc	lucing Zone	155	7 FSL 19	957 FEL	1	NWSE	19	9.0 S	21.0	0 E		S
At Total	Depth		155	7 FSL 19	957 FEL	1	NWSE	19	9.0 S	21.0	0 E		S
21. COUN	TY	UINTAH		22. D	DISTANCE TO NEA	REST LE		Feet)	23. NUMBER OF ACR	ES IN DRIL		T	
					DISTANCE TO NEA plied For Drilling o		oleted)	POOL	26. PROPOSED DEPT		ΓVD: 113:	25	
27. ELEV	ATION - GROUN	ID LEVEL 4829		28. E	BOND NUMBER	WYB0	00291		29. SOURCE OF DRIL WATER RIGHTS APPR		IBER IF A	PPLICAB	LE
					Hole, Casing,			ormation					
String	Hole Size	Casing Size	Length	Weigh			Max M		Cement		Sacks	Yield	Weight
Surf	11	8.625	0 - 2820	28.0	J-55 LT	&C	0	.2	Type V Class G		180 270	1.15	15.8 15.8
Prod	7.875	4.5	0 - 11376	11.6	HCP-110	LT&C	12	2.5 F	Premium Lite High Stre	ength	350	3.38	12.0
									50/50 Poz		1630	1.31	14.3
					A	TTACH	MENTS						
	VEF	RIFY THE FOLLO	WING ARE AT	TACHED	O IN ACCORDAN	ICE WIT	TH THE UT	AH OIL AND G	AS CONSERVATION O	SENERAL	RULES		
<b>w</b>	ELL PLAT OR M	AP PREPARED BY	LICENSED SURVE	YOR OR	ENGINEER		<b>✓</b> COM	IPLETE DRILLING	3 PLAN				
AF	FIDAVIT OF STA	ATUS OF SURFACE	OWNER AGREEN	IENT (IF F	FEE SURFACE)		FORM	I 5. IF OPERATO	R IS OTHER THAN THE L	EASE OWN	ER		
<b>I</b> ✓ DIF	RECTIONAL SU	RVEY PLAN (IF DIR	ECTIONALLY OR	HORIZO	ONTALLY DRILLED	)	ТОРО	OGRAPHICAL MA	\P				
NAME Jo	el Malefyt		TITLE Regua	Itory Ana	alyst			<b>PHONE</b> 720 9	29-6828				
SIGNATU	RE		<b>DATE</b> 07/11	/2014				EMAIL joel.ma	lefyt@anadarko.com				
API NUM	BER ASSIGNED	43047546190000	1		APPROVAL								

Drilling Program 1 of 6

### Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore. L.P.

### NBU 921-19J4CS

Surface: 2026 FSL / 2175 FEL NWSE BHL: 1557 FSL / 1957 FEL NENE

Section 19 T9S R21E

Unitah County, Utah Mineral Lease: UTU 0581

### **ONSHORE ORDER NO. 1**

### **DRILLING PROGRAM**

### 1. & 2.a <u>Estimated Tops of Important Geologic Markers</u>: <u>Estimated Depths of Anticipated Water, Oil, Gas, or Mineral Formations</u>:

<u>Formation</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Resource</u>
Uinta	0 - Surface	
Green River	1,643'	
Birds Nest	1,890'	Water
Mahogany	2,373'	Water
Wasatch	4,983'	Gas
Mesaverde	8,062'	Gas
Sego	10,309'	Gas
Castlegate	10,348'	Gas
Blackhawk	10,725'	Gas
TVD =	11,325'	
TD =	11,376'	

2.b Kerr McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP (Kerr McGee) may elect to drill to (i) the Blackhawk formation (part of the Mesaverde Group), (ii) to a shallower depth within the Mesaverde Group, or (iii) to the Wasatch Formation. If Kerr McGee drills to the Blackhawk formation, please refer to Blackhawk as the bottom formation. The attached Blackhawk Drilling Program includes Total Vertical Depth, Total Depth, and appropriate casing and cement programs for the deeper formation.

If Kerr-McGee drills to a shallower depth in the Mesaverde Group or to the Wasatch Formation, please refer to the attached Wasatch/Mesaverde Drilling Program which includes Total Vertical Depth, Total Depth, and appropriate casing and cement programs for the shallower formations.

### 3. Pressure Control Equipment

Please refer to the Standard Operating Practices on file with the BLM Vernal Field Office.

Drilling Program 2 of 6

### 4. <u>Proposed Casing & Cementing Program:</u>

Please refer to the attached Blackhawk Drilling Program and the Wasatch/Mesaverde Drilling Program

### 5. <u>Drilling Fluids Program:</u>

Please refer to the attached Blackhawk Drilling Program and the Wasatch/Mesaverde Drilling Program

### 6. <u>Evaluation Program</u>:

Please refer to the attached Blackhawk Drilling Program and the Wasatch/Mesaverde Drilling Program

### 7. Abnormal Conditions:

### 7.a Blackhawk (Part of Mesaverde Group)

Maximum anticipated bottom hole pressure calculated at 11325' TVD, approximately equals 7,248 psi (0.64 psi/ft = actual bottomhole gradient)

Maximum Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure (MABHP) = Pore Pressure at TD

Maximum anticipated surface pressure equals approximately 4,741 psi (bottom hole pressure minus the pressure of a partially evacuated hole calculated at 0.22 psi/foot, per Onshore Order No. 2).

Per Onshore Order No. 2 - Max Anticipated Surf. Press.(MASP) = (Pore Pressure at next csg point-(0.22 psi/ft-partial evac gradient x TVD of next csg point))

### 7.b Wasach Formation/Mesaverde Group

Maximum anticipated bottom hole pressure calculated at 10309' TVD, approximately equals 6,288 psi (0.61 psi/ft = actual bottomhole gradient)

Maximum Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure (MABHP) = Pore Pressure at TD

Maximum anticipated surface pressure equals approximately 4,048 psi (bottom hole pressure minus the pressure of a partially evacuated hole calculated at 0.22 psi/foot, per Onshore Order No. 2).

Per Onshore Order No. 2 - Max Anticipated Surf. Press.(MASP) = (Pore Pressure at next csg point-(0.22 psi/ft-partial evac gradient x TVD of next csg point))

### 8. <u>Anticipated Starting Dates:</u>

Drilling is planned to commence immediately upon approval of this application.

### 9. <u>Variances:</u>

Please refer to the Standard Operating Practices on file with the BLM Vernal Field Office.

### 10. Other Information:

Please refer to the attached Blackhawk Drilling Program and the Wasatch/Mesaverde Drilling Program

NBU 921-19J PAD

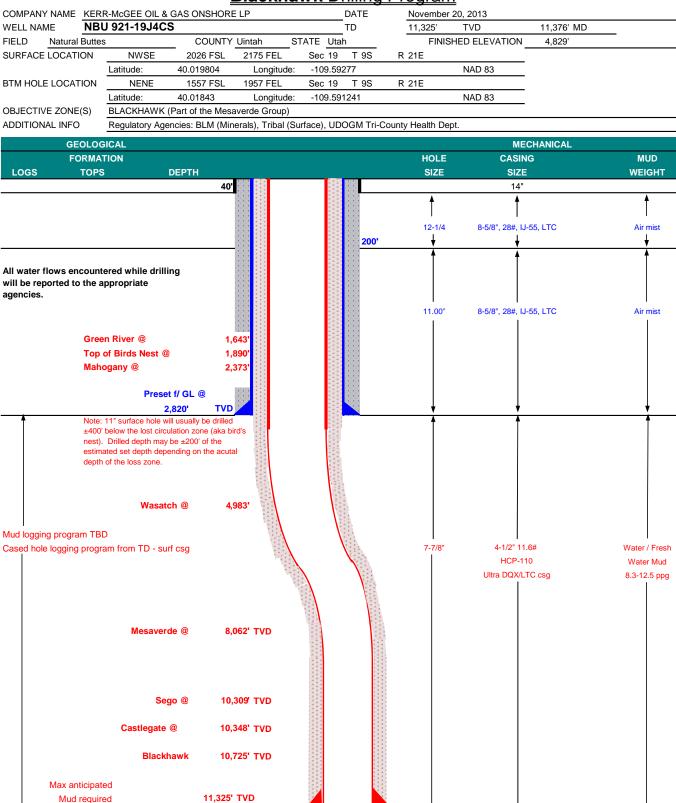
12.5 ppg

TD@

11,376' MD



# KERR-McGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE LP Blackhawk Drilling Program





# KERR-McGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE LP Blackhawk Drilling Program

CASING PROGRAM

CONDUCTOR

SURFACE

PRODUCTION

<u>uvi</u>									DESIGN	ACTORS	
										LTC	DQX
:	SIZE	INT	ERVA	_	WT.	GR.	CPLG.	BURST	COLLAPSE	TE	NSION
	14"	(	)-40'								
								3,390	1,880	348,000	N/A
8	3-5/8"	0	to	2,820	28.00	IJ-55	LTC	1.91	1.42	5.03	N/A
								10,690	8,650	279,000	367,174
4	4-1/2"	0	to	5,000	11.60	HCP-110	DQX	1.19	1.18		3.44
4	4-1/2"	5,000	to	11,376'	11.60	HCP-110	LTC	1.19	1.18	4.66	

**Surface Casing:** 

(Burst Assumptions: TD = 12.5 ppg) 0.73 psi/ft = frac gradient @ surface shoe

Fracture at surface shoe with 0.1 psi/ft gas gradient above

(Collapse Assumption: Fully Evacuated Casing, Max MW) (Tension Assumptions: Air Weight of Casing\*Buoy.Fact. of water)

Production casing:

(Burst Assumptions: Pressure test with 8.4ppg @ 9000 psi) 0.64 psi/ft = bottomhole gradient

(Collapse Assumption: Fully Evacuated Casing, Max MW) (Tension Assumptions: Air Weight of Casing\*Buoy.Fact. of water)

### **CEMENT PROGRAM**

	FT. OF FILL	DESCRIPTION	SACKS	EXCESS	WEIGHT	YIELD
SURFACE LEAD	500'	Premium cmt + 2% CaCl	180	60%	15.80	1.15
Option 1		+ 0.25 pps flocele				
TOP OUT CMT (6 jobs)	1,200'	20 gals sodium silicate + Premium cmt	270	0%	15.80	1.15
		+ 2% CaCl + 0.25 pps flocele				
SURFACE		NOTE: If well will circulate water to	surface, opti	on 2 will be	utilized	
Option 2 LEAD	2,320'	Premium cmt + 16% Gel + 10 pps gilsonite	280	35%	12.00	2.86
		+ 0.25 pps Flocele + 3% salt BWOC + GR 3 pps				
TAIL	500'	Premium cmt + 2% CaCl	150	35%	15.80	1.15
		+ 0.25 pps flocele				
TOP OUT CMT	as required	Premium cmt + 2% CaCl	as req.		15.80	1.15
PRODUCTION LEAD	4,476'	Premium Lite II +0.25 pps celloflake + .4% FL-52	350	35%	12.00	3.38
		+ .3% R-3 + .5 lbs/sk Kol-Seal + 6%Bentonite II +				
		1.2% Sodium Metasilicate + .05 lbs/sk Static Free				
TAIL	6,900'	50/50 Poz/G + 10% salt + .05 lbs/sk Static Free	1,630	35%	14.30	1.31
		+ 1.2% Sodium Metasilicate + .5 % EC-1				
		+.002 gps FP-6L + 2% Bentonite II				

<sup>\*</sup>Substitute caliper hole volume plus 0% excess for LEAD if accurate caliper is obtained

### **FLOAT EQUIPMENT & CENTRALIZERS**

**SURFACE** 

Guide shoe, 1 jt, insert float. Centralize first 3 joints with bow spring centralizers. Thread lock guide shoe

PRODUCTION

Float shoe, 1 jt, float collar. 15 centralizers for a Mesaverde and 20 for a Blackhawk well. 1 centralizer on the first 3 joints and one every third joint thereafter.

### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Test casing head to 750 psi after installing. Test surface casing to 1,500 psi prior to drilling out.

BOPE: 11" 5M with one annular and 2 rams. The BOPE will be installed before the production hole is drilled and tested to 5,000 psi (annular to 2,500 psi) prior to drilling out the surface casing shoe. Record on chart recorder and tour sheet. Function test rams on each trip. Maintain safety valve and inside BOP on rig floor at all times. Most rigs have top drives; however, if used, the Kelly is to be equipped with upper and lower kelly valves.

Surveys will be taken at 1,000' minimum intervals.

Most rigs have PVT System for mud monitoring. If no PVT is available, visual monitoring will be utilized.

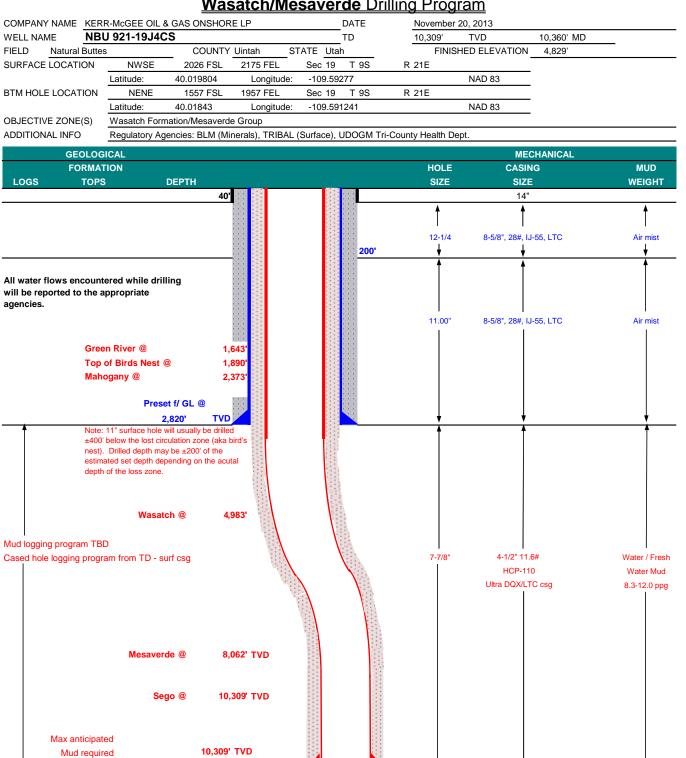
IF extreme mud losses are observed OR cement doesn't reach surface on a well on the pad, a DV Tool may be used. With Cement Baskets above and Below it

	II extreme mud losses are observed	Total certain doesn't reach surface on a well on the pad, a by rooming be used. With	Ochleni Daskets above and Delow It.
DRILLING	ENGINEER:		DATE:
		Nick Spence / John Tuckwiller / Brian Cocchiere / Tyler Elliott	
DRILLING	SUPERINTENDENT:		DATE:
		Kenny Gathings / Lovel Young	•

<sup>\*</sup>Substitute caliper hole volume plus 10% excess for TAIL if accurate caliper is obtained



# KERR-McGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE LP Wasatch/Mesaverde Drilling Program



10,360' MD

TD@

12.0 ppg



# KERR-McGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE LP Wasatch/Mesaverde Drilling Program

CASING PROGRAM	<u> </u>								DESIGN I	FACTORS	
										LTC	DQX
	SIZE	INTE	ERVA	L	WT.	GR.	CPLG.	BURST	COLLAPSE	TE	NSION
CONDUCTOR	14"	0	-40'								
								3,390	1,880	348,000	N/A
SURFACE	8-5/8"	0	to	2,820	28.00	IJ-55	LTC	1.91	1.42	5.03	N/A
								10,690	8,650		367,174
PRODUCTION	4-1/2"	0	to	5,000	11.60	HCP-110	DQX	1.19	1.34		3.74
								10,690	8,650	279,000	
	4-1/2"	5,000	to	10,360'	11.60	HCP-110	LTC	1.19	1.34	5.49	

Surface Casing:

(Burst Assumptions: TD = 12.0 ppg) 0.73 psi/ft = frac gradient @ surface shoe

Fracture at surface shoe with 0.1 psi/ft gas gradient above

(Collapse Assumption: Fully Evacuated Casing, Max MW) (Tension Assumptions: Air Weight of Casing\*Buoy.Fact. of water)

Production casing:

(Burst Assumptions: Pressure test with 8.4ppg @ 9000 psi) 0.61 psi/ft = bottomhole gradient (Collapse Assumption: Fully Evacuated Casing, Max MW) (Tension Assumptions: Air Weight of Casing\*Buoy.Fact. of water)

### **CEMENT PROGRAM**

		FT. OF FILL	DESCRIPTION	SACKS	EXCESS	WEIGHT	YIELD
SURFACE	LEAD	500'	Premium cmt + 2% CaCl	180	60%	15.80	1.15
Option 1			+ 0.25 pps flocele				
TOP OUT	ΓCMT (6 jobs)	1,200'	20 gals sodium silicate + Premium cmt	270	0%	15.80	1.15
			+ 2% CaCl + 0.25 pps flocele				
SURFACE			NOTE: If well will circulate water to s	urface, optio	n 2 will be u	tilized	
Option 2	LEAD	2,320'	Premium cmt + 16% Gel + 10 pps gilsonite	280	35%	12.00	2.86
			+ 0.25 pps Flocele + 3% salt BWOC + GR 3 pps				
	TAIL	500'	Premium cmt + 2% CaCl	150	35%	15.80	1.15
			+ 0.25 pps Flocele + 3% salt BWOC + GR 3 pps				
Т	OP OUT CMT	as required	Premium cmt + 2% CaCl	as req.		15.80	1.15
PRODUCTION	LEAD	4,480'	Premium Lite II +0.25 pps celloflake + .4% FL-52	350	35%	12.00	3.38
			+ .3% R-3 + .5 lbs/sk Kol-Seal + 6%Bentonite II +				
			1.2% Sodium Metasilicate + .05 lbs/sk Static Free				
	TAIL	5,880'	50/50 Poz/G + 10% salt + .05 lbs/sk Static Free	1,390	35%	14.30	1.31
			+ 1.2% Sodium Metasilicate + .5 % EC-1				
			+.002 gps FP-6L + 2% Bentonite II				

<sup>\*</sup>Substitute caliper hole volume plus 0% excess for LEAD if accurate caliper is obtained

### **FLOAT EQUIPMENT & CENTRALIZERS**

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**PRODUCTION** 

Float shoe, 1 jt, float collar. 15 centralizers for a Mesaverde and 20 for a Blackhawk well. 1 centralizer on the first 3 joints and one every third joint thereafter.

### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Test casing head to 750 psi after installing. Test surface casing to 1,500 psi prior to drilling out.

BOPE: 11" 5M with one annular and 2 rams. The BOPE will be installed before the production hole is drilled and tested to 5,000 psi (annular to 2,500 psi) prior to drilling out the surface casing shoe. Record on chart recorder and tour sheet. Function test rams on each trip. Maintain safety valve and inside BOP on rig floor at all times. Most rigs have top drives; however, if used, the Kelly is to be equipped with upper and lower kelly valves.

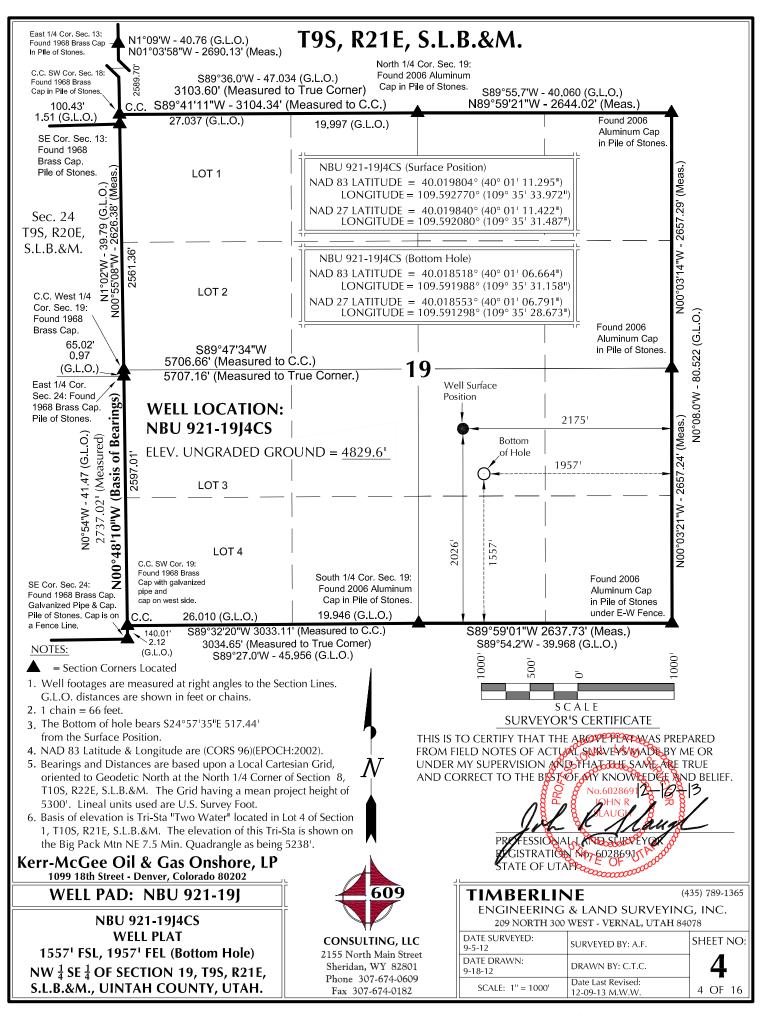
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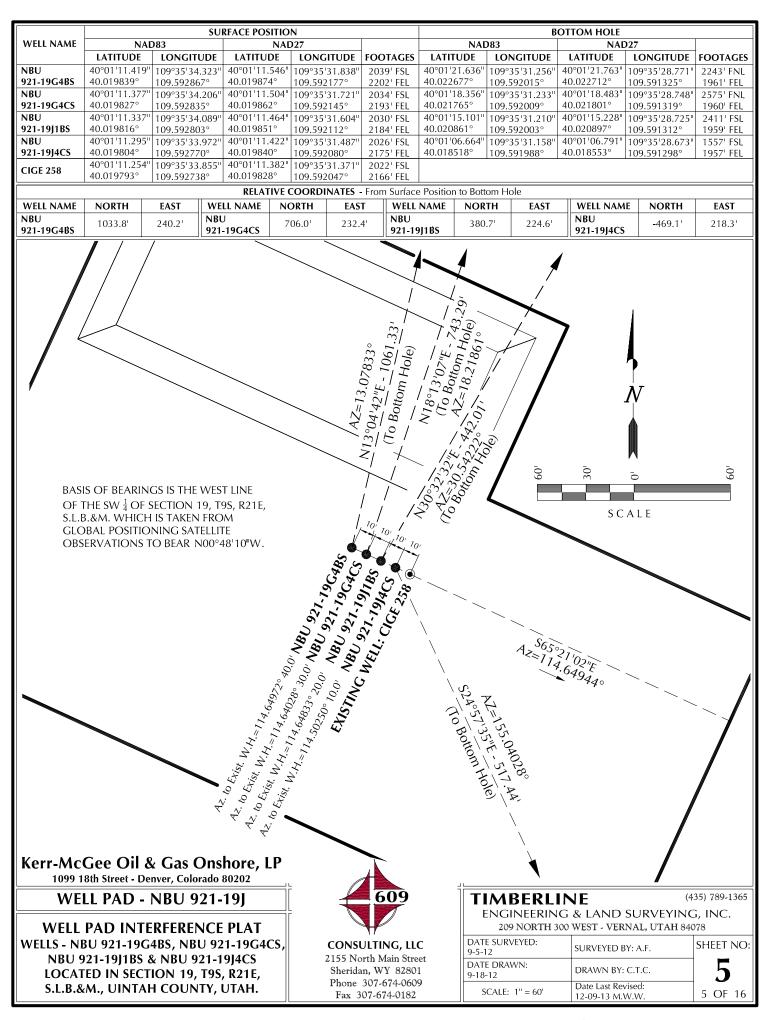
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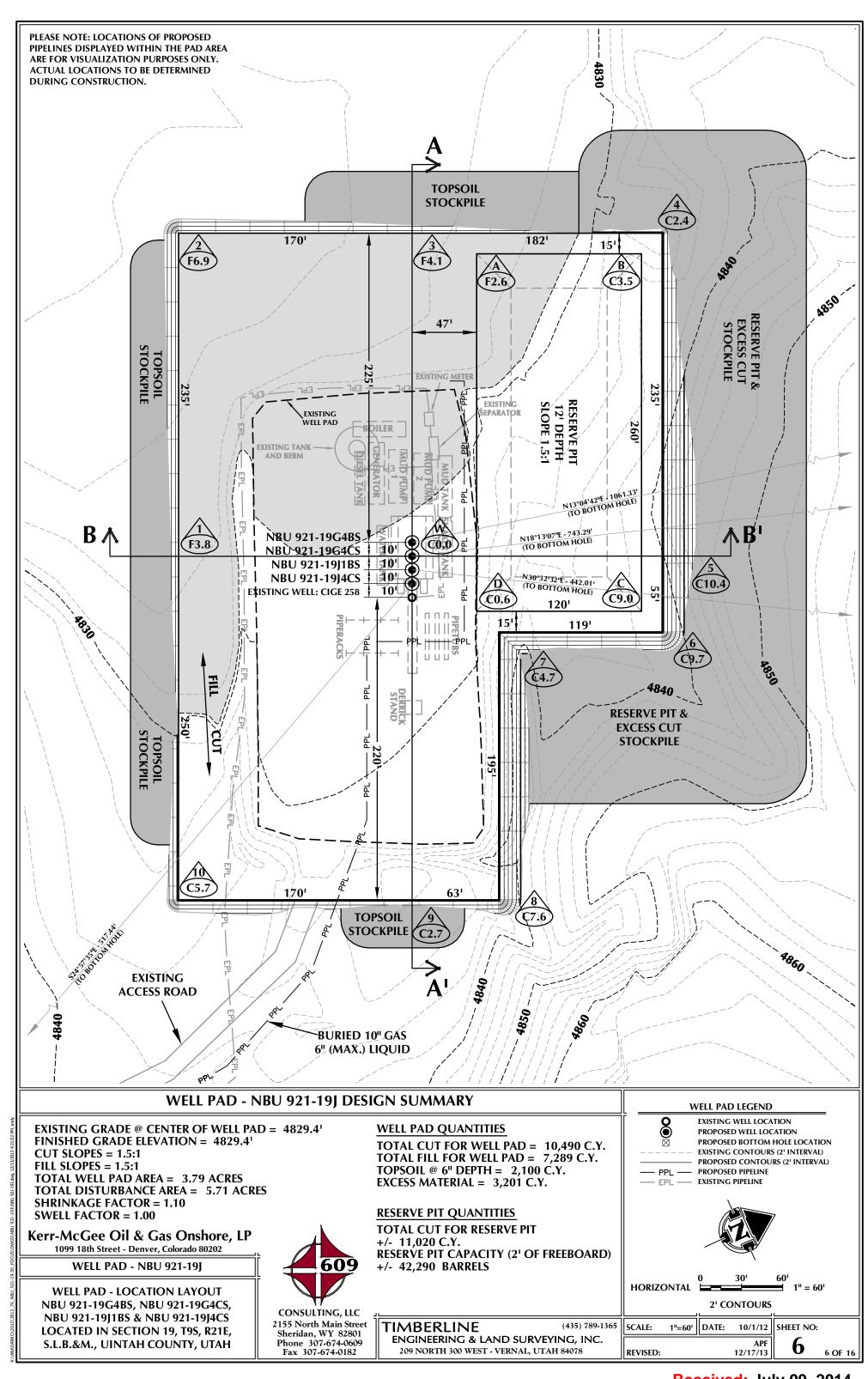
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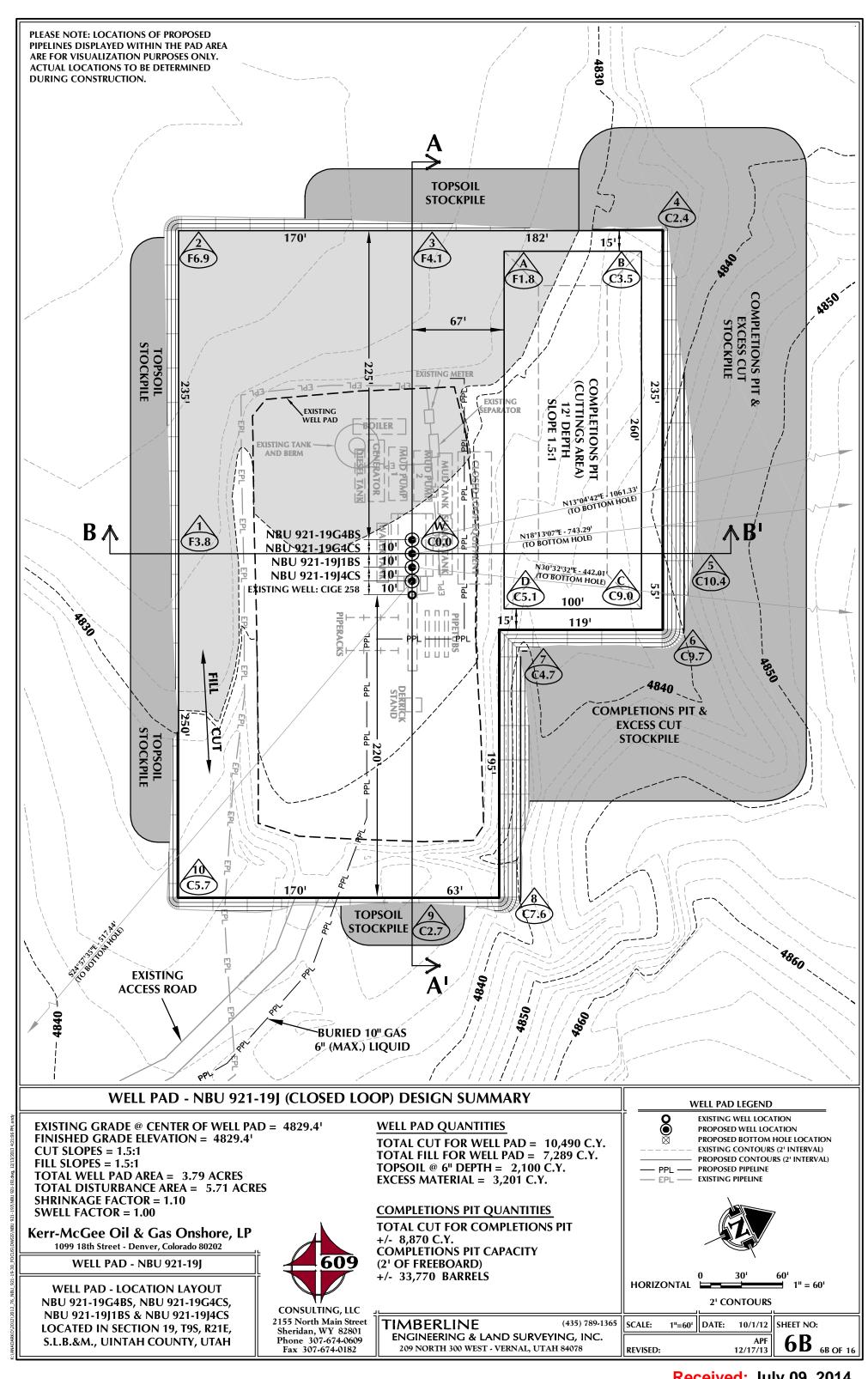
DRILLING ENGINEER:		DATE:
	Nick Spence / John Tuckwiller / Brian Cocchiere / Tyler Elliott	
DRILLING SUPERINTENDENT:		DATE:
	Kenny Gathings / Lovel Young	

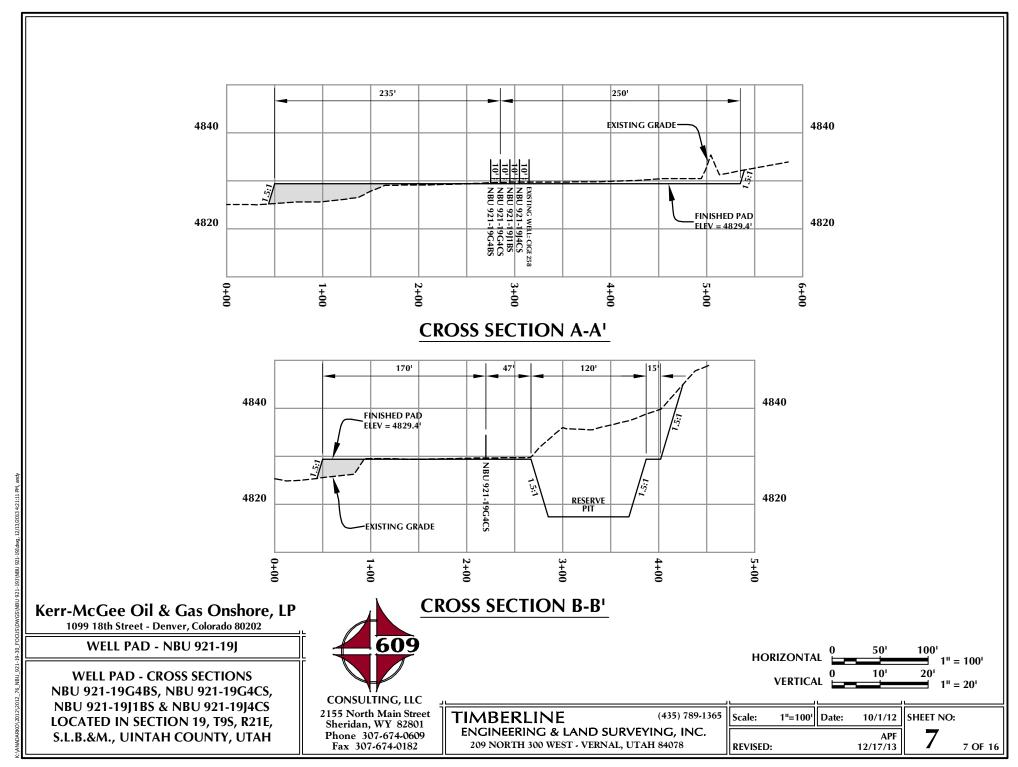
<sup>\*</sup>Substitute caliper hole volume plus 10% excess for TAIL if accurate caliper is obtained

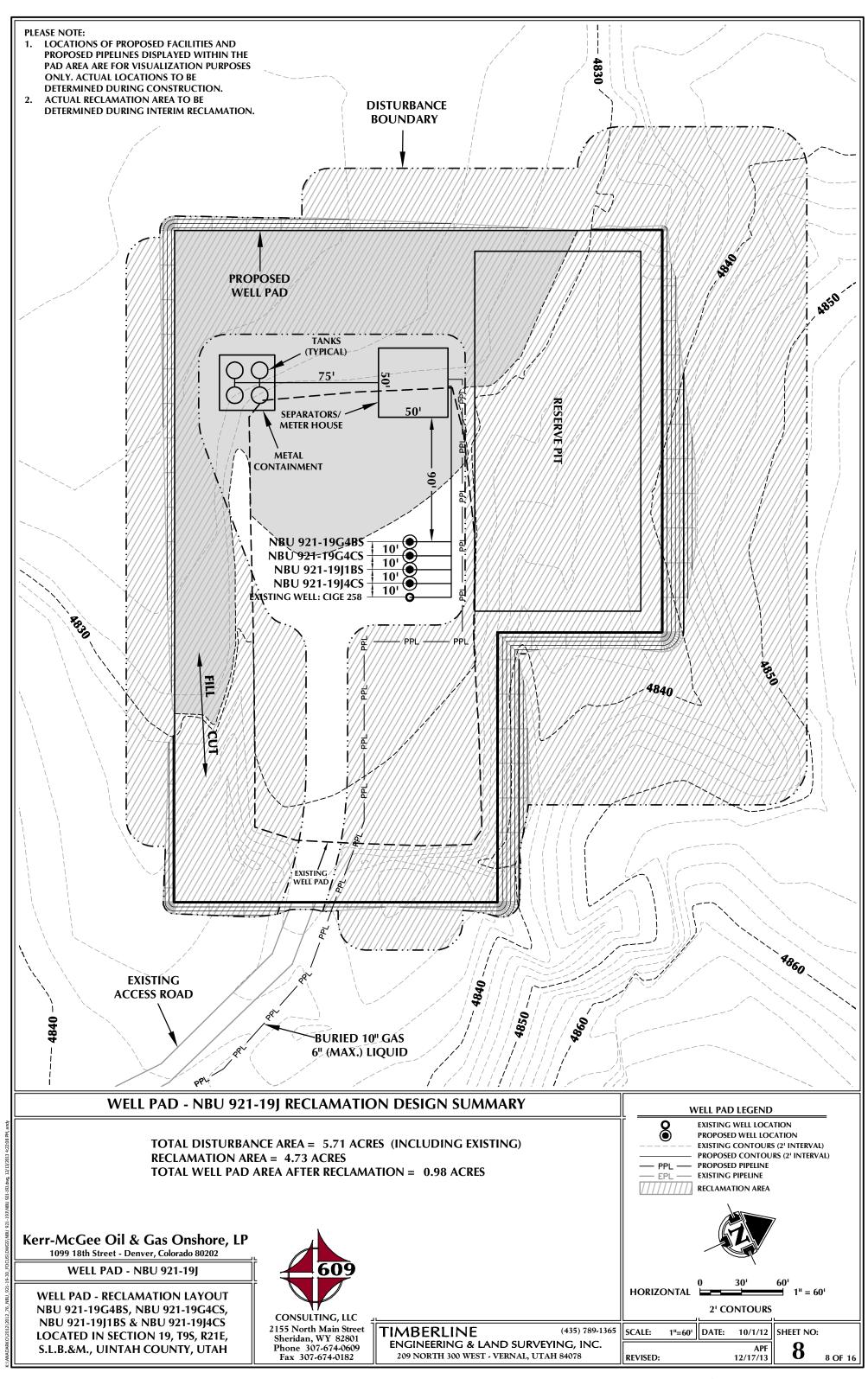












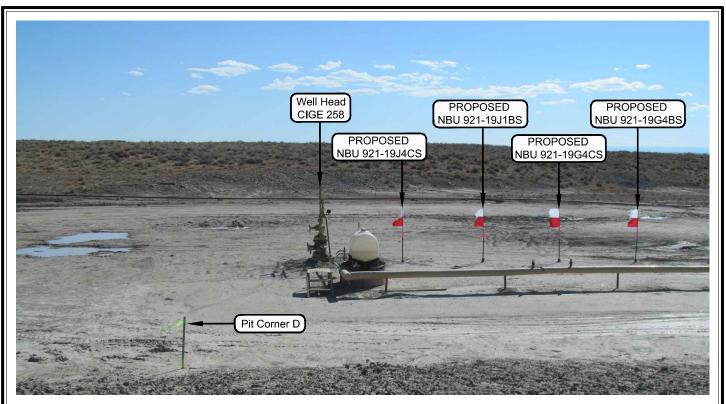


PHOTO VIEW: FROM PIT CORNER D TO LOCATION STAKE

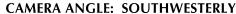




PHOTO VIEW: FROM EXISTING ACCESS ROAD

**CAMERA ANGLE: NORTHWESTERLY** 

### Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP 1099 18th Street - Denver, Colorado 80202

### WELL PAD - NBU 921-191

**LOCATION PHOTOS** NBU 921-19G4BS, NBU 921-19G4CS, NBU 921-19J1BS & NBU 921-19J4CS LOCATED IN SECTION 19, T9S, R21E, S.L.B.&M., UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH.



### CONSULTING, LLC 2155 North Main Street Sheridan, WY 82801

Phone 307-674-0609 Fax 307-674-0182

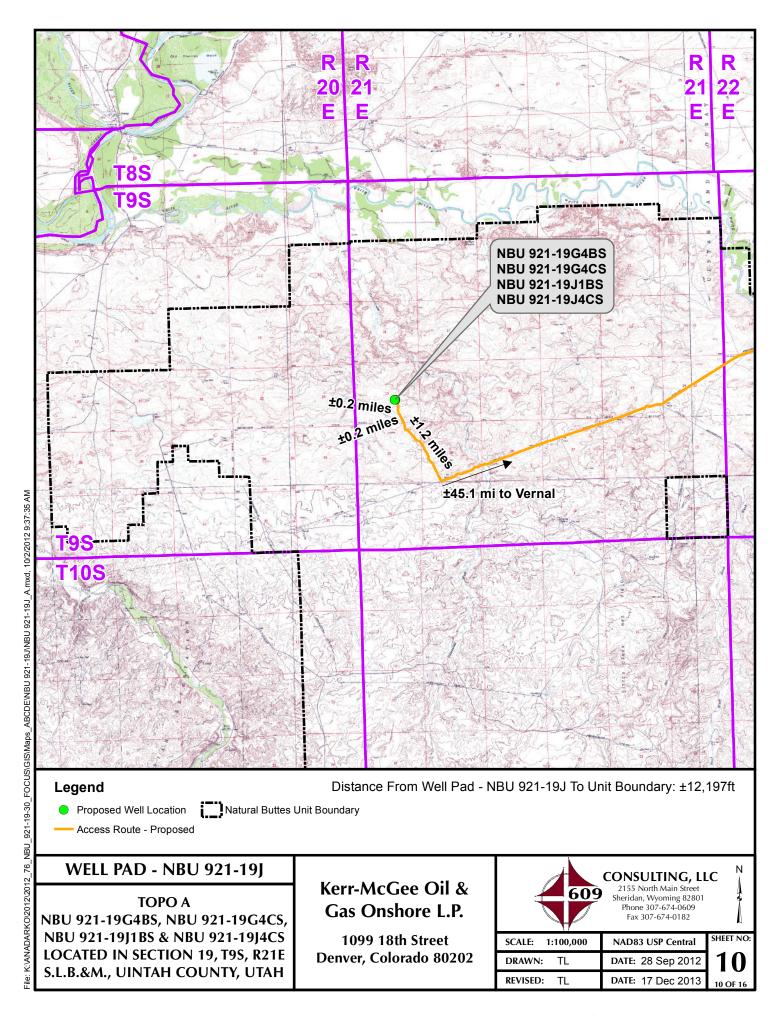
## TIMBERLINE

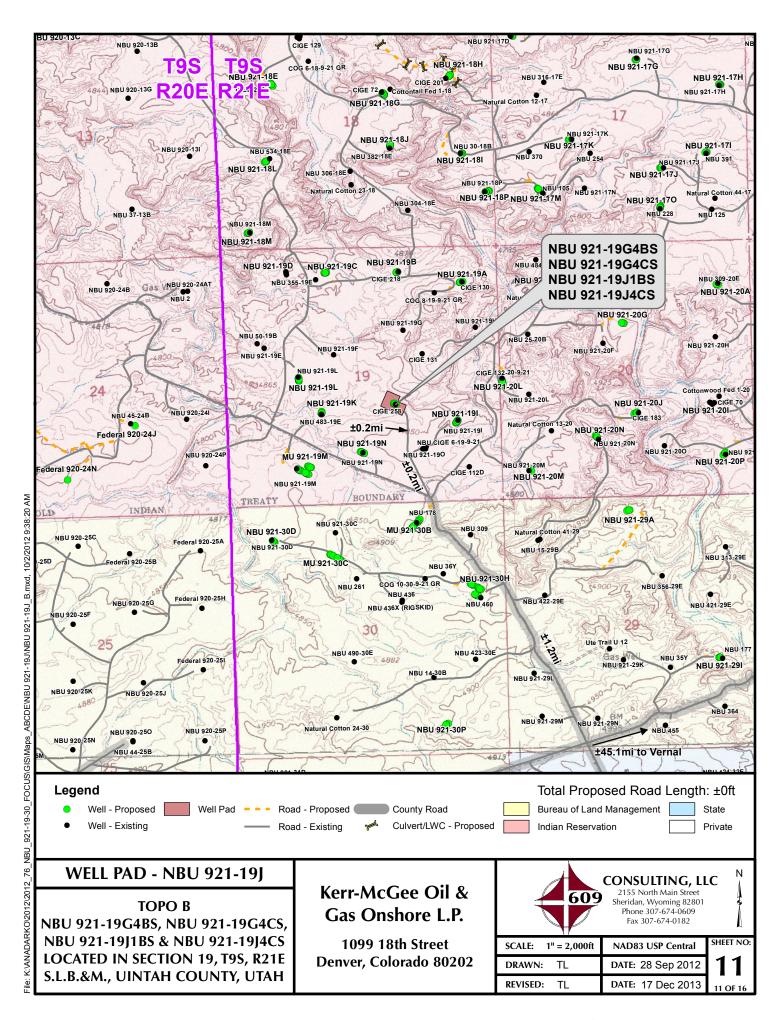
(435) 789-1365

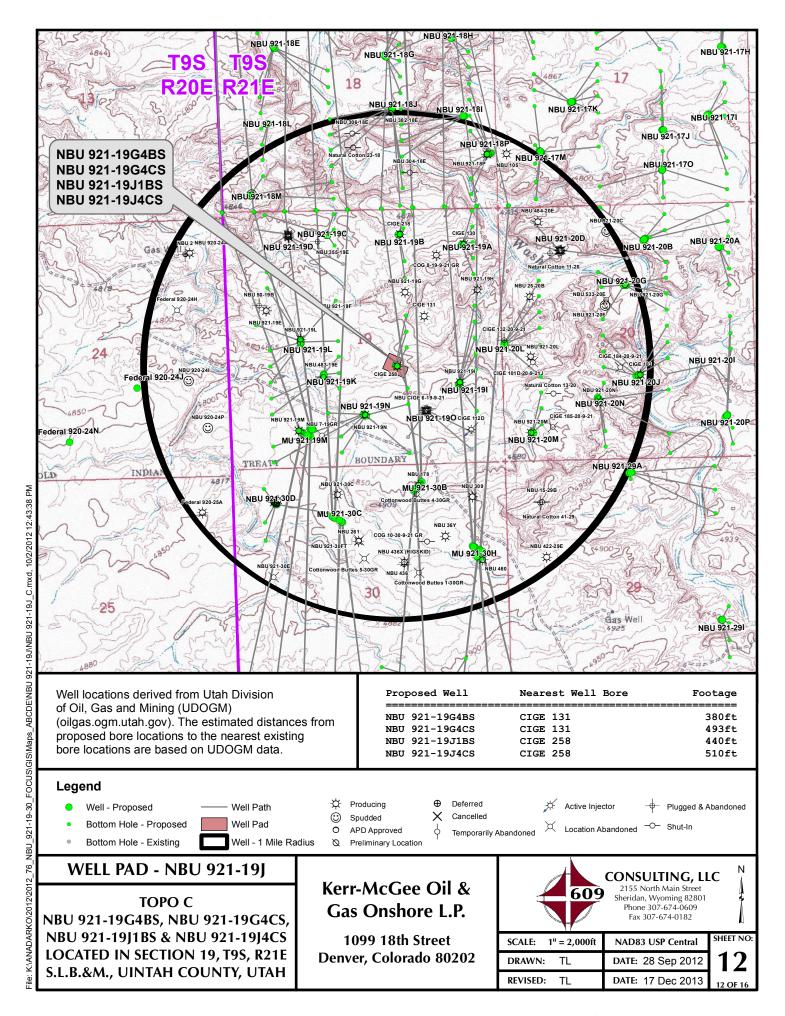
9 OF 16

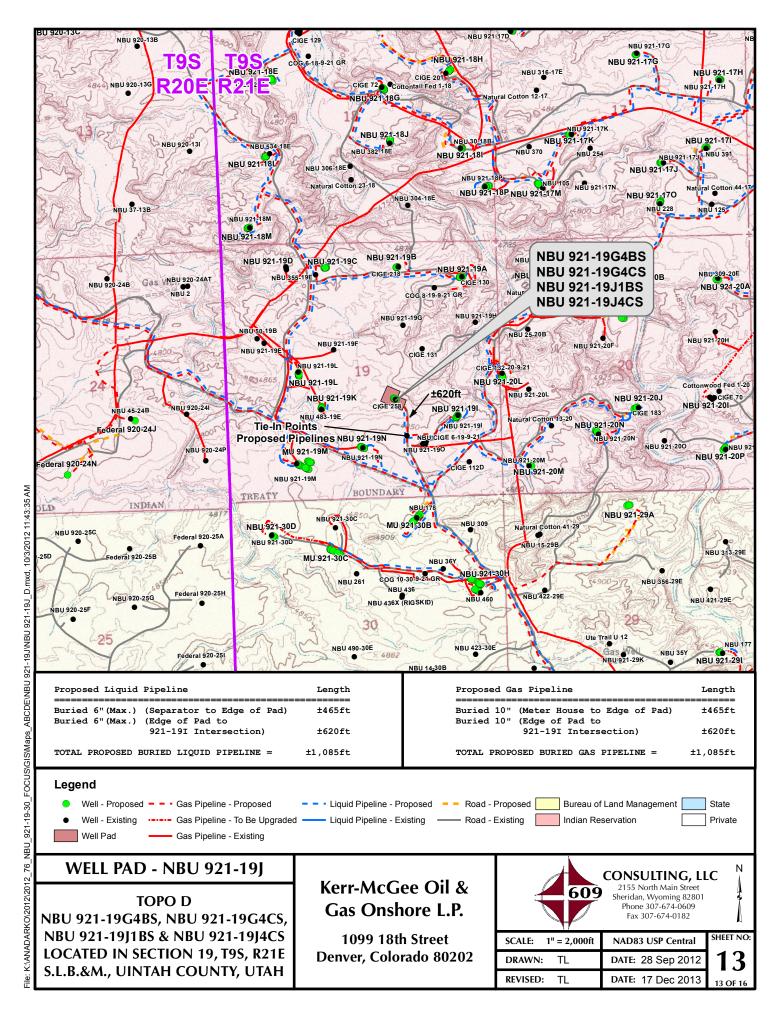
ENGINEERING & LAND SURVEYING, INC. 209 NORTH 300 WEST - VERNAL, UTAH 84078

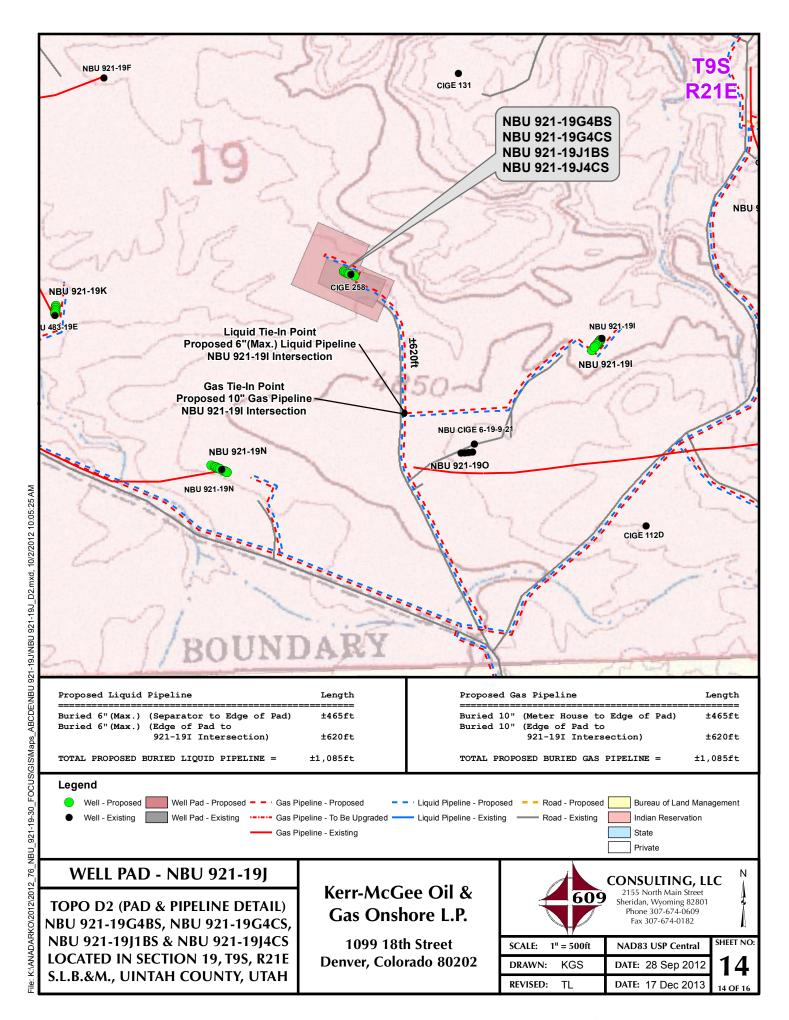
DATE PHOTOS TAKEN: SHEET NO: PHOTOS TAKEN BY: A.F. 9-5-12 DATE DRAWN: DRAWN BY: C.T.C. 9-18-12 Date Last Revised: 12-09-13 M.W.W.

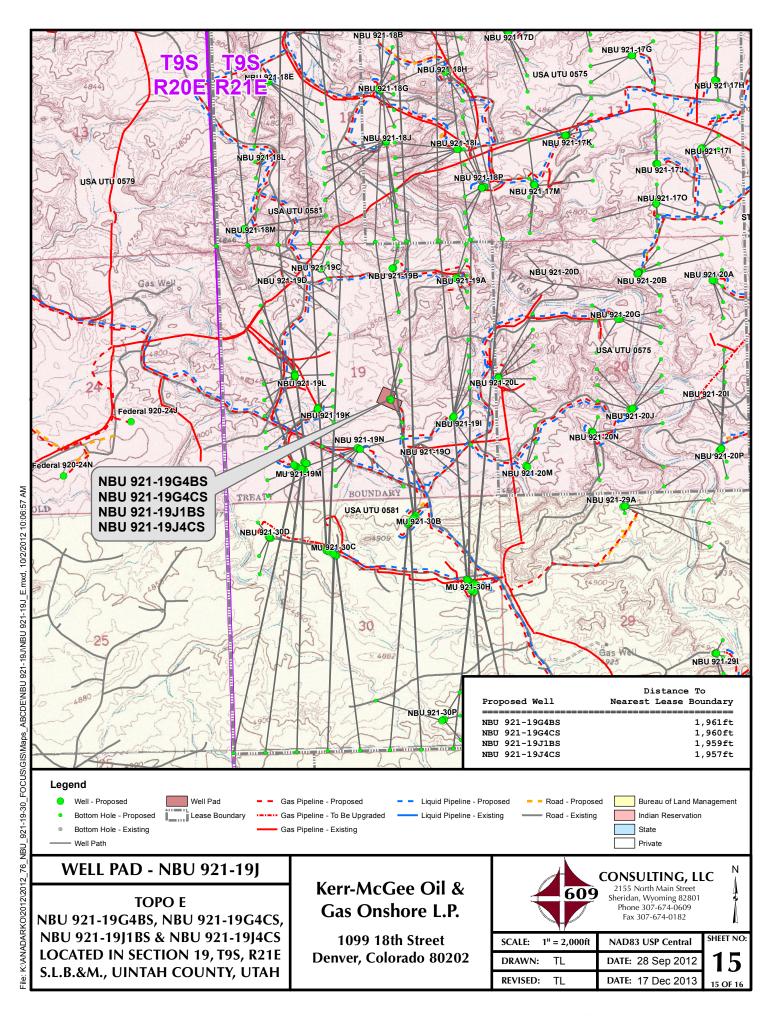












## Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP WELL PAD - NBU 921-19J WELLS – NBU 921-19G4BS, NBU 921-19G4CS, NBU 921-19J1BS & NBU 921-19J4CS Section 19, T9S, R21E, S.L.B.&M.

From the intersection of U.S. Highway 40 and 500 East Street in Vernal, Utah, proceed in an easterly, then southerly direction along U.S. Highway 40 approximately 3.3 miles to the junction of State Highway 45. Exit right and proceed in a southerly direction along State Highway 45 approximately 20.2 miles to the junction of the Glen Bench Road (County B Road 3260). Exit right and proceed in a southwesterly direction along the Glen Bench Road approximately 17.7 miles to a Class D County Road to the southwest. Exit right and proceed in a southwesterly direction along the Class D County Road approximately 3.9 miles to a second Class D County Road to the northwest. Exit right and proceed in a northwesterly direction along the second Class D County Road approximately 1.2 miles to the intersection of a Tribal Road. Continue in a northerly direction along the Tribal Road approximately 0.2 miles to a service road to the north. Continue along the service road in a northerly direction approximately 0.2 miles to the proposed well location.

Total distance from Vernal, Utah to the proposed well location is approximately 46.7 miles in a southerly direction.

**SHEET 16 OF 16** 



True Vertical Depth (1500 ft/in)

7500

8250

12000

-750

MESAVERDE

**PBHL\_NBU 921-19J4CS** 

Vertical Section at 155.41° (1500 ft/in)

1500

2250

750

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19J PAD Well: NBU 921-19J4CS

Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

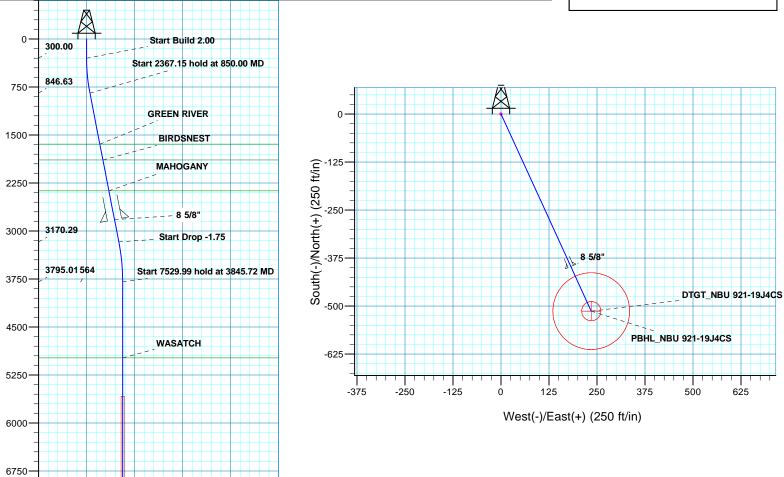


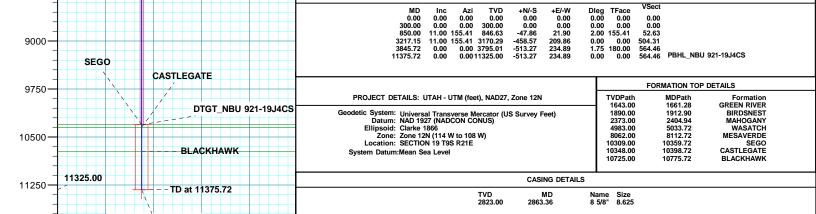


Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.4snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 2013/11/12 Model: BGGM2013







SECTION DETAILS

Plan: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY (NBU 921-19J4CS/OH)

Received. July 09,432014 2014



## **US ROCKIES REGION PLANNING**

UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N NBU 921-19J PAD NBU 921-19J4CS

OH

Plan: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

## **Standard Planning Report**

13 November, 2013







Database: EDM5000-RobertS-Local

Company: US ROCKIES REGION PLANNING
Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

 Site:
 NBU 921-19J PAD

 Well:
 NBU 921-19J4CS

Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:

**Survey Calculation Method:** 

Well NBU 921-19J4CS

GL 4829 & KB 4 @ 4833.00ft (ASSUMED) GL 4829 & KB 4 @ 4833.00ft (ASSUMED)

True

Minimum Curvature

Project UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Map System: Universal Transverse Mercator (US Survey Feet)

Geo Datum: NAD 1927 (NADCON CONUS)

Map Zone: Zone 12N (114 W to 108 W)

Mean Sea Level

Site NBU 921-19J PAD, SECTION 19 T9S R21E

Northing: 14,536,395.66 usft Site Position: Latitude: 40.0198743 From: Lat/Long Easting: 2,034,581.87 usft Longitude: -109.5921768 **Position Uncertainty:** 0.00 ft Slot Radius: 13.200 in **Grid Convergence:** 0.91

System Datum:

Well NBU 921-19J4CS, 2026 FSL 2175 FEL

 Well Position
 +N/-S
 -12.75 ft
 Northing:
 14,536,383.34 usft
 Latitude:
 40.0198393

 +E/-W
 27.16 ft
 Easting:
 2,034,609.23 usft
 Longitude:
 -109.5920798

Position Uncertainty 0.00 ft Wellhead Elevation: 0.00 ft Ground Level: 4,829.00 ft

Wellbore ОН Magnetics **Model Name** Sample Date Declination **Dip Angle** Field Strength (nT) (°) (°) BGGM2013 2013/11/12 10.89 65.79 52,006

Design	PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY				
Audit Notes:					
Version:	Phase:	PLAN	Tie On Depth:	0.00	
Vertical Section:	Depth From (TVD)	+N/-S	+E/-W	Direction	
	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(°)	
	0.00	0.00	0.00	155.41	

Plan Sections										
Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)	TFO (°)	Target
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
300.00	0.00	0.00	300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
850.00	11.00	155.41	846.63	-47.86	21.90	2.00	2.00	0.00	155.41	
3,217.15	11.00	155.41	3,170.29	-458.57	209.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
3,845.72	0.00	0.00	3,795.01	-513.27	234.89	1.75	-1.75	0.00	180.00	
11,375.72	0.00	0.00	11,325.00	-513.27	234.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PBHL_NBU 921-19J4





Database: EDM5000-RobertS-Local Company: US ROCKIES REGION P

US ROCKIES REGION PLANNING UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NA Site: NBU 921-19J PAD

Well: NBU 921-19J4CS Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:

**Survey Calculation Method:** 

Well NBU 921-19J4CS

GL 4829 & KB 4 @ 4833.00ft (ASSUMED) GL 4829 & KB 4 @ 4833.00ft (ASSUMED)

True

nned Survey									
Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Vertical Section (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.00 200.00		0.00 0.00	100.00 200.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
300.00		0.00	300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start Build		0.00	000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
400.00		155.41	399.98	-1.59	0.73	1.75	2.00	2.00	0.00
500.00	4.00	155.41	499.84	-6.35	2.90	6.98	2.00	2.00	0.00
600.00		155.41	599.45	-14.27	6.53	15.69	2.00	2.00	0.00
700.00	8.00	155.41	698.70	-25.35	11.60	27.88	2.00	2.00	0.00
800.00		155.41	797.47	-39.58	18.11	43.52	2.00	2.00	0.00
850.00		155.41	846.63	-47.86	21.90	52.63	2.00	2.00	0.00
Start 2367	.15 hold at 850.00	MD							
900.00		155.41	895.71	-56.54	25.87	62.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,000.00		155.41	993.87	-73.89	33.81	81.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,100.00 1,200.00		155.41 155.41	1,092.03 1,190.20	-91.24 -108.59	41.75 49.69	100.34 119.42	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
1,300.00		155.41	1,288.36	-125.94	57.63	138.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,400.00		155.41	1,386.52	-143.29	65.57	157.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,500.00		155.41	1,484.69	-143.29	73.51	176.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,600.00		155.41	1,582.85	-177.99	81.45	195.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,661.28	11.00	155.41	1,643.00	-188.62	86.32	207.43	0.00	0.00	0.00
GREEN RI	VER								
1,700.00	11.00	155.41	1,681.01	-195.34	89.39	214.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,800.00	11.00	155.41	1,779.17	-212.69	97.33	233.90	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,900.00		155.41	1,877.34	-230.04	105.27	252.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,912.90		155.41	1,890.00	-232.28	106.30	255.45	0.00	0.00	0.00
BIRDSNES		155.11	4.075.50	0.47.00	440.00	070.00	0.00	0.00	2.22
2,000.00 2,100.00		155.41 155.41	1,975.50 2,073.66	-247.39 -264.74	113.22 121.16	272.06 291.15	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
2,200.00		155.41 155.41	2,171.82 2,269.99	-282.09 -299.44	129.10 137.04	310.23 329.31	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
2,300.00 2,400.00		155.41	2,269.99	-299.44 -316.79	137.04	348.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,404.94		155.41	2,373.00	-317.65	145.37	349.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
MAHOGAI	NY								
2,500.00	11.00	155.41	2,466.31	-334.14	152.92	367.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,600.00	11.00	155.41	2,564.48	-351.49	160.86	386.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,700.00		155.41	2,662.64	-368.84	168.80	405.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,800.00		155.41	2,760.80	-386.19	176.74	424.71	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,863.36	3 11.00	155.41	2,823.00	-397.19	181.77	436.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
8 5/8"	11.00	155 44	2 050 06	402 E4	104.60	442.70	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,900.00		155.41	2,858.96	-403.54	184.68	443.79	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.00		155.41	2,957.13	-420.89	192.62	462.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,100.00 3,200.00		155.41 155.41	3,055.29 3,153.45	-438.24 -455.59	200.56 208.50	481.95 501.04	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
3,217.15		155.41	3,170.29	-458.57	209.86	504.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start Drop			1, 101_3						
3,300.00		155.41	3,251.81	-472.01	216.01	519.09	1.75	-1.75	0.00
3,400.00	7.80	155.41	3,350.66	-485.72	222.29	534.17	1.75	-1.75	0.00
3,500.00		155.41	3,449.92	-496.68	227.30	546.23	1.75	-1.75	0.00
3,600.00		155.41	3,549.51	-504.89	231.06	555.25	1.75	-1.75	0.00
3,700.00		155.41	3,649.33	-510.32	233.54	561.22	1.75	-1.75	0.00
3,800.00	0.80	155.41	3,749.28	-512.98	234.76	564.14	1.75	-1.75	0.00
3,845.72	0.00	0.00	3,795.01	-513.27	234.89	564.46	1.75	-1.75	0.00





Database: EDM5000-RobertS-Local

Company: US ROCKIES REGION PLANNING

 Project:
 UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

 Site:
 NBU 921-19J PAD

Well: NBU 921-19J4CS Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:

**Survey Calculation Method:** 

Well NBU 921-19J4CS

GL 4829 & KB 4 @ 4833.00ft (ASSUMED) GL 4829 & KB 4 @ 4833.00ft (ASSUMED)

True

nned Survey									
Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Vertical Section (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
Start 7529.9	9 hold at 3845.72	2 MD							
3,900.00	0.00	0.00	3,849.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.00	0.00	0.00	3,949.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,100.00	0.00	0.00	4,049.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,200.00	0.00	0.00	4,149.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
,									
4,300.00	0.00	0.00	4,249.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.00	0.00	0.00	4,349.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,500.00	0.00	0.00	4,449.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,600.00	0.00	0.00	4,549.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,700.00	0.00	0.00	4,649.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.00	0.00	0.00	4,749.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00		,				0.00	0.00	
4,900.00		0.00	4,849.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46			0.00
5,000.00	0.00	0.00	4,949.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,033.72	0.00	0.00	4,983.00	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
WASATCH									
5,100.00	0.00	0.00	5,049.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,200.00	0.00	0.00	5,149.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,300.00	0.00	0.00	5,249.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,400.00	0.00	0.00	5,349.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,500.00	0.00	0.00	5,449.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.00	0.00	0.00	5,549.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,700.00	0.00	0.00	5,649.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,800.00	0.00	0.00	5,749.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,900.00	0.00	0.00	5,849.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,000.00	0.00	0.00	5,949.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,100.00	0.00	0.00	6,049.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,200.00	0.00	0.00	6,149.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,300.00	0.00	0.00	6,249.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,400.00	0.00	0.00	6,349.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,500.00	0.00	0.00	6,449.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00						0.00	0.00
6,600.00	0.00	0.00	6,549.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,700.00	0.00	0.00	6,649.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,800.00	0.00	0.00	6,749.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,900.00	0.00	0.00	6,849.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,000.00	0.00	0.00	6,949.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,100.00	0.00	0.00	7,049.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,200.00	0.00	0.00	7,149.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,300.00	0.00	0.00	7,249.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,400.00	0.00	0.00	7,349.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,500.00	0.00	0.00	7,449.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,600.00	0.00	0.00	7,549.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,700.00	0.00	0.00	7,649.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,800.00	0.00	0.00	7,749.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,900.00	0.00	0.00	7,849.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,000.00	0.00	0.00	7,949.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,100.00	0.00	0.00	8,049.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
,									
8,112.72	0.00	0.00	8,062.00	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
MESAVERD			0.4:5.55	=	00.00	<b></b>			
8,200.00	0.00	0.00	8,149.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,300.00	0.00	0.00	8,249.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,400.00	0.00	0.00	8,349.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,500.00	0.00	0.00	8,449.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,600.00	0.00	0.00	8,549.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00





Database: EDM5000-RobertS-Local

Company: US ROCKIES REGION PLANNING
Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

 Site:
 NBU 921-19J PAD

 Well:
 NBU 921-19J4CS

Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:

**Survey Calculation Method:** 

Well NBU 921-19J4CS

GL 4829 & KB 4 @ 4833.00ft (ASSUMED) GL 4829 & KB 4 @ 4833.00ft (ASSUMED)

True

ation Azimuth	Depth		. = / \A/	Vertical	Dogleg	Build	Turn
	(ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Section (ft)	Rate (°/100ft)	Rate (°/100ft)	Rate (°/100ft)
0.00 0.00	0 8,649.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00	0 8,749.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00		-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.0		-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00	0 9,049.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.0		-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00		-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00		-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.0	0 9,449.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00	0 9,549.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00	0 9,649.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00	0 9,749.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.0	0 9,849.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.0	0 9,949.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00	0 10.049.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00	0 10,149.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00	,	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00	0 10,309.00	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
921-19J4CS							
0.00 0.00	0 10,348.00	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00	0 10,349.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.0	0 10,449.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.0	0 10,549.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.0	0 10,649.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00	0 10,725.00	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00	0 10,749.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.0	0 10,849.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00		-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00	0 11,049.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
	,	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0 11,249.28	-513.27	234.89	564.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00 0.00						0.00	0.00
0	.00 0.00 .00 0.00	.00 0.00 11,049.28 .00 0.00 11,149.28 .00 0.00 11,249.28	.00 0.00 11,049.28 -513.27 .00 0.00 11,149.28 -513.27 .00 0.00 11,249.28 -513.27	.00     0.00     11,049.28     -513.27     234.89       .00     0.00     11,149.28     -513.27     234.89       .00     0.00     11,249.28     -513.27     234.89	.00     0.00     11,049.28     -513.27     234.89     564.46       .00     0.00     11,149.28     -513.27     234.89     564.46       .00     0.00     11,249.28     -513.27     234.89     564.46	.00 0.00 11,049.28 -513.27 234.89 564.46 0.00 .00 0.00 11,149.28 -513.27 234.89 564.46 0.00	.00     0.00     11,049.28     -513.27     234.89     564.46     0.00     0.00       .00     0.00     11,149.28     -513.27     234.89     564.46     0.00     0.00       .00     0.00     11,249.28     -513.27     234.89     564.46     0.00     0.00

Design Targets									
Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
DTGT_NBU 921-19J4Ct - plan hits target cen - Circle (radius 25.00		0.00	10,309.00	-513.27	234.89	14,535,873.85	2,034,852.20	40.0184300	-109.5912410
PBHL_NBU 921-19J4C\$ - plan hits target cen - Circle (radius 100.0		0.00	11,325.00	-513.27	234.89	14,535,873.85	2,034,852.20	40.0184300	-109.5912410





Database: EDM5000-RobertS-Local

Company: US ROCKIES REGION PLANNING
Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

 Site:
 NBU 921-19J PAD

 Well:
 NBU 921-19J4CS

Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:

**Survey Calculation Method:** 

Well NBU 921-19J4CS

GL 4829 & KB 4 @ 4833.00ft (ASSUMED) GL 4829 & KB 4 @ 4833.00ft (ASSUMED)

True

Casing Points					
	Measured	Vertical		Casing	Hole
	Depth	Depth		Diameter [	Diameter
	(ft)	(ft)	Name	(in)	(in)
	2,863.36	2,823.00 8 5/8"		8.625	11.000

Formations							
	Measured Depth (ft)	Vertical Depth (ft)	Name	Lithology	Dip (°)	Dip Direction (°)	
	1,661.28	1,643.00	GREEN RIVER				
	1,912.90	1,890.00	BIRDSNEST				
	2,404.94	2,373.00	MAHOGANY				
	5,033.72	4,983.00	WASATCH				
	8,112.72	8,062.00	MESAVERDE				
	10,359.72	10,309.00	SEGO				
	10,398.72	10,348.00	CASTLEGATE				
	10,775.72	10,725.00	BLACKHAWK				

Plan Annotations				
Measured	Vertical	Local Coor	dinates	
Depth	Depth	+N/-S	+E/-W	
(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	Comment
300.00	300.00	0.00	0.00	Start Build 2.00
850.00	846.63	-47.86	21.90	Start 2367.15 hold at 850.00 MD
3,217.15	3,170.29	-458.57	209.86	Start Drop -1.75
3,845.72	3,795.01	-513.27	234.89	Start 7529.99 hold at 3845.72 MD
11,375.72	11,325.00	-513.27	234.89	TD at 11375.72

Surface Use Plan of Operations 1 of 11

### Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore. L.P.

### NBU 921-19J Pad

<u>API #</u>		NBU 921-19G4BS		
	Surface:	2039 FSL / 2202 FEL	NWSE	Lot
	BHL:	2243 FNL / 1961 FEL	NENE	Lot
API#		NBU 921-19G4CS		
	Surface:	2034 FSL / 2193 FEL	NWSE	Lot
	BHL:	2575 FNL / 1960 FEL	NENE	Lot
<u>API #</u>		NBU 921-19J1BS	_	
	Surface:	2030 FSL / 2184 FEL	NWSE	Lot
	BHL:	2411 FSL / 1959 FEL	NENE	Lot
<u>API #</u>		NBU 921-19J4CS	_	
	Surface:	2026 FSL / 2175 FEL	NWSE	Lot
	BHL:	1557 FSL / 1957 FEL	NENE	Lot

This Surface Use Plan of Operations (SUPO) or 13-point plan provides site-specific information for the above-referenced wells.

In accordance with Utah Oil & Gas Conservation Rule R649-3-11 pertaining to Directional Drilling, these wells will be directionally drilled. Refer to Topo Map A for directions to the location and Topo Maps A and B for location of access roads within a 2-mile radius.

An on-site meeting was held on October 24, 2012. Present were:

- · Tyler Cox BLM;
- Antonio Pingree BIA;
- · Brad Pinecoose Ute Indian Tribe;
- Amy Ackman Montgomery Archeological Consultants Inc.;
- · Scott Carson Smiling Lake Consulting;
- · Mitch Batty Timberline Engineering & Land Surveying, Inc.;
- · Danielle Piernot, Raleen White, Cara Mahler, Justin Brady, Doyle Holmes, Rod Anderson, Charles Chase Kerr-McGee
- · Nick Hall Grasslands Consulting, Inc.
- Justin Strauss SWCA Environmental Consultants

### A. Existing Roads:

Existing roads consist of county and improved/unimproved access roads (two-tracks). In accordance with Onshore Order #1, Kerr-McGee will, in accordance with BMPs, improve or maintain existing roads in a condition

that is the same as or better than before operations began. New or reconstructed proposed access roads are discussed in Section B.

The existing roads will be maintained in a safe and usable condition. Maintenance for existing roads will continue until final abandonment and reclamation of well pads and/or other facilities, as applicable. Road maintenance will include, but is not limited to, blading, ditching, and/or culvert installation and cleanout. To ensure safe operating conditions, gravel surfacing will be performed where excessive rutting or erosion may occur. Dust control will be performed as necessary to ensure safe operating conditions.

Roads, gathering lines and electrical distribution lines will occupy common disturbance corridors where possible. Where available, roadways will be used as the staging area and working space for installation of gathering lines. All disturbances located in the same corridor will overlap each other to the maximum extent possible, while maintaining safe and sound construction and installation practices. Unless otherwise approved or requested in site specific documents, in no case will the maximum disturbance widths of the access road and utility corridors exceed the widths specified in Part D of this document.

Please refer to Topo B, for existing roads.

#### B. New or Reconstructed Access Roads:

All new or reconstructed roads will be located, designed, and maintained to meet the standards of the BIA.

Each new well pad or pad expansion may require construction of a new access road and/or de-commissioning of an older road. Plans, routes, and distances for new roads and road improvements are provided in design packages, exhibits and maps for a project. Project-specific maps are submitted to depict the locations of existing, proposed, and/or decommissioned and include the locations for supporting structures, including, but not limited to, culverts, bridges, low water crossings, range infrastructure, and haul routes, as per OSO 1. Designs for cuts and fills, including spoils source and storage areas, are provided with the road designs, as necessary.

Where safety objectives can be met. Kerr-McGee may use unimproved and/or two-track roads for lease operations, to lessen total disturbance.

Road designs will be based on the road safety requirements, traffic characteristics, environmental conditions, and the vehicles the road is intended to carry. Generally, newly constructed unpaved lease roads will be crowned and ditched with the running surfaces of the roads approximately 12-18 feet wide and a total road corridor width not to exceed 45 feet, except where noted in the road design for a specific project. Maximum grade will generally not exceed 8%. Borrow ditches will be back sloped 3:1 or less. Construction BMPs will be employed to control onsite and offsite erosion.

Where topography would direct storm water runoff to an access road or well pad, drainage ditches or other common drainage control facilities maybe constructed to divert surface water runoff. Drainage features, including culverts, may constructed or installed prior to commencing other operations, including drilling or facilities placement. Riprap will be placed at the inlet and outlet at the culvert(s), as necessary.

Prior to construction, new access road(s) will be staked according to the requirements of OSO 1. Construction activity will not be conducted using frozen or saturated materials or during periods when significant watershed damage

(e.g. rutting, extensive sheet soil erosion, formation of rills/gullies, etc.) is likely to occur. Vegetative debris will not be placed in or under fill embankments.

New road maintenance will include, but is not limited to, blading, ditching, culvert installation and cleanout, gravel surfacing where excessive rutting or erosion may occur and dust control, as necessary to ensure safe operating conditions. All vehicular traffic, personnel movement, construction/restoration operations will be confined to the approved area and to existing roadways and/or access routes.

Snow removal will be conducted on an as-needed basis to accommodate safe travel. Snow removal will occur as necessary throughout the year, as will necessary drainage ditch construction. Removed snow may be stored on permitted well pads to reduce hauling distances and/or at the aerial extent of approved disturbance boundaries to facilitate snow removal for the remainder of the season.

If a county road crossing or encroachment permit is needed, it will be obtained prior to construction.

The following segments will require a ROW to be submitted under a different cover to the Ute Indian Tribe.

There is no new road proposed.

### C. Location of Existing Wells:

A) Refer to Topo C.

### D. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Facilities:

This pad will expand the existing pad for the CIGE 258, which is a Producing gas well according to Utah Division of Oil, Gas and Mining (UDOGM) records on December 4, 2013. Gathering (pipeline) infrastructure will be utilized to collect and transport gas and fluids from the wells which are owned and operated by Kerr McGee Oil and Gas Onshore LP (Kerr-McGee).

Should the well(s) prove productive, production facilities will be installed on the disturbed portion of each well pad. A berm will be constructed completely around production components (typically excluding dehy's and/or separators) that contain fluids (i.e. production tanks, produced liquids tanks). The berms will generally be constructed of to hold the capacity of the largest tank and have sufficient freeboard to accommodate a 25 year rainfall event. Aboveground structures constructed or installed onsite for 6 months or longer, will be painted a flat,non-reflective, earth-tone color chosen at the onsite (typically Shadow Gray). A production facility layout is provided as part of a project-specific APD, ROW or NOS submission.

### **GAS GATHERING**

Please refer to Topo D2- Pad and Pipeline Detail.

The gas gathering pipeline material: Steel line pipe. Surface = Bare pipe. Buried = Coated with fusion bonded epoxy coating (or equivalent). The total gas gathering pipeline distance from the meter to the tie in point is  $\pm 1100^{\circ}$  and the individual segments are broken up as follows:

The following segments will require a ROW to be submitted under a different cover to the Ute Indian Tribe.

±1100' (.20) – Section 19 T9S R21E– On-lease UTU 0581, Ute Indian Tribe Surface, New 10" buried gas gathering pipeline from the meter to the NBU 921-19I intersection. Please refer to Topo D2- Pad and Pipeline detail.

### LIQUID GATHERING

Please refer to Topo D2- Pad and Pipeline Detail.

The total liquid gathering pipeline distance from the separator to the tie in point is  $\pm 1100$ ' and the individual segments are broken up as follows:

The following segments will require a ROW to be submitted under a different cover to the Ute Indian Tribe.

 $\pm 1100^{\circ}$  (.20) – Section 19 T9S R21E– On-lease UTU 0581, Ute Indian Tribe Surface, New 6" buried liquid gathering pipeline from the meter to the NBU 921-19I intersection. Please refer to Topo D2- Pad and Pipeline detail.

#### **Pipeline Gathering Construction**

Gathering (pipeline) infrastructure will be utilized to collect and transport gas and fluids from the wells which are owned and operated by Kerr McGee. Gas gathering pipeline(s,) gas lift, or liquids pipelines may be constructed to lie on the surface or be buried. Where the pipeline is adjacent to the road or well pad, the road and/or well pad will be utilized for construction activities and staging. The area of disturbance during construction from the edge of road or well pad will typically be 30' in width. Where pipelines run cross country, the width of disturbance will typically be 45 ft for buried lines and 30 ft for surface lines. In addition, Kerr-McGee requests for a permanent 30' disturbance width that will be maintained for the portion adjacent to the road. The need for the 30' permanent disturbance width also are required to be 30ft.

Above-ground installation will generally not require clearing of vegetation or blading of the surface, except where safety considerations necessitate earthwork. In some surface pipeline installation instances pipe cannot be constructed where it will lay. In these cases where an above-ground pipeline is constructed parallel and adjacent to a road, it will be welded/fused on the road and then lifted from the road to the pipeline route. In other cases where a pipeline route is not parallel and adjacent to a road (cross-country between sites), it will be welded/fused in place at a well pad, access road, or designated work area and pulled between connection locations with a suitable piece of equipment.

Buried pipelines will generally be installed parallel and adjacent to existing and/or newly constructed roads and within the permitted disturbance corridor. Buried pipelines may vary from 2 inches (typically fuel gas lines) to 24 inches (typically transportation lines) in diameter, but 6 to 16 inches is typical for a buried gas line. The diameter of liquids pipelines may vary from 2 inches to 12 inches, but 6 inches is the typical diameter. Gas lift lines may vary from 2 to 12 inches in diameter, but 6-inch diameter pipes are generally used for gas lift. If two or more pipelines are present (gas gathering, gas lift, and fluids), they will share a common trench where possible.

When installing a buried pipeline, typically topsoil will be removed, windrowed and placed on the non-working side of the route I later reclamation. Because working room is limited, the spoil may be spread out across the working side and construction will take place on the spoil. The working side of the corridor will be used for pipe stringing, bending, welding and equipment travel. Small areas on the working side displaying ruts or uneven ground will be groomed to facilitate the safe passage of equipment. After the pipelines are installed, spoil will be placed back into the trench, and the topsoil will be redistributed over the disturbed corridor prior to final reclamation. Typical depth of the trench will be 6 feet, but depths may vary according to site-specific conditions (presence of bedrock, etc.). The proposed trench width for the pipeline would range from 18-48 inches.

The pipeline will be welded along the proposed route and lowered into place. Trenching equipment will cut through the soil or into the bedrock and create good backfill, eliminating the need to remove large rocks. The proposed buried pipeline will be visually and radiographically inspected and the entire pipeline will be pneumatically or hydrostatically tested before being placed into service. Routine vehicle traffic will be prevented from using pipeline routes as travel ways by posting signs at the route's intersection with an access road.

The liquid gathering lines will be made of polyethylene or a composite polyethylene/steel or polyethylene/fiberglass that is not subject to internal or external pipe corrosion. The content of the produced fluids to be transferred by the liquid gathering system will be approximately 92% produced water and 8% condensate. Trunk line valve connections for the water gathering system will be below ground but accessible from the surface in order to prevent freezing during winter time.

If pipelines or roads encounter a drainage that could be subject to flooding or surface water during extreme precipitation events, Kerr-McGee will apply all applicable Army Corps mandates as well as the BLM's Hydraulic Considerations for Pipeline Crossings of Stream Channels (BLM Technical Note 423, April 2007). In addition, all stream and drainage crossings will be evaluated to determine the need for stream alteration permits from the State of Utah Division of Water Rights and if necessary, required permits will be secured. Similarly, where a road or pipeline crossing exists the pipe will be butt welded and buried to a depth between 24 and 48 inches or more. Dirt roads will be cut and restored to a condition equivalent to the existing condition. All Uintah County road encroachment and crossing permits, where applicable, will be obtained prior to crossing construction. In no case will pressure testing of pipelines result in discharge of liquids to the surface

Pipeline signs will be installed along the route to indicate the pipeline proximity, ownership, and to provide emergency contact phone numbers. Above ground valves and lateral T's will be installed at various locations for production integrity and safety purposes.

Upon completion of the proposed buried pipeline, the entire area of disturbance will be reclaimed to the standards proposed in the Green River District Reclamation Guidelines. Please refer to section J for more details regarding final reclamation. When no longer deemed necessary by the operator, Kerr-McGee or it's successor will consult with the Vernal BIA Office before terminating of the use of the pipeline(s).

### The Anadarko Completions Transportation System (ACTS) information:

Kerr-McGee will use either a closed loop drilling system that will require one pit and one storage area to be constructed on the drilling pad or a traditional drilling operation with one pit. The storage area will be used to contain only the de-watered drill cuttings and will be lined and reclaimed according to traditional pit closure standards. The pit will be constructed to

allow for completion operations. The completion operations pit is lined and will be used for the wells drilled on the pad or used as part of our Anadarko Completions Transportation (ACTS) system which is discussed in more detail below. Using the closed loop drilling system will allow Kerr-McGee to decrease the amount of disturbance/footprint on location compared to a single large drilling/completion pit.

If Kerr-McGee does not use a closed loop system, it will construct a drilling reserve pit to contain drill cuttings and for use in completion operations. Depending on the location of the pit, its relation to future drilling locations, the reserve/completion pit will be utilized for the completion of the wells on that pad and/or be used as part of our ACTS system.

Kerr-McGee will use ACTS to optimize the completion processes for multiple pads across the project area which may include up to a section of development. ACTS will facilitate management of frac fluids by utilizing existing reserve pits and temporary, surface-laid aluminum liquids transfer lines between frac locations. The pit will be refurbished as follows when a traditional drill pit is used: mix and pile up drill cuttings with dry dirt, bury the original liner in the pit, walk bottom of pit with cat. Kerr-McGee will reline the pit with a 30 mil liner and double felt padding. A refurbished or newly constructed pit wi or smaller as specified in the originally approved ROW/APD. The pit refurb will be done in a normal procedure and there will be no modification to the pit.

All four sides of the completions pit will be fenced in according to standard pit fencing procedures. Netting will be installed over all pits.

Any hydrocarbons collected will be treated and sold at approved sales facilities. A loading/unloading rack with will also be installed where water trucks would unload and load to prevent damage caused from pulling hoses in and out of the pit.

ACTS will require temporarily laying multiple 6" aluminum water transfer lines on the surface between either existing or refurbished reserve pits. The temporary aluminum transfer lines will be utilized to transport frac fluid being injected and/or recovered during the completion process and will be laid adjacent to existing access roads or pipeline corridors. Upon completion of the frac operation, the liquids transfer lines will be flushed with fresh water and purged with compressed air. The contents of the transfer lines will be flushed into a water truck for delivery to another ACTS location or a reserve pit.

The temporary ACTS lines will be permitted under a separate cover to the Ute Indian Tribe.

The volume of frac fluid transported through a water transfer line will vary, but volume is projected to be approximately 1.75 bbls per 50-foot joint. Although the maximum working pressure is 125 psig, the liquids transfer lines will be operated at a pressure of approximately 30 to 40 psig. Kerr-McGee requests to keep the netted pit open for one year from first production of the first produced well on the pad. During this time the surrounding well location completion fluids may be recycled in this pit and utilized for other frac jobs in the area. After one year Kerr-McGee will backfill the pit and reclaim. If the pit is not needed for an entire year it will be backfilled and reclaimed earlier. Kerr-McGee understands that due to the temporary nature of this system, BIA considers this a casual use situation; therefore, no permanent ROW or temporary use plan will need to be issued by the BIA.

### E. Location and Types of Water Supply:

Water for drilling and completion operations will be obtained from the following sources:

JD Field Services:

Green River: 1087' FSL & 1020' FEL, Sec. 15 – T2N – R22E

RN Industries:

High Pressure: 705' FNL & 675' FWL, Sec. 1 – T6S – R22E

1057' FNL & 390' FWL, Sec. 1 – T6S – R22E 1239' FNL & 52' FEL, Sec. 6 – T6S – R23E

White River: 501' FNL & 1676' FEL, Sec. 9 – T8S – R20E

471' FNL & 1676' FEL, Sec. 9 – T8S – R20E 900' FNL & 550' FEL, Sec. 35 – T9S – R22E 200' FNL & 950' FEL, Sec. 2 – T10S – R22E 275' FSL & 2275' FEL, Sec. 2 – T10S – R22E 122' FSL & 1350' FEL, Sec. 11 – T10S – R22E 1670' FSL & 500' FEL, Sec. 12 – T10S – R22E 959' FNL & 705' FEL, Sec. 13 – T10S – R22E 600' FSL & 900' FEL, Sec. 13 – T10S – R22E

Water Plant: 481' FNL & 2176' FEL, Sec. 9 – T8S – R20E 471' FNL & 2176' FEL, Sec. 9 – T8S – R20E

471 THE & 2170 TEE, Sec. 9 = 105 = R20E

Frog Pond: 4820' FNL & 1200' FWL, Sec. 33 – T8S – R20E

4850' FNL & 700' FWL, Sec. 33 - T8S - R20E

Blue Tanks: 200' FNL & 405' FEL, Sec. 32 – T4S – R3E

Water will be hauled to location over the roads marked on Maps A and B.

No water well is to be drilled on this lease.

### F. Construction Materials:

Construction operations will typically be completed with native materials found on location. Construction materials that must be imported to the site (mineral material aggregate, soils or materials suitable for fill/surfacing) will be obtained from a nearby permitted source (described in site-specific documents). No construction materials will be removed from Tribal lands without prior approval from the BIA. A source location other than an on-location construction site will be designated either via a map or narrative within the project specific materials provided to the BIA.

### G. Methods for Handling Waste:

All wastes subject to regulation will be handled in compliance with applicable laws to minimize the potential for leaks or spills to the environment. Kerr-McGee also maintains a Spill Control and Countermeasure Plan, which includes notification requirements, including the BIA, for all reportable spills of oil, produced liquids, and hazardous materials.

Any accidental release, such as a leak or spill in excess of the reportable quantity, as established by 40 CFR Part 117.3, will be reported as per the requirements of CERCLA, Section 102 B. If a release involves petroleum hydrocarbons or produced liquids, Kerr-McGee will comply with the notification requirements of NTL-3A. Drill cuttings and/or drilling fluids will be contained in the reserve/frac pit whether a closed loop system is used or not. Cuttings will be buried in pit(s) upon closure. Unless specifically approved by the BIA, no oil or other oil-based drilling additives, chromium/metals-based, or saline muds will be used during drilling. Only fresh water (as specified above), biodegradable polymer soap, bentonite clay, and/or non-toxic additives will be used in the mud system.

Pits will be constructed to minimize the accumulation of surface precipitation runoff into the pit (via appropriate placement of subsoil storage areas and/or construction of berms, ditches, etc.). Should unexpected liquid petroleum hydrocarbons (crude oil or condensate) be encountered during drilling, completions or well testing, liquid petroleum hydrocarbons will either be contained in test tanks on the well site or evacuated by vacuum trucks and transported to an approved disposal/sales facility. Should petroleum hydrocarbons unexpectedly be released into a pit, they will be removed as soon as practical but in no case will they remain longer than 72 hours unless an alternate is approved by the BIA. Should timely removal not be feasible, the pit will be netted as soon as practical. Similarly, hydrocarbon removal will take place prior to the closure of the pit, unless authorization is provided for disposal via alternate pit closure methods (e.g. solidification).

The reserve and/or fracture stimulation pit will be lined with an impermeable liner. The liner will be a synthetic material 30 mil or thicker. The bottom and side walls of the pit will be void of any sharp rocks that could puncture the liner. The liner will be installed over smooth fill subgrade that is free of pockets, loose rocks, or other materials (i.e. sand, sifted dirt, bentonite, straw, etc.) that could damage the liner. After evaporation and when dry, the reserve pit liners will be cut off, ripped and/or folded back (as safety considerations allow) as near to the mud surface as possible and buried on location or hauled to a landfill prior to backfilling the pit with a minimum of five feet of soil material.

Where necessary and if conditions (freeboard, etc.) allow, produced liquids from newly completed wells may be temporarily disposed of into pits for a period not to exceed 90 days as per OSO 7.

Subsequently, permanent approved produced water disposal methods will be employed in accordance with OSO 7 and/or as described in a Water Management Plan (WMP). Otherwise, fluids disposal locations and associated haul routes, for ROW consideration, are typically depicted on Topo A of individual projects. Revisions to the water source or method of transportation will be subject to written approval from the BIA.

Any additional pits necessary for subsequent operations, such as temporary flare or workover pits, will be contained within the originally approved well pad and disturbance boundaries. Such temporary pits will be backfilled and reclaimed within 180 days of completion of work at a well location.

Pits containing drilling cuttings, mud, and/or completions fluids will be allowed to dry. Any free fluids remaining after one year from reaching total depth, date of completion, and/or determination of inactivity will be removed (as weather conditions allow) to an approved site and the pit reclaimed. Installation and operation of any sprinklers, pumps, and equipment will ensure that water spray or mist does not drift.

No garbage or non-exempt substances as defined by Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) subtitle C will be placed in the reserve pit. All refuse (trash and other solid waste including cans, paper, cable, etc.) generated during construction, drilling, completion, and well testing activities will be contained in an enclosed receptacle, removed from the drill locations promptly, and transported to an approved disposal facility. Immediately after removal of the drilling rig, all debris and other waste materials not contained within trash receptacles will be collected and removed from the well location.

For the protection of livestock and wildlife, all open pits (excluding flare pits) will be fenced to prevent wildlife or livestock entry.

Maximum distance between any 2 fence posts shall be no greater than 16 feet. Siphons, catchments, and absorbent pads will be installed to keep hydrocarbons produced by the drilling rig or other equipment on location from entering the reserve pit. Hydrocarbons, contaminated pads, and/or soils will be disposed of in accordance with state and federal requirements.

Portable, self-contained chemical toilets and/or sewage processing facilities will be provided for human waste disposal. Upon completion of operations, or as required, the toilet holding tanks will be pumped and the contents disposed of in an approved sewage disposal facility. All applicable regulations pertaining to disposal of human and solid waste will be observed.

### **Materials Management**

Hazardous materials above reportable quantities will not be produced by drilling or completing proposed wells or constructing the pipelines/facilities. The term "hazardous materials" as used here means: (1) any substance, pollutant, or containment listed as hazardous under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) of 1980, as amended 42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq., and the regulations issued under CERCLA; and (2) any hazardous waste as defined in RCRA of 1976, as amended. In addition, no extremely hazardous substance, as defined in 40 CFR 355, in threshold planning quantities, would be used, produced, stored, transported, or disposed of while producing any well.

Hazardous materials may be contained in some grease or lubricants, solvents, acids, paint, and herbicides, among others as defined above. Kerr-McGee maintains a file, per 29 CFR 1910.1200 (g) containing current Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all chemicals, compounds, and/or substances that are used during the course of construction, drilling, completion, and production operations for this project. The transport, use, storage and handling of hazardous materials will follow procedures specified by federal and state regulations. Transportation of hazardous materials to the well location is regulated by the Department of Transportation (DOT) under 49 CFR, Parts 171-180. DOT regulations pertain to the packing, container handling, labeling, vehicle placarding, and other safety aspects.

Potentially hazardous materials used in the development or operation of wells will be kept in limited quantities on well sites and at the production facilities for short periods of time. Chemicals meeting the criteria for being an acutely hazardous material/substance or meet the quantities criteria per BLM Instruction Memorandum No. 93-344 will not be used.

Chemicals subject to reporting under Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) in quantities of 10,000 pounds or more may be produced and/or stored at production facilities (crude oil/condensate, produced water). They may also be kept in limited quantities on drilling sites (barite, diesel fuel, cement, cottonseed hulls etc.) for short periods of time during drilling or completion activities.

Any produced water separated from recoverable condensate from the proposed well will be contained in a water tank and will then be transported by pipeline and/or truck to one of the pre-approved disposal sites:

RNI in Sec. 5 T9S R22E NBU #159 in Sec. 35 T9S R21E Ace Oilfield in Sec. 2 T6S R20E MC&MC in Sec. 12 T6S R19E Pipeline Facility in Sec. 36 T9S R20E

Goat Pasture Evaporation Pond in SW/4 Sec. 16 T10S R22E

Bonanza Evaporation Pond in Sec. 2 T10S R23E

Or to one of the following Kerr-McGee active Salt Water Disposal (SWD) wells:

NBU 159 SWD in Sec. 35 T9S R21E CIGE 112D SWD in Sec. 19 T9S R21E CIGE 114 SWD in Sec. 34 T9S R21E NBU 921-34K SWD in Sec. 34 T9S R21E NBU 921-33F SWD in Sec. 34 T9S R21E

### H. Ancillary Facilities:

No additional ancillary facilities are planned for this location.

### I. Well Site Layout:

The location, orientation and aerial extent of each drill pad, reserve/completion/flare pit (for closed loop or non-closed loop operations), access road ingress/egress points, drilling rig, dikes/ditches, existing wells/infrastructure, proposed cuts and fills, and topsoil and spoil material stockpile locations are depicted on the exhibits for each project, where applicable. Site-specific conditions may require slight deviation in actual equipment depending on whether a closed loop system is used. Surface distance may be less if using closed loop. But in either case, the area of disturbance will not exceed the maximum disturbance outlined in the attached exhibits.

Each well will utilize either a centralized tank battery, centralized fluids management system, or have tanks installed on its pad. Production/ Produced Liquid tanks will be constructed, maintained, and operated to prevent unauthorized surface or subsurface discharges of liquids and to prevent livestock or wildlife entry. The tanks will be kept reasonably free from surface accumulations of liquid hydrocarbons. The tanks are not to be used for disposal of liquids from additional sources without prior approval of BIA.

### J. Plans for Surface Reclamation:

The surface reclamation will be undertaken in two phases: interim and final. Interim reclamation is conducted following well completion and extends through the period of production. Interim reclamation is for the area of the well pad that is not required for production activities. Final reclamation is conducted following well plugging/conversion and/or facility abandonment processes.

Reclamation activities in both phases may include but is not limited to the re-contouring or re-configuration of topographic surfaces, restoration of drainage systems, segregation of spoils material, minimizing surface disturbance, re-evaluating backfill requirements, pit closure, topsoil redistribution, soil treatments, seeding and weed control.

### Interim Reclamation

Interim reclamation may include pit evaporation, fluid removal, pit solidification, re-contouring, ripping, spreading top soil, seeding, and/or weed control. Interim reclamation will be performed in accordance with OSO 1, or written notification will be provided to the BIA for approval. Where feasible, drilling locations, reserve pits, or access routes not utilized for production operations will be re-contoured to a natural appearance.

Interim re-contouring involves bringing all construction material from cuts and fills back onto the well pad and site and reestablishing the natural contours where desirable and practical. Fill and stockpiled spoils no longer necessary to the operation will be spread on the cut slopes and covered with stockpiled topsoil. All stockpiled top soils will be used for interim reclamation where practical to maintain soil viability. Where possible, the land surface will be left "rough" after re-contouring to ensure that the maximum surface area will be available to support the reestablishment of vegetative cover.

A reserve pit, upon being allowed to dry, will be backfilled and compacted with cover materials that are void of any topsoil, vegetation, large stones, rocks or foreign objects. Soils that are moisture laden, saturated, or partially/completely frozen will not be used for backfill or cover. The pit area will be mounded to allow for settling and to promote positive surface drainage away from the pit. Disposal of pit fluids and linings is discussed in Section G.

### **Final Reclamation**

Final reclamation will be performed for unproductive wells and after the end of the life of a productive well. As soon as practical after the conclusion of drilling and testing operations, unproductive drill holes will be plugged and abandoned (P&A). Site and road reclamation will commence following plugging. In no case will reclamation at non-producing locations be initiated later than six (6) months from the date a well is plugged. A joint inspection of the disturbed area to be reclaimed may be requested by Kerr-McGee. The primary purpose of this inspection will be to review the existing conditions, or agree upon a revised final reclamation and abandonment plan. The BIA will be notified prior to commencement of reclamation operations. A Notice of Intent to Abandon will be filed for final recommendations regarding surface reclamation.

After plugging, all wellhead equipment that is no longer needed will be removed, and the well site will be reclaimed. Final contouring will blend with and follow as closely as practical the natural terrain and contours of the original site and surrounding areas. After re-contouring the site to the approximate contour that existed prior to pad construction, final grading will be conducted over the entire surface of the well site and access road. The area will be ripped to a depth of 18 to 24 inches on 18 to 24-inch centers, where practical. The surface soil material will be pitted with small depressions to form longitudinal depressions 12 to 18 inches deep, where practical. The entire area will be uniformly covered with the depressions constructed perpendicular to the natural flow of water.

Reclamation of roads will be performed at the discretion of the BIA/Tribe. All unnecessary surface equipment and structures (e.g. cattle guards) and water control structures (e.g. culverts, drainage pipes) not needed to facilitate successful reclamation will be removed during final reclamation. Roads that will be reclaimed will be ripped to a depth of 18 inches where practical, re-contoured to approximate the original contour of the ground and seeded in accordance with the seeding specifications as proposed below in "Measures Common to Interim and Final Reclamation".

Upon successfully completing reclamation of a P&A location, a Final Abandonment Notice will be submitted to the BIA/Tribe.

### **Measures Common to Interim and Final Reclamation**

Soil preparation will be conducted using a disk for areas in need of more soil preparation following site preparation. This will provide primary soil tillage to a depth no greater than 6 inches. Prior to reseeding, compacted areas will be scarified by ripping or chiseling to loosen compacted soils, promote water infiltration, and improve soil aeration and root penetration.

Seeding will occur year-round as conditions allow and will typically be accomplished through the use of a no-till rangeland style seed drill with a "picker box" in order to seed "fluffy" seed. Where drill seeding is not the preferred method, seed will be broadcast and then raked into the ground at double the rate of drill seeding. Seed mixes appropriate to the native plant community as determined and specified for each project location based on the site specific soils will be used for

re-vegetation. The seed mixes will be selected from a list provided by or approved by the BIA/Tribe or a specific seed mix will be proposed by Kerr-McGee to the BIA/Tribe and used after its approval. The selected specific seed mix for each well location and road segment will be utilized while performing interim and final reclamation for each project. All seed will be certified and tags will be maintained by Kerr-McGee. Every effort will be made to obtain "cheat grass free seed".

Seed Mix to be used for Well Site, Access Road, and Pipeline (as applicable):

Natural Buttes Area	
Mix Option 1:	Pure Live Seed lbs/acre
Indian Ricegrass	3
Thick Spike	2
Sandberg	0.5
Bottlebrush	1
Crested	1
Winterfat	0.25
Shadscale	1.5
Four-wing	0.75
Forage Kochia	0.25

**Total** 10.25

Total

Natural Buttes Area	
Mix Option 2:	Pure Live Seed lbs/acre
Great Basin Wildrye	2.50
Indian Ricegrass (Nezpar)	0.50
Crested Wheatgrass	2.00
Siberian Wheatgrass	2.00
Bottlebrush Squirreltail	1.00
Munro Globemallow	0.50
Palmer Penstemon	0.10
Rocky Mtn beeplant	0.50
Western yarrow	0.10
Shadscale	0.50
Forage Kochia	0.50

Natural Buttes Area Mix Option 3:	Pure Live Seed lbs/acre
Callata Const	2.00
Galleta Grass	2.00
Sandberg bluegrass	0.50
Shadscale	0.50
Bluebunch (secar)	2.00
Indian Ricegrass (Nezpar)	2.00
Western Wheatgrass (Arriba)	2.00
Palmer penstemon	0.25
Munro Globemallow	0.15
Black Sage	0.25
Winterfat	0.25
Forage Kochia	0.25
Total	10.15

10.20

Additional soil amendments and/or stabilization may be required on sites with poor soils and/or excessive erosion potential. Where severe erosion can become a problem and/or the use of machin

and raked with twice the specified amount of seed. Slopes will be stabilized using materials specifically designed to prevent erosion on steep slopes and hold seed in place so vegetation can become permanently established. These materials will include, but are not limited to: erosion control blankets, hydro-mulch, and/or bonded fiber matrix at a rate to achieve a minimum of 80 percent soil coverage.

#### **Weed Control**

Noxious weeds will be controlled in akk orihect areas un accordance with all applicable rules and regulations.

#### K. Surface/Mineral Ownership:

Ute Indian Tribe United States of America
P.O. Box 70 Bureau of Land Management

 988 South 7500 East Annex Building
 170 South 500 East

 Fort Duschesne, UT 84026
 Vernal, UT 84078

 (435) 722-4307
 (435)781-4400

#### L. Other Information:

#### **Onsite Specifics:**

#### **Cultural and Paleontological Resources**

All personnel are strictly prohibited from collecting artifacts, any paleontological specimens or fossils, and from disturbing any significant cultural resources in the area. If artifacts, fossils, or any culturally sensitive materials are exposed or identified in the area of construction, all construction operations that would affect the newly discovered resource will cease, and Kerr-McGee will provide immediate notification to the BIA.

#### **Resource Reports:**

A Class I literature survey was completed on November 7, 2012 by Montgomery Archaeological Consultants, Inc (MOAC). For additional details please refer to report MOAC 12-283.

A paleontological reconnaissance survey was completed on January 1, 2013 by SWCA Environmental Consultants. For additional details please refer to report UT13-14314-185

Biological field survey was completed on September 26, 2012 by Grasslands Consulting, Inc (GCI). For additional details please refer to report GCI-856.

#### **Proposed Action Annual Emissions Tables:**

Table 1: Proposed Action Annual Emissions (tons/year) <sup>1</sup>			
Pollutant	Development	Production	Total
NOx	3.8	0.12	3.92
CO	2.2	0.11	2.31
VOC	0.1	4.9	5
$SO_2$	0.005	0.0043	0.0093
$PM_{10}$	1.7	0.11	1.81
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.4	0.025	0.425
Benzene	2.2E-03	0.044	0.046
Toluene	1.6E-03	0.103	0.105
Ethylbenzene	3.4E-04	0.005	0.005
Xylene	1.1E-03	0.076	0.077
n-Hexane	1.7E-04	0.145	0.145
Formaldehyde	1.3E-02	8.64E-05	1.31E-02

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Emissions include 1 producing well and associated operations traffic during the year in

which the project is developed

Table 2: Proposed Action versus 2012 WRAP Phase III Emissions Inventory Comparison			
Proposed Action Production Emissions Species  WRAP Phase III 2012 Uintah Basin Emission to WRAP I Inventory (ton/yr) III			
NOx	15.68	16,547	0.09%
VOC	20	127,495	0.02%

a http://www.wrapair.org/forums/ogwg/PhaseIII\_Inventory.html

#### M. Lessee's or Operators' Representative & Certification:

Cara Mahler Regulatory Analyst I Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP PO Box 173779 Denver, CO 80217-3779 (720) 929-6156 Tommy Thompson General Manager, Drilling Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP PO Box 173779 Denver, CO 80217-3779 (720) 929-6724

Certification: All lease and/or unit operations will be conducted in such a manner that full compliance is made with all applicable laws, regulations, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, the approved Plan of Operations, and any applicable Notice to Lesses

The Operator will be fully responsible for the actions of its subcontractors. A complete copy of the approved "Application for Permit to Drill" will be furnished to the field representative(s) to ensure compliance and shall be on location during all construction and drilling operations.

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP is considered to be the operator of the subject well. Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP agrees to be responsible under terms and conditions of the lease for the operations conducted upon leased lands

Bond coverage pursuant to 43 CFR 3104 for lease activities is being provided by Bureau of Land Management Nationwide Bond WYB000291.

I hereby certify that I, or persons under my supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access route, that I am familiar with the conditions that currently exist; that I have full knowledge of the State and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this plan are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

afe	Dagar	nber 12, 2013
	Decei	11001 12, 2013
Cara Mahler	Date	

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore L.P., wholly owned subsidiary of Anadarko Petroleum Corporation, Standard Operating Practice Agreement for the Greater Natural Buttes Field

# **Drilling Program**

All lease and/or unit operations will be conducted in such a manner that full compliance is made with applicable laws, regulations, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, and the approved plan of operation. As Operator, KMG is fully responsible for actions of subcontractors. A copy of these Standard Operating Practices will be furnished to the field representatives to insure compliance.

#### **Bureau of Land Management Notification Requirements:**

**Location Constructions**: At least 48 hours prior to construction of location and access roads including notification, if applicable, to other surface management agencies, such as Ute Tribe Energy and Mineral Department, State of Utah, or private surface owner(s).

**Location Completion:** Prior to moving on the drilling rig

**Spud Notice:** At least 24 hours prior to spudding the well.

**Casing String and Cementing:** At least 24 hours prior to running casing and cementing all casing.

**Blow Out Preventer & Related Equipment Tests:** At least 24 hours prior to initiating pressure tests.

**First Production Notice:** Within 5 days after a new well begins production; or, within 5 days of when production resumes after a well has been off production for more than 90 days.

Details of the on-site inspection, including date, time, weather conditions, and individuals present, will be submitted with the site-specific Application for Permit to Drill (APD).

#### 1. Estimated Tops of Important Geologic Markers:

Formation and depths will be submitted with site-specific APDs.

### 2. Estimated Depths of Anticipated Water, Oil, Gas, or Mineral Formations:

Formation and depths will be submitted with site-specific APDs.

#### 3. Pressure Control Equipment:

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Pressure Control Equipment Schematic is attached as appendix F. Any variance will be included in the site-specific APDs.

### 4. Proposed Casing & Cementing Program:

Proposed casing and cementing will be submitted with site-specific APDs.

### 5. Drilling Fluids Program:

Proposed drilling fluids will be submitted with site-specific APDs.

#### **6.** Evaluation Program:

Evaluation program will be submitted with site-specific APDs.

#### 7. Abnormal Conditions:

Any abnormal condition will be submitted with site specific APDs.

### **8.** Anticipated Starting Dates:

Drilling is planned to commence within the administrative period of an approved application.

#### 9. Variances:

KMG respectfully requests a variance to several requirements associated with air drilling outlined in OSO 2:

#### Variance for air drilling

Air rig is only used by KMG to construct a stable surface casing hole through a historically difficult lost circulation zone. A conventional rotary rig follows the air rig and is used to drill and construct the majority of the wellbore.

KMG typically utilizes an air rig for drilling the surface casing hole, an interval from the surface to surface casing depths, which varies in depth from 1,700 to 3,200 MD. The air rig drilling operation does not drill through productive or over pressured formations in KMG field, but does penetrate the Uinta and Green River Formations. The purpose of the air drilling operation is to overcome the severe loss circulation zone in the Green River known as the Bird's Nest while creating a stable hole for the surface casing. The surface casing hole is generally drilled to approximately 500 feet below the Bird's Nest.

Before the surface air rig is mobilized, a rathole rig is utilized to set and cement conductor pipe through a competent surface formation. Generally, the conductor is set at 40 feet. In some cases, conductor may be set deeper in areas that the surface formation is not found competent. This rig

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also drills the rat and mouse holes in preparation for the surface casing and production string drilling operations.

The air rig is then mobilized to drill the surface casing hole by drilling a 12 1/4 inch hole for the first 200 feet, then will drill an 11inch hole to just above the Bird's Nest Interval. with an air hammer. The hammer is then tripped and replaced with an 11 inch tri-cone bit. The tri-cone bit is used to drill to the surface casing point, approximately 500 feet below the loss circulation zone (Bird's Nest). The 8-5/8 inch surface casing is then run and cemented in place, thereby isolating the lost circulation zone.

### **Variance for BOPE Requirements**

The air rig operation utilizes a properly lubricated and maintained air bowl diverter system which diverts the drilling returns to a six-inch blooie line. The air bowl is the only piece of BOPE equipment which is installed during drilling operations and is sufficient to contain the air returns associated with this drilling operation. As was discussed earlier, the drilling of the surface hole does not encounter any over pressured or productive zones, and as a result standard BOPE equipment should not be required. In addition, standard drilling practices do not support the use of BOPE on 40 feet of conductor pipe.

### **Variance for Mud Material Requirements**

OSO 2 also states that sufficient quantities of mud materials shall be maintained or readily accessible for the purpose of assuring adequate well control. Once again, the surface hole drilling operations does not encounter over pressured or productive intervals, and as a result there is not a need to control pressure in the surface hole with a mud system. Instead of mud, the air rigs utilize water from the reserve pit for well control, if necessary. A skid pump, which is located near the reserve pit, will supply the water to the well bore.

#### **Variance for Special Drilling Operation (surface equipment placement)**

OSO 2 requires specific safety distances or setbacks for the placement of associated standard air drilling equipment, wellbore, and reserve pits. The air rigs used to drill the surface holes are not typical of an air rig used to drill a producing hole in other parts of the US. These are smaller in nature and designed to fit a KMG location.

Typically the blooie line discharge point is required to be 100 feet from the well bore. In the case of a KMG well, the reserve pit is only 45 feet from the rig and is used for the drill cuttings. The blooie line, which transports the drill cuttings from the well to the reserve pit, subsequently discharges only 45 feet from the well bore.

Typically the air rig compressors are required to be located in the opposite direction from the blooie line and a minimum of 100 feet from the well bore. At the KMG locations, the air rig compressors are approximately 40 feet from the well bore and approximately 60 feet from the blooie line discharge due to the unique air rig design. The air compressors are located on the rig (1250 cfm) and on a standby trailer (1170 cfm). A booster sits between the two compressors and

boosts the output from 350 psi to 2000 psi. The design does put the booster and standby compressor opposite from the blooie line.

Lastly, OSO 2 addresses the need for an automatic igniter or continuous pilot light on the blooie line. The air rig does not utilize an igniter as the surface hole drilling operation does not encounter productive formations.

## **Variance for FIT Requirements**

KMG also respectfully requests a variance to OSO 2, Section III, Part Bi, for the pressure integrity test (PIT, also known as a formation integrity test (FIT)). These wells are not exploratory wells and are being drilled in an area where the formation integrity is well known.

#### 10. Other Information:

Drilling Program will be submitted with site-specific APDs.

## SURFACE USE PROGRAM

## A. Existing Roads:

Existing roads consist of county and improved/unimproved access roads (two-tracks). In accordance with OSO 1, KMG will improve or maintain existing roads in a condition that is the same as or better than before operations began. New or reconstructed proposed access roads are discussed in Section B.

The existing roads will be maintained in a safe and usable condition. Maintenance for existing roads will continue until final abandonment and reclamation of well pads and/or other facilities, as applicable. Road maintenance will include, but is not limited to, blading, ditching, and/or culvert installation and cleanout. To ensure safe operating conditions, gravel surfacing may be performed where excessive rutting or erosion may occur. Dust control may be performed as necessary to ensure safe operating conditions.

Roads, gathering lines and electrical distribution lines may occupy common disturbance corridors where possible. Where available, roadways may be used as the staging area and working space for installation of gathering lines. All disturbances located in the same corridor may overlap each other to the maximum extent possible, while maintaining safe and sound construction and installation practices. Unless otherwise approved or requested in site specific documents, in no case will the maximum disturbance widths of the access road and utility corridors exceed the widths specified in Part D of this document.

Within individual APDs, please refer to Topo B, for existing roads.

#### **B.** New or Reconstructed Access Roads:

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All new or reconstructed roads will be located, designed, and maintained to meet the standards of the BLM's Surface Operating Standards for Oil and Gas Exploration and Development, 4th Edition (Gold Book) (USDI and USDA, 2007). The BLM Manual Section 9113 (1985) will be considered in consultation with the BLM in the design, construction, improvement and maintenance of all new or reconstructed roads. If a new road would cross a water of the United States, KMG will adhere to all applicable US Army Corps of Engineers requirements in cooperation with the Utah Division of Water Rights.

New well pads or pad expansions may require construction of a new access road and/or decommissioning of an older road. Plans, routes, and distances for new roads and road improvements are provided in design packages, exhibits and maps for a project. Project-specific maps are submitted to depict the locations of existing, proposed, and/or decommissioned and include the locations for supporting structures, including, but not limited to, culverts, bridges, low water crossings, range infrastructure, and haul routes, per OSO 1. Designs for cuts and fills, including spoils source and storage areas, are provided with the road designs, as necessary.

Where safety objectives can be met KMG may use unimproved and/or two-track roads for lease operations and to lessen total disturbance. Road designs will be based on the road safety requirements, traffic characteristics, environmental conditions, and the vehicles the road is intended to carry. Generally, newly constructed unpaved lease roads will be crowned and ditched with the running surfaces of the roads approximately 12-18 feet wide and a total road corridor width not to exceed 45 feet, except where noted in the road design for a specific project. Maximum grade will generally not exceed 8%. Borrow ditches will be back sloped 3:1 or less. Construction BMPs will be employed to control onsite and offsite erosion.

Where topography would direct storm water runoff to an access road or well pad, drainage ditches or other common drainage control facilities may be constructed to divert surface water runoff. Drainage features, including culverts, may be constructed or installed prior to commencing other operations, including drilling for facilities placement. Riprap will be placed at the inlet and outlet at the culvert(s). Drainage features will meet the standards of the BLM's Surface Operating Standards for Oil and Gas Exploration and Development, 4th Edition (Gold Book) (USDI and USDA, 2007).

Prior to construction, new access road(s) will be staked according to the requirements of OSO 1. Construction activities will not be conducted using frozen or saturated materials or during periods when significant watershed damage (e.g. rutting, extensive sheet soil erosion, formation of rills/gullies, etc.) is likely to occur. Vegetative debris will not be placed in or under fill embankments.

New road maintenance will include, but is not limited to, blading, ditching, culvert installation and cleanout, gravel surfacing where excessive rutting or erosion may occur and dust control, as necessary to ensure safe operating conditions. All vehicular traffic, personnel movement and construction/restoration operations will be confined to the approved area and to existing roadways and/or access routes.

Snow removal will be conducted on an as-needed basis to accommodate safe travel. Snow removal will occur as necessary throughout the year, as will necessary drainage ditch construction. Removed snow may be stored on permitted well pads to reduce hauling distances and/or at the aerial extent of approved disturbance boundaries to facilitate snow removal for the remainder of the season.

If a county road crossing or encroachment permit is needed, it will be obtained prior to construction.

For individual APDs, refer to Topo B.

## C. Location of Existing Wells:

For individual APDs, refer to Topo C

#### D. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Facilities:

The following will apply if the well is productive: Gathering (pipeline) infrastructure will be utilized to collect and transport gas and fluids from the wells which are owned and operated by Kerr McGee Oil and Gas Onshore LP (KMG). Should the well(s) prove productive, production facilities will be installed on the disturbed portion of each well pad.

A berm may be constructed completely around production components (typically excluding dehy's and/or separators) that contain fluids (i.e. production tanks, produced liquids tanks). The berms will be constructed to hold the capacity of the largest tank and have sufficient freeboard to accommodate a 25 year rainfall event. This includes pumping units. Aboveground structures constructed or installed onsite for 6 months or longer, will be painted a flat, non-reflective, earth-tone color chosen at the onsite in coordination with the BLM (typically Shadow Gray). A production facility layout is provided as part of a project-specific APD, ROW or NOS submission.

#### **Gas Gathering**

The gas gathering pipeline is made of steel line pipe, surface is bare pipe and buried is of coated with fusion bonded epoxy coating (or equivalent). The individual segments will be denoted in site-specific APDs.

### **Liquid Gathering**

The individual segments will be denoted in site-specific APDs.

#### **Pipeline Gathering Construction**

Gas gathering pipeline(s,) gas lift, or liquids pipelines may be constructed to lie on the surface or be buried. The road and/or well pad may be utilized for construction activities and staging when the pipeline is adjacent to the road or well pad. The area of disturbance during construction from

the edge of road or well pad and for surface and buried pipelines including cross country will typically be 45' temporary disturbance. In addition, KMG requests a permanent 30' disturbance width that will be maintained for the portion adjacent to the road as well as cross country lines. The need for the 30' of permanent disturbance width is for maintenance and repairs.

Above-ground installation will generally not require clearing of vegetation or blading of the surface, except where safety considerations necessitate earthwork. If installation cannot occur on the exact location, pipe may be constructed parallel and adjacent to a road and lifted from the road to the pipeline route. In other cases where a pipeline route is not parallel and adjacent to a road (cross-country between sites), it will be welded/fused in place at a well pad, access road, or designated work area and pulled between connection locations with a suitable piece of equipment. Buried pipelines will generally be installed parallel and adjacent to existing and/or newly constructed roads and within the permitted disturbance corridor. Buried pipelines may vary from 2" (typically fuel gas lines) to 24" (typically transportation lines) in diameter, but 6" to 16 "is typical for a buried gas line. The diameter of liquids pipelines may vary from 2" to 12", but 6"is the typical diameter. Gas lift lines may vary from 2" to 12" diameter, but 6" diameter pipes are generally used for gas lift. If two or more pipelines are present (gas gathering, gas lift, and fluids), they will share a common trench where possible.

When installing a buried pipeline, typically topsoil will be removed, windrowed and placed on the non-working side of the route for later reclamation. Because working room is limited, the spoil may be spread out across the working side and construction will take place on the spoil. The working side of the corridor will be used for pipe stringing, bending, welding and equipment travel. Small areas on the working side displaying ruts or uneven ground will be groomed to facilitate the safe passage of equipment. After the pipelines are installed, spoil will be placed back into the trench, and the topsoil will be redistributed over the disturbed corridor prior to final reclamation. Typical depth of the trench will be 6', but depths may vary according to site-specific conditions (presence of bedrock, etc.). The proposed trench width for the pipeline would range from 18"-48".

The pipeline will be welded along the proposed route and lowered into place. Trenching equipment will cut through the soil or into the bedrock and create good backfill, eliminating the need to remove large rocks. The proposed buried pipeline will be visually and radio-graphically inspected and the entire pipeline will be pneumatically or hydrostatically tested before being placed into service. Routine vehicle traffic will be prevented from using pipeline routes as travel ways by posting signs at the route's intersection with an access road.

The liquid gathering lines will be made of polyethylene or a composite polyethylene/steel or polyethylene/fiberglass that is not subject to internal or external pipe corrosion. The content of the produced fluids to be transferred by the liquid gathering system will be approximately 92% produced water and 8% condensate. Trunk line valve connections for the water gathering system will be below ground but accessible from the surface in order to prevent freezing during winter time.

If pipelines or roads encounter a drainage that could be subject to flooding or surface water during extreme precipitation events, KMG will apply all applicable Army Corps mandates as

well as the BLM's Hydraulic Considerations for pipeline Crossings of Stream Channels (BLM Technical Note 423, April 2007). In addition, all stream and drainage crossings will be evaluated to determine the need for stream alteration permits from the State of Utah Division of Water Rights and if necessary, required permits will be secured. Similarly, where a road or pipeline crossing exists the pipe will be butt welded and buried to a depth between 24 and 48 inches or more. Dirt roads will be cut and restored to a condition equivalent to the existing condition. All Uintah County road encroachment and crossing permits, where applicable, will be obtained prior to crossing construction. In no case will pressure testing of pipelines result in discharge of liquids to the surface.

Pipeline signs will be installed along the route to indicate the pipeline proximity, ownership, and to provide emergency contact phone numbers. Above ground valves and lateral T's will be installed at various locations for production integrity and safety purposes.

Upon completion of the proposed buried pipeline, the entire area of disturbance will be reclaimed to the standards proposed in the Green River District Reclamation Guidelines. Please refer to section J for more details regarding final reclamation.

When no longer deemed necessary by the operator, KMG or its successor will consult with the BLM, Vernal Field Office before terminating of the use of the pipeline(s).

### The Anadarko Completions Transportation System (ACTS) information:

For individual APDs, refer to Exhibit C for the proposed placement of the ACTS temporary lines.

KMG will use either a closed loop drilling system that will require one pit and one storage area to be constructed on the drilling pad or a traditional drilling operation with one pit. The storage area will be used to contain only the de-watered drill cuttings and will be lined and reclaimed according to traditional pit closure standards. The pit will be constructed to allow for completion operations. The completion pit is lined and will be used for the wells drilled on the pad or used as part of our ACTS system which is discussed in more detail below. Using the closed loop drilling system will allow KMG to decrease the amount of disturbance/footprint on location compared to a single large drilling/completion pit.

If KMG does not use a closed loop system, it will construct a drilling reserve pit to contain drill cuttings and for use in completion operations. Depending on the location of the pit, its relation to future drilling locations, the reserve/completion pit may be utilized for the completion of the wells on that pad and/or be used as part of our ACTS system. KMG will use ACTS to optimize the completion processes for multiple pads across the project area which may include up to a section of development. ACTS will facilitate management of completion fluids by utilizing existing reserve pits, or newly constructed completion pits, as well as temporary, surface-laid aluminum liquids transfer lines between pad locations. The pit will be refurbished as follows when a traditional drill pit is used, including mix and pile up drill cuttings with dry dirt, bury the original liner in the pit, walk bottom of pit with cat. KMG will reline the pit with a 30 mil liner and double felt padding. The refurbished or newly constructed pit will be the same size or

smaller as specified in the originally approved ROW/APD. The pit refurbish will be done in a normal procedure and there will be no modification to the pit. All four sides of the completions pit will be fenced in according to standard pit fencing procedures. Netting will be installed over all pits.

Any hydrocarbons collected will be treated and sold at approved sales facilities. A loading/ unloading rack with drip containment will also be installed where water trucks would unload and load to prevent damage caused from pulling hoses in and out of the pit.

ACTS will require temporarily laying multiple 6 inch aluminum water transfer lines on the surface between either existing or refurbished reserve pits. The temporary aluminum transfer lines will be utilized to transport completion fluid being injected and/or recovered during the completion process and will be laid adjacent to existing access roads or pipeline corridors. Upon conclusion of the completion operation, the liquids transfer lines will be flushed with fresh water and purged with compressed air. The contents of the transfer lines will be flushed into a water truck for delivery to another ACTS location or a reserve pit.

The volume of frac fluid transported through a water transfer line will vary, but volume is projected to be approximately 1.75 bbls per 50-foot joint. Although the maximum working pressure is 125 psig, the liquids transfer lines will be operated at a pressure of approximately 30 to 40 psig. KMG will keep the netted pit open for one year from first production of the first produced well on the pad. During this time the surrounding well location completion fluids may be recycled in this pit and utilized for other completion jobs in the area. After one year KMG will backfill the pit and reclaim. If the pit is not needed for an entire year it will be backfilled and reclaimed earlier. KMG understands that due to the temporary nature of this system, BLM considers this a casual use situation; therefore, no permanent ROW or temporary use plan will need to be issued by the BLM.

#### E. Location and Types of Water Supply:

Water for drilling and completion operations will be obtained from the following sources: JD Field Services:

Green River: 1087' FSL & 1020' FEL, Sec. 15 – T2N – R22E

RN Industries:

High Pressure: 705' FNL & 675' FWL, Sec. 1 – T6S – R22E

1057' FNL & 390' FWL, Sec. 1 – T6S – R22E 1239' FNL & 52' FEL, Sec. 6 – T6S – R23E

White River: 501' FNL & 1676' FEL, Sec. 9 – T8S – R20E

471' FNL & 1676' FEL, Sec. 9 – T8S – R20E 900' FNL & 550' FEL, Sec. 35 – T9S – R22E 200' FNL & 950' FEL, Sec. 2 – T10S – R22E 275' FSL & 2275' FEL, Sec. 2 – T10S – R22E 122' FSL & 1350' FEL, Sec. 11 – T10S – R22E 1670' FSL & 500' FEL, Sec. 12 – T10S – R22E 959' FNL & 705' FEL, Sec. 13 – T10S – R22E

600' FSL & 900' FEL, Sec. 13 – T10S – R22E

Water Plant: 481' FNL & 2176' FEL, Sec. 9 – T8S – R20E

471' FNL & 2176' FEL, Sec. 9 - T8S - R20E

Frog Pond: 4820' FNL & 1200' FWL, Sec. 33 – T8S – R20E

4850' FNL & 700' FWL, Sec. 33 – T8S – R20E

Blue Tanks: 200' FNL & 405' FEL, Sec. 32 – T4S – R3E

Buggsy's Water Source:

Green River: N 2090' & W 30' from E1/4 corner of Sec. 33 – T8S – R20E

Underground Water Well: N 1850' & W 425' from E1/4 corner of Sec. 33 – T8S – R20E

Water will be hauled to location over the roads marked in the individual APD's Maps A and B.

#### F. Construction Materials:

Construction operations will typically be completed with native materials found on location. Construction materials imported to the site (mineral material aggregate, soils or materials suitable for fill/surfacing) will be obtained from a nearby permitted source (described in site-specific documents). No construction materials will be removed from Federal lands without notifying the BLM. A proposed source location other than an on-location construction site will be designated either via a map or narrative within the project specific materials provided to the BLM.

#### **G.** Methods for Handling Waste:

All wastes subject to regulation will be handled in compliance with applicable laws to minimize the potential for leaks or spills to the environment. KMG maintains a Spill Control and Countermeasure Plan for each applicable location, which includes notification requirements, to the BLM and other appropriate agencies, for all reportable spills of oil, produced liquids, and hazardous materials.

Any accidental release, such as a leak or spill in excess of the reportable quantity, as established by 40 CFR Part 117.3, will be reported as per the requirements of Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, Section 102 B. If a release involves petroleum hydrocarbons or produced liquids, KMG will comply with the notification requirements of NTL-3A.

Drill cuttings and/or drilling fluids may be contained in a reserve/completion pit whether a closed loop system is or isn't utilized and cuttings may be buried in the pit(s) upon closure. Unless specifically approved by the BLM, no oil or other oil-based drilling additives,

chromium/metals-based, or saline muds will be used during drilling. Only fresh water (as specified above), biodegradable polymer soap, bentonite clay, and/or non-toxic additives will be used in the mud system.

If utilizing a closed loop system, drill cuttings and/or drilling fluids may be stored in above ground containers while on the location. All used drilling fluids may be hauled to Anadarko Petroleum Corporation's Mud Plant where it may be recycled for use at future well locations, hauled to a permitted disposal facility, or solidified for incorporation into the pad during interim reclamation practices. Drill cuttings from a closed loop system may be either hauled to an approved Utah Department of Oil, Gas and Mining Commercial Landfarm Disposal Facility or incorporated into the pad location during interim reclamation.

Pits will be constructed to eliminate the accumulation of surface precipitation runoff into the pit (via appropriate placement of subsoil storage areas and/or construction of berms, ditches, etc). Should unexpected liquid petroleum hydrocarbons (crude oil or condensate) be encountered during drilling, completions or well testing, liquid petroleum hydrocarbons will either be contained in test tanks on the well site or evacuated by vacuum trucks and transported to an approved disposal/sales facility. Netting will be placed over pits before any liquids are discharged into pit. Should hydrocarbons be released into a reserve/completion pit, they will be removed as soon as practical and before the netting is removed from the pit. Similarly, hydrocarbon removal will take place prior to the closure of the pit, unless authorization is provided for disposal via alternate pit closure methods (e.g. solidification).

The reserve and/or completion pit will be lined with a synthetic material 30 mil or thicker liner. The bottom and side walls of the pit will be void of any sharp rocks that could puncture the liner. The liner will be installed over smooth fill subgrade that is free of pockets, loose rocks, or other materials (i.e. sand, sifted dirt, bentonite, straw, etc.) that could damage the liner. After evaporation and when dry, the reserve pit liners will be cut off, ripped and/or folded back (as safety considerations allow) as near to the mud surface as possible and buried on location or hauled to a landfill prior to backfilling the pit with a minimum of five feet of soil material.

Where necessary and if conditions allow, produced liquids from newly completed wells may be temporarily disposed of into pits for a period not to exceed 90 days as per OSO 7. Subsequently, permanent approved produced water disposal methods will be employed in accordance with OSO 7 and/or as described in a Water Management Plan (WMP). Revisions to the water source or method of transportation will be subject to written approval from the BLM.

Any additional pits necessary for subsequent operations, such as temporary flare or workover pits, will be contained within the originally approved well pad and disturbance boundaries. Such temporary pits will be backfilled and reclaimed within 180 days of completion of work at a well location.

Pits containing drilling cuttings, mud, and/or completions fluids will be allowed to dry. Any free fluids remaining after one year from reaching total depth, date of completion, and/or determination of inactivity will be removed (as weather conditions allow) to an approved site and

the pit reclaimed. Installation and operation of any sprinklers, pumps, and equipment will ensure that water spray or mist does not drift.

No garbage or non-exempt substances as defined by Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) subtitle C will be placed in the reserve pit. All refuse (trash and other solid waste including cans, paper, cable, etc.) generated during construction, drilling, completion, and well testing activities will be contained in an enclosed receptacle, removed from the drill locations promptly, and transported to an approved disposal facility. Immediately after removal of the drilling rig, all debris and other waste materials not contained within trash receptacles will be collected and removed from the well location.

For the protection of livestock and wildlife, all open pits (excluding flare pits) will be fenced or netted to prevent wildlife or livestock entry.

Maximum distance between fence posts shall be no greater than 16 feet. Siphons, catchments, and absorbent pads will be installed to keep hydrocarbons produced by the drilling rig or other equipment on location from entering the reserve pit. Hydrocarbons, contaminated pads, and/or soils will be disposed of in accordance with state and federal requirements.

Portable, self-contained chemical toilets and/or sewage processing facilities will be provided for human waste disposal. Upon completion of operations, or as required, the toilet holding tanks will be pumped and the contents disposed of in an approved sewage disposal facility. All applicable regulations pertaining to disposal of human and solid waste will be observed.

#### **Materials Management**

Hazardous materials above reportable quantities will not be produced by drilling or completing proposed wells or constructing the pipelines/facilities. The term "hazardous materials" as used here means: (1) any substance, pollutant, or containment listed as hazardous under the CERCLA of 1980, as amended 42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq., and the regulations issued under CERCLA; and (2) any hazardous waste as defined in RCRA of 1976, as amended. In addition, no extremely hazardous substance, as defined in 40 CFR 355, in threshold planning quantities, would be used, produced, stored, transported, or disposed of while producing any well.

Hazardous materials may be contained in some grease or lubricants, solvents, acids, paint, and herbicides, among others as defined above. KMG maintains a file, per 29 CFR 1910.1200 (g) containing current Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all chemicals, compounds, and/or substances that are used during the course of construction, drilling, completion, and production operations for this project. The transport, use, storage and handling of hazardous materials will follow procedures specified by federal and state regulations. Transportation of hazardous materials to the well location is regulated by the Department of Transportation (DOT) under 49 CFR, Parts 171-180. DOT regulations pertain to the packing, container handling, labeling, vehicle placarding, and other safety aspects.

Potentially hazardous materials used in the development or operation of wells will be kept in limited quantities on well sites and at the production facilities for short periods of time.

Chemicals meeting the criteria for being an acutely hazardous material/substance or meet the quantities criteria per BLM Instruction Memorandum No. 93-344 will not be used. Chemicals subject to reporting under Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) in quantities of 10,000 pounds or more may be produced and/or stored at production facilities (crude oil/condensate, produced water). They may also be kept in limited quantities on drilling sites (barite, diesel fuel, cement, cottonseed hulls etc.) for short periods of time during drilling or completion activities.

Any produced water separated from recoverable condensate during well operations will be contained in a water tank and will then be transported by pipeline and/or truck to one of the preapproved disposal sites:

RNI in Sec. 5 T9S R22E NBU #159 in Sec. 35 T9S R21E Ace Oilfield in Sec. 2 T6S R20E MC&MC in Sec. 12 T6S R19E Pipeline Facility in Sec. 36 T9S R20E

Goat Pasture Evaporation Pond in SW/4 Sec. 16 T10S R22E

Bonanza Evaporation Pond in Sec. 2 T10S R23E

Or to one of the following KMG active Salt Water Disposal (SWD) wells:

NBU 159 SWD in Sec. 35 T9S R21E CIGE 112D SWD in Sec. 19 T9S R21E CIGE 114 SWD in Sec. 34 T9S R21E NBU 921-34K SWD in Sec. 34 T9S R21E NBU 921-33F SWD in Sec. 34 T9S R21E

### H. Ancillary Facilities:

If additional ancillary facilities are planned they will be depicted on site specific APDs.

#### I. Well Site Layout:

The location, orientation and aerial extent of each drill pad, reserve/completion/flare pit (for closed loop or non-closed loop operations), access road ingress/egress points, drilling rig, dikes/ditches, existing wells/infrastructure, proposed cuts and fills, and topsoil and spoil material stockpile locations are depicted on the exhibits for each project, where applicable.

Site-specific conditions may require slight deviation in actual equipment depending on whether a closed loop system is used. Surface distance may be less if using closed loop. But in either case, the area of disturbance will not exceed the maximum disturbance outlined in the attached exhibits of the APDs.

Each well will utilize either a centralized tank battery, centralized fluids management system, or have tanks installed on its pad. Production/Produced Liquid tanks will be constructed,

maintained, and operated to prevent unauthorized surface or subsurface discharges of liquids and to prevent livestock or wildlife entry. The tanks will be kept reasonably free from surface accumulations of liquid hydrocarbons. The tanks are not to be used for disposal of liquids from additional sources without prior approval of BLM.

#### J. Plans for Surface Reclamation:

The surface reclamation will be undertaken in two phases: interim and final. Interim reclamation is conducted following well completion and extends through the period of production. Interim reclamation is for the area of the well pad that is not required for production activities. Final reclamation is conducted following well plugging/conversion and/or facility abandonment processes.

Reclamation activities in both phases may include but is not limited to the re-contouring or reconfiguration of topographic surfaces, restoration of drainage systems, segregation of spoils material, minimizing surface disturbance, re-evaluating backfill requirements, pit closure, topsoil redistribution, soil treatments, seeding and weed control.

#### **Interim Reclamation**

Interim reclamation may include pit evaporation, fluid removal, pit solidification, re-contouring, incorporation of cuttings, ripping, spreading top soil, seeding, and/or weed control. Interim reclamation will be performed in accordance with OSO 1, or written notification will be provided to the BLM for approval. Where feasible, drilling locations, reserve pits, or access routes not utilized for production operations will be re-contoured to a natural appearance.

Interim re-contouring involves bringing all construction material from cuts and fills back onto the well pad and site and reestablishing the natural contours where desirable and practical. Fill and stockpiled spoils no longer necessary to the operation will be spread on the cut slopes and covered with stockpiled topsoil. Stockpiled drill cuttings may also be incorporated into the spoils, recontoured, and covered with stockpiled topsoil. All stockpiled top soils will be used for interim reclamation where practical to maintain soil viability. Where possible, the land surface will be left "rough" after re-contouring to ensure that the maximum surface area will be available to support the reestablishment of vegetative cover.

A reserve pit, upon being allowed to dry, will be backfilled and compacted with cover materials that are void of any topsoil, vegetation, large stones, rocks or foreign objects. Soils that are moisture laden, saturated, or partially/completely frozen will not be used for backfill or cover. The pit area will be mounded to allow for settling and to promote positive surface drainage away from the pit. Disposal of pit fluids and linings is discussed in Section G.

#### **Final Reclamation**

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Final reclamation will be performed for unproductive wells and after the end of the life of a productive well. As soon as practical after the conclusion of drilling and testing operations, unproductive drill holes will be plugged and abandoned (P&A). Site and road reclamation will commence following plugging. In no case will reclamation at non-producing locations be initiated later than six (6) months from the date a well is plugged. A joint inspection of the disturbed area to be reclaimed may be requested by KMG. The primary purpose of this inspection will be to review the existing conditions, or agree upon a revised final reclamation and abandonment plan. The BLM will be notified prior to commencement of reclamation operations. A Notice of Intent to Abandon will be filed for final recommendations regarding surface reclamation.

After plugging, all wellhead equipment that is no longer needed will be removed, and the well site will be reclaimed. Final contouring will blend with and follow as close as practical the natural terrain and contours of the original site and surrounding areas. After re-contouring the site and prior to replacing topsoil, final grading and site preparation will be conducted over the entire surface of the well site and access road. The area will be ripped to a depth no greater than 6 inches on 18 to 24-inch centers and the surface soil material will be uniformly pitted with longitudinal depressions perpendicular to the natural flow of water where practical. Following site preparation, topsoil will be spread on the location and prepared for seeding.

Reclamation of roads will be performed at the discretion of the BLM. All unnecessary surface equipment and structures (e.g. cattle guards) and water control structures (e.g. culverts, drainage pipes) not needed to facilitate successful reclamation will be removed during final reclamation. Roads that will be reclaimed will be ripped to a depth of 6 to 24 inches where practical, recontoured to approximate the original contour of the ground and seeded in accordance with the seeding specifications of the BLM.

Upon successfully completing reclamation of a P&A location, a Final Abandonment Notice will be submitted to the BLM.

#### **Measures Common to Interim and Final Reclamation**

Soil tillage will be conducted using a disk in areas needing additional seedbed preparation following site preparation. This will provide primary soil tillage to a depth no greater than 6 inches. Prior to reseeding, compacted areas will be scarified by ripping or chiseling to loosen compacted soils, promote water infiltration, and improve soil aeration and root penetration.

Seeding will occur during optimal soil conditions and will typically be accomplished through the use of a no-till rangeland style seed drill with a "picker box." Additionally an imprinter seeder may be used. An imprinter seeder creates divots to roughen the surface and collect moisture to aid in seed germination. Seed mixes appropriate to the native plant community as determined and specified for each project location based on the site specific soils will be used for revegetation. The seed mixes will be selected from a list provided by or approved by the BLM, or a specific seed mix will be proposed by KMG to the BLM and used after its approval. The selected specific seed mix for each well location and road segment will be utilized while performing interim and final reclamation for each project. All seed will be certified and tags will be

maintained by KMG. Every effort will be made to obtain "cheat grass free seed" and noxious weed free seed.

Seed Mix to be used for Well Site, Access Road, and Pipeline (as applicable):

Bonanza Area Mix	Pure Live Seed lbs/acre	
Crested Wheat (Hycrest)	1.5	
Bottlebrush Squirreltail	1	
Western Wheatgrass (Arriba)	1	
Thick Spike Wheatgrass	1.5	
Indian Ricegrass	1	
Fourwing Saltbush	2	
Shadscale	2	
Forage Kochia	0.25	
Rocky Mountain Bee Plant	0.5	
Total	10.75	

<b>Natural Buttes Area Mix Option 1:</b>	Pure Live Seed lbs/acre	
Indian Ricegrass (Nezpar)	3	
Thick Spike Wheatgrass	2	
Sandberg bluegrass	0.5	
Bottlebrush squirreltail	1	
Crested wheatgrass (Hycrest)	1	
Winterfat	0.25	
Shadscale	1.5	
Four-wing saltbush	0.75	
Forage Kochia	0.25	
Total	10.25	

## Natural Buttes Area Mix Option 2: Pure Live Seed lbs/acre

Galleta Grass	0.5
Great Basin Wildrye	0.5
Thickspike Wheatgrass	2.5
Indian Ricegrass (Nezpar)	1
Crested Wheatgrass	1
Siberian Wheatgrass	1
Bottlebrush Squirreltail	1
Munro Globemallow	0.1
Palmer Penstemon	0.1
Rocky Mtn beeplant	0.5
Western yarrow	0.1
Shadscale	0.5
Forage Kochia	0.5

**Total** 

## Natural Buttes Area Mix Option 3: Pure Live Seed lbs/acre

9.3

Galleta Grass	2
Sandberg bluegrass	0.5
Shadscale	0.5
Bluebunch (secar)	2
Indian Ricegrass (Nezpar)	2
Western Wheatgrass (Arriba)	2
Palmer penstemon	0.25
Munro Globemallow	0.15
Black Sage	0.25
Winterfat	0.25
Forage Kochia	0.25
Total	10.15

Additional soil amendments and/or stabilization may be required on sites with poor soils and/or excessive erosion potential. Where severe erosion can become a problem and/or the use of machinery is not practical, seed will be hand broadcast and raked with twice the specified amount of seed. Slopes will be stabilized using materials specifically designed to prevent erosion on steep slopes and hold seed in place so vegetation can become permanently established. These materials will include, but are not limited to: erosion control blankets, hydro-mulch, and/or bonded fiber matrix at a rate to achieve a minimum of 80 percent soil coverage. Soil amendments such as "Sustain" (an organic fertilizer that will be applied at the rate 1,800 – 2,100 lbs/acre with seed) may also be dry broadcast or applied with hydro-seeding equipment.

#### **Weed Control**

All weed management will be done in accordance with the Vernal BLM Surface Disturbance Weed Policy. Noxious weeds will be controlled, as applicable, on project areas. Monitoring and management of noxious and/or invasive weeds of concern will be completed annually until the project is deemed successfully reclaimed by the surface management agency and/or owner according to the Anadarko Integrated Weed Management Plan. Noxious weed infestations will be mapped using a GPS unit and submitted to the BLM with information required in the Vernal BLM Surface Disturbance Weed Policy. If herbicide is to be applied it will be done according to an approved Pesticide Use Proposal (PUP), inclusive of applicable locations. All pesticide applications will be recorded using a Pesticide Application Record (PAR) and will be submitted along with a Pesticide Use Report (PUR) annually prior to Dec. 31.

### **Monitoring**

Monitoring of reclaimed project areas will be completed annually during the growing season and actions to ensure reclamation success will be taken as needed. During the first two growing seasons an ocular methodology will be used to determine the success of the reclamation activities. During the 3rd growing season a 100 point line intercept (quantitative) methodology will be used to obtain basal cover. The goal is to have the reclaimed area reach 30% basal cover when compared to the reference site. If after three growing seasons the area has not reached 30% basal cover, additional reclamation activities may be necessary. Monitoring will continue until the reclaimed area reaches 75% basal cover of desirable vegetation when compared to the reference site. (Green River District Reclamation Guidelines).

All monitoring reports will be submitted electronically to the Vernal BLM in the form of a geodatabase no later than March 1st of the calendar year following the data collection.

#### **K.** Surface/Mineral Ownership:

Depicted on site specific APDs.

#### L. Other Information:

#### **Cultural and Paleontological Resources**

All personnel are strictly prohibited from collecting artifacts, any paleontological specimens or fossils, and from disturbing any significant cultural resources in the area. If artifacts, fossils, or any culturally sensitive materials are exposed or identified in the area of construction, all construction operations that would affect the newly discovered resource will cease, and KMG will provide immediate notification to the BLM or appropriate SMA.

### **Resource Reports**

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Appropriate archaeological and paleontological reconnaissance surveys and biological field surveys will be completed and provide to the BLM for individual APDs.

## **Proposed Action Annual Emissions Tables:**

Appendix A through G contains the emission table per pad based on well count.

## M. Lessee's or Operators' Representative & Certification:

Depicted on site specific APDs.

## **Appendix A:**

**Proposed Action Annual Emissions Tables: 4 Well Pad** 

Table 1: Proposed Action Annual Emissions (tons/year) <sup>1</sup>			
Pollutant	Development	Production	Total
NOx	3.8	1.2	5
CO	2.2	1.08	3.28
VOC	0.1	6.8	6.9
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.005	0.01	0.02
PM <sub>10</sub>	1.7	0.11	1.81
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.4	0.05	0.45
Benzene	2.20E-03	0.12	0.12
Toluene	1.60E-03	0.2	0.2
Ethylbenzene	3.40E-04	0.01	0.01
Xylene	1.10E-03	0.09	0.09
n-Hexane	1.70E-04	0.51	0.51
Formaldehyde	1.30E-02	1.30E-04	1.31E-02

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Emissions include 1 producing well and associated operations traffic during the year in which the project is developed

Table 2: Proposed Action versus 2012 WRAP Phase III Emissions Inventory Comparison

Species	Proposed Action Production Emissions (ton/yr)	WRAP Phase III 2012 Uintah Basin Emission Inventory <sup>a</sup> (ton/yr)	Percentage of Proposed Action to WRAP Phase III
NOx	5	16,547	0.03%
VOC	6.9	127,495	0.01%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> http://www.wrapair.org/forums/ogwg/PhaseIII\_Inventory.html

## **Appendix B:**

**Proposed Action Annual Emissions Tables: 5 Well Pad** 

Table 1: Proposed Action Annual Emissions (tons/year) <sup>1</sup>			
Pollutant	Development	Production	Total
NOx	3.8	1.5	5.3
CO	2.2	1.08	3.28
VOC	0.1	8.5	8.6
$SO_2$	0.005	0.01	0.02
$PM_{10}$	1.7	0.11	1.81
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.4	0.05	0.45
Benzene	2.20E-03	0.12	0.12
Toluene	1.60E-03	0.2	0.2
Ethylbenzene	3.40E-04	0.01	0.01
Xylene	1.10E-03	0.09	0.09
n-Hexane	1.70E-04	0.51	0.51
Formaldehyde	1.30E-02	1.30E-04	1.31E-02

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Emissions include 1 producing well and associated operations traffic during the year in which the project is developed

Table 2: Proposed Action versus 2012 WRAP Phase III Emissions Inventory Comparison

Species	Proposed Action Production Emissions (ton/yr)	WRAP Phase III 2012 Uintah Basin Emission Inventory <sup>a</sup> (ton/yr)	Percentage of Proposed Action to WRAP Phase III
NOx	5.3	16,547	0.03%
VOC	8.6	127,495	0.01%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> http://www.wrapair.org/forums/ogwg/PhaseIII\_Inventory.html

## **Appendix C:**

## **Proposed Action Annual Emissions Tables: 6 Well Pad**

Table 1: Proposed Action Annual Emissions (tons/year) <sup>1</sup>			
Pollutant	Development	Production	Total
NOx	3.8	1.8	5.6
CO	2.2	1.08	3.28
VOC	0.1	10.2	10.3
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.005	0.01	0.02
$PM_{10}$	1.7	0.11	1.81
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.4	0.05	0.45
Benzene	2.20E-03	0.12	0.12
Toluene	1.60E-03	0.2	0.2
Ethylbenzene	3.40E-04	0.01	0.01
Xylene	1.10E-03	0.09	0.09
n-Hexane	1.70E-04	0.51	0.51
Formaldehyde	1.30E-02	1.30E-04	1.31E-02

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Emissions include 1 producing well and associated operations traffic during the year in which the project is developed

Table 2: Proposed Action versus 2012 WRAP Phase III Emissions Inventory Comparison			
Species  Proposed Action Production Emissions (ton/yr)  WRAP Phase III 2012 Uintah Basin Emission Inventory <sup>a</sup> (ton/yr) WRAI  Action WRAI  Phase I			
NOx	5.6	16,547	0.03%
VOC	10.3	127,495	0.01%

## **Appendix D:**

### **Proposed Action Annual Emissions Tables: 7 Well Pad**

Table 1: Proposed Action Annual Emissions (tons/year) <sup>1</sup>			
Pollutant	Development	Production	Total
NOx	3.8	2.1	5.9
CO	2.2	1.08	3.28
VOC	0.1	11.9	12
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.005	0.01	0.02
PM <sub>10</sub>	1.7	0.11	1.81
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.4	0.05	0.45
Benzene	2.20E-03	0.12	0.12
Toluene	1.60E-03	0.2	0.2
Ethylbenzene	3.40E-04	0.01	0.01
Xylene	1.10E-03	0.09	0.09
n-Hexane	1.70E-04	0.51	0.51
Formaldehyde	1.30E-02	1.30E-04	1.31E-02

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Emissions include 1 producing well and associated operations traffic during the year in which the project is developed

Table 2: Proposed Action versus 2012 WRAP Phase III Emissions Inventory Comparison					
Species	Proposed Action Production Emissions (ton/yr)  WRAP Phase III 2012 Uintah Basin Emission Inventory <sup>a</sup> (ton/yr) WRAF Proposed Action to WRAP Phase III 2012 Uintah Basin Emission Inventory <sup>a</sup> WRAF				
NOx	5.9	16,547	0.03%		
VOC	12	127,495	0.01%		

 $<sup>^</sup>a\ http://www.wrapair.org/forums/ogwg/PhaseIII\_Inventory.html$ 

Uintah Basin Data

## Appendix E:

**Proposed Action Annual Emissions Tables: 8 Well Pad** 

**Table 1: Proposed Action Annual Emissions (tons/year)**<sup>1</sup>

Pollutant	Development	Production	Total
NOx	3.8	2.4	6.2
CO	2.2	1.08	3.28
VOC	0.1	13.6	13.7
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.005	0.01	0.02
PM <sub>10</sub>	1.7	0.11	1.81
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.4	0.05	0.45
Benzene	2.20E-03	0.12	0.12
Toluene	1.60E-03	0.2	0.2
Ethylbenzene	3.40E-04	0.01	0.01
Xylene	1.10E-03	0.09	0.09
n-Hexane	1.70E-04	0.51	0.51
Formaldehyde	1.30E-02	1.30E-04	1.31E-02

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Emissions include 1 producing well and associated operations traffic during the year in which the project is developed

Table 2: Proposed Action versus 2012 WRAP Phase III Emissions Inventory Comparison			
Species	Proposed Action Production Emissions (ton/yr)	WRAP Phase III 2012 Uintah Basin Emission Inventory <sup>a</sup> (ton/yr)	Percentage of Proposed Action to WRAP Phase III
NOx	6.2	16,547	0.03%
VOC	13.7	127,495	0.01%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> http://www.wrapair.org/forums/ogwg/PhaseIII\_Inventory.html

## **Appendix F:**

**Proposed Action Annual Emissions Tables: 10 Well Pad** 

Table 1: Proposed Action Annual Emissions (tons/year) <sup>1</sup>			
Pollutant	Development	Production	Total
NOx	3.8	3	6.8
CO	2.2	1.08	3.28
VOC	0.1	17	17.1
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.005	0.01	0.02

$PM_{10}$	1.7	0.11	1.81
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.4	0.05	0.45
Benzene	2.20E-03	0.12	0.12
Toluene	1.60E-03	0.2	0.2
Ethylbenzene	3.40E-04	0.01	0.01
Xylene	1.10E-03	0.09	0.09
n-Hexane	1.70E-04	0.51	0.51
Formaldehyde	1.30E-02	1.30E-04	1.31E-02

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Emissions include 1 producing well and associated operations traffic during the year in which the project is developed

Table 2: Proposed Action versus 2012 WRAP Phase III Emissions Inventory Comparison				
Species  Proposed Action Production Emissions (ton/yr)  WRAP Phase III 2012 Uintah Basin Emission Action t Inventory <sup>a</sup> (ton/yr) Phase II				
NOx	6.8	16,547	0.03%	
VOC	17.1	127,495	0.01%	

 $<sup>^</sup>a\ http://www.wrapair.org/forums/ogwg/PhaseIII\_Inventory.html$ 

## **Appendix G:**

**Proposed Action Annual Emissions Tables: 12 Well Pad** 

Table 1: Proposed Action Annual Emissions (tons/year) <sup>1</sup>			
Pollutant	Development	Production	Total
NOx	3.8	3.6	7.4
CO	2.2	1.08	3.28
VOC	0.1	20.4	20.5
$SO_2$	0.005	0.01	0.02
$PM_{10}$	1.7	0.11	1.81
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.4	0.05	0.45

Benzene	2.20E-03	0.12	0.12
Toluene	1.60E-03	0.2	0.2
Ethylbenzene	3.40E-04	0.01	0.01
Xylene	1.10E-03	0.09	0.09
n-Hexane	1.70E-04	0.51	0.51
Formaldehyde	1.30E-02	1.30E-04	1.31E-02

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Emissions include 1 producing well and associated operations traffic during the year in which the project is developed

Table 2: Proposed Action versus 2012 WRAP Phase III Emissions Inventory Comparison						
Species	Proposed Action Production Emissions (ton/yr)	WRAP Phase III 2012 Uintah Basin Emission Inventory <sup>a</sup> (ton/yr)	Percentage of Proposed Action to WRAP Phase III			
NOx	7.4	16,547	0.03%			
VOC	20.5	127,495	0.01%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> http://www.wrapair.org/forums/ogwg/PhaseIII\_Inventory.html

## Appendix G:

## **Proposed Action Annual Emissions Tables: 15 Well Pad**

Table 1: Proposed Action Annual Emissions (tons/year) <sup>1</sup>						
Pollutant	Production	Total				
NOx	3.8	4.5	8.3			
CO	2.2	1.08	3.28			
VOC	0.1	25.5	25.6			
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.005	0.01	0.02			
$PM_{10}$	1.7	0.11	1.81			
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.4	0.05	0.45			
Benzene	2.20E-03	0.12	0.12			
Toluene	1.60E-03	0.2	0.2			
Ethylbenzene	3.40E-04	0.01	0.01			
Xylene	1.10E-03	0.09	0.09			
n-Hexane	1.70E-04	0.51	0.51			
Formaldehyde	1.30E-02	1.30E-04	1.31E-02			

25

Received: July 09, 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Emissions include 1 producing well and associated operations traffic during the year in which the project is developed

Table 2: Proposed Action versus 2012 WRAP Phase III Emissions Inventory Comparison						
Species	Proposed Action Production Emissions (ton/yr)	WRAP Phase III 2012 Uintah Basin Emission Inventory <sup>a</sup> (ton/yr)	Percentage of Proposed Action to WRAP Phase III			
NOx	8.3	16,547	0.03%			
VOC	25.6	127,495	0.01%			

 $<sup>^</sup>a\ http://www.wrapair.org/forums/ogwg/PhaseIII\_Inventory.html$ 

# **United States Department of the Interior**

### **BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT**

Utah State Office 440 West 200 South, Suite 500 Salt Lake City, UT 84101

IN REPLY REFER TO: 3160 (UT-922)

July 21, 2014

Memorandum

To: Assistant Field Office Manager Minerals,

Vernal Field Office

From: Michael Coulthard, Petroleum Engineer

Subject: 2014 Plan of Development Natural Buttes Unit

Uintah County, Utah.

Pursuant to email between Diana Mason, Division of Oil, Gas and Mining, and Mickey Coulthard, Utah State Office, Bureau of Land Management, the following wells are planned for calendar year 2014 within the Natural Buttes Unit, Uintah County, Utah.

API # WELL NAME LOCATION

(Proposed PZ WASATCH-MESA VERDE)

#### **NBU 921-19K PAD**

43-047-54592 NBU								1985 0886	
43-047-54594 NBU								1989 2314	
43-047-54595 NBU					R21E R21E				FWL FWL
43-047-54597 NBU								1986 0886	
43-047-54598 NBU					R21E R21E				FWL FWL
<b>NBU 921-19C PAD</b> 43-047-54593 NBU								2183 2321	
43-047-54617 NBU					R21E R21E				FWL FWL
43-047-54620 NBU					R21E R21E				FWL FWL
<b>NBU 921-19L PAD</b> 43-047-54596 NBU					R21E R21E			1540 2315	FWL FWL
43-047-54602 NBU	921-19D4CS	Sec	19	T09S	R21E	2626	FSL	1536	FWL

BHL Sec 19 T09S R21E 1253 FNL 0889 FWL

Received: July 23, 2014

(Proposed PZ WASATCH-MESA VERDE)
NBU 921-19L PAD

NBU 921-19L PAD	)									
		921-19E3AS BHL								
43-047-54604	NBU	921-19L1CS BHL								
43-047-54608	NBU	921-19F1CS BHL								
43-047-54611	NBU	921-19L4BS BHL								
		921-19L1BS BHL								
<b>NBU 921-19N PAI</b> 43-047-54599		921-19N4CS BHL								
43-047-54600	NBU	921-1901BS BHL								
43-047-54601	NBU	921-19M4CS BHL								
43-047-54606	NBU	921-1904CS BHL								
43-047-54607	NBU	921-19M4BS BHL								
43-047-54621	NBU	921-19N4BS BHL								
		921-19N2AS BHL	Sec Sec	19 19	T09S T09S	R21E R21E	1040 1085	FSL FSL	2786 2061	FWL FWL
<b>NBU 921-19J PAC</b> 43-047-54605		921-19G4CS BHL	Sec	19	T09S	R21E	2034	FSL	2193	FEL
43-047-54609	NBU	921-19G4BS BHL								
43-047-54618	NBU	921-19J1BS BHL								
		921-19J4CS BHL							2175 1957	
<b>NBU 921-19I PAD</b> 43-047-54610		921-19P1CS BHL							0906 0533	
43-047-54613	NBU	921-19I4BS BHL							0873 0531	
43-047-54614	NBU	921-19I1BS BHL							0886 0532	

API # WELL NAME LOCATION

(Proposed PZ WASATCH-MESA VERDE)

**NBU 921-19I PAD** 

43-047-54615 NBU 921-19H4CS Sec 19 T09S R21E 1629 FSL 0893 FEL BHL Sec 19 T09S R21E 2402 FNL 0533 FEL

43-047-54616 NBU 921-19H4BS Sec 19 T09S R21E 1622 FSL 0899 FEL BHL Sec 19 T09S R21E 2071 FNL 0533 FEL

This office has no objection to permitting the wells at this time.

Michael Coulthard

Dischael Coulthard, DN: cn-Michael Coulthard, o=Bureau of Land
Management, ou=Division of Minerals,
email=mcoultha@blm.gov, c=US
Date: 2014.07.21 09:18:53 -06'00'

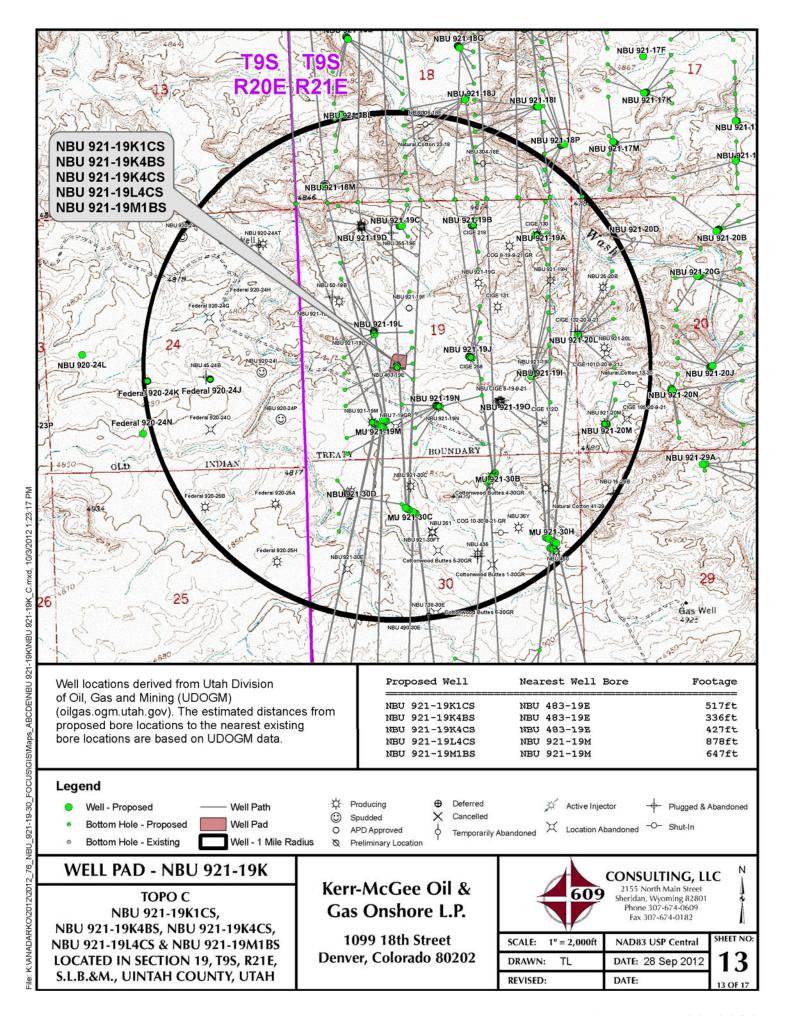
bcc: File - Natural Buttes Unit
Division of Oil Gas and Mining
Central Files

Agr. Sec. Chron Fluid Chron

MCoulthard:mc:7-21-14

API	Well name	Surface Location
43-047-54592	NBU 921-19M1BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1863 FSL 1985 FWL
43-047-54593	NBU 921-19C1CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 0521 FNL 2183 FWL
43-047-54594	NBU 921-19K4BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1892 FSL 1989 FWL
43-047-54595	NBU 921-19K1CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1902 FSL 1991 FWL
43-047-54596	NBU 921-19K1BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 2587 FSL 1540 FWL
43-047-54597	NBU 921-19L4CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1873 FSL 1986 FWL
43-047-54598	NBU 921-19K4CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1883 FSL 1988 FWL
43-047-54599	NBU 921-19N4CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1018 FSL 2831 FWL
43-047-54600	NBU 921-1901BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1014 FSL 2840 FWL
43-047-54601	NBU 921-19M4CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1031 FSL 2804 FWL
43-047-54602	NBU 921-19D4CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 2626 FSL 1536 FWL
43-047-54603	NBU 921-19E3AS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 2606 FSL 1538 FWL
43-047-54604	NBU 921-19L1CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 2567 FSL 1543 FWL
43-047-54605	NBU 921-19G4CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 2034 FSL 2193 FEL
43-047-54606	NBU 921-1904CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1010 FSL 2849 FWL
43-047-54607	NBU 921-19M4BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1035 FSL 2795 FWL
43-047-54608	NBU 921-19F1CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 2597 FSL 1539 FWL
43-047-54609	NBU 921-19G4BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 2039 FSL 2202 FEL
43-047-54610	NBU 921-19P1CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1614 FSL 0906 FEL
43-047-54611	NBU 921-19L4BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 2557 FSL 1544 FWL
43-047-54612	NBU 921-19L1BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 2577 FSL 1542 FWL
43-047-54613	NBU 921-19I4BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1652 FSL 0873 FEL
43-047-54614	NBU 921-19I1BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1637 FSL 0886 FEL
43-047-54615	NBU 921-19H4CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1629 FSL 0893 FEL
43-047-54616	NBU 921-19H4BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1622 FSL 0899 FEL
43-047-54617	NBU 921-19D1BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 0523 FNL 2153 FWL
43-047-54618	NBU 921-19J1BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 2030 FSL 2184 FEL
43-047-54619	NBU 921-19J4CS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 2026 FSL 2175 FEL
43-047-54620	NBU 921-19C4BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 0522 FNL 2173 FWL
43-047-54621	NBU 921-19N4BS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1027 FSL 2813 FWL
43-047-54622	NBU 921-19N2AS	Sec 19 T09S R21E 1040 FSL 2786 FWL

1 of 1 7/21/2014





Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19K PAD Well: NBU 921-19M1BS

Wellbore: OH

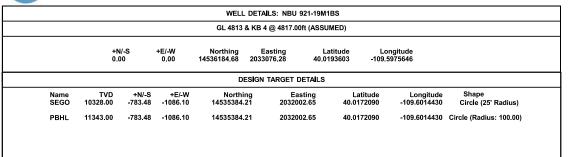
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY



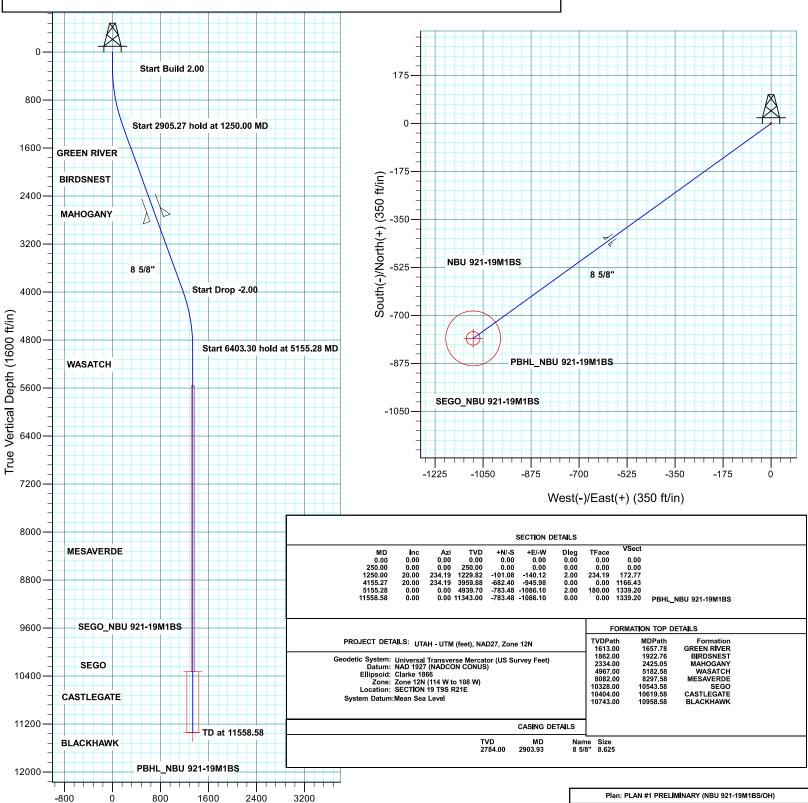


Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52005.5snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/12/2013 Model: BGGM2013



Vertical Section at 234.19° (1600 ft/in)



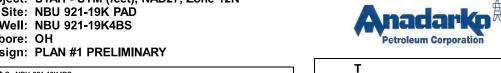


Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Well: NBU 921-19K4BS

Wellbore: OH

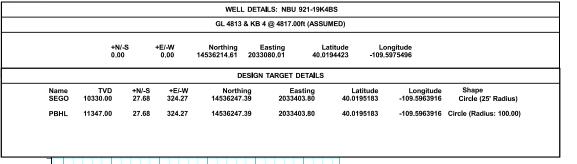
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY



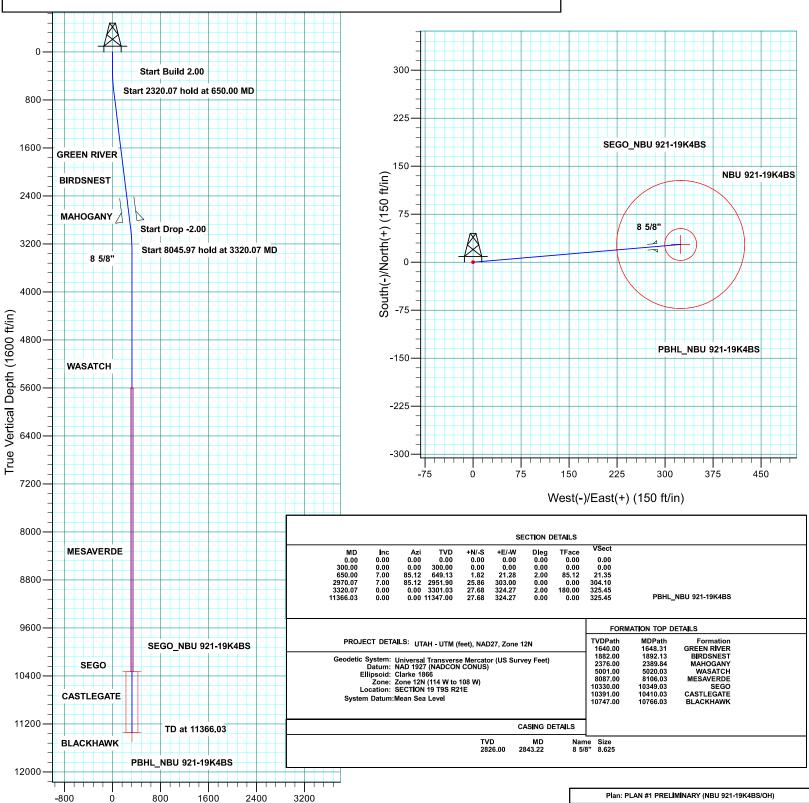


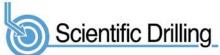
Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52005.5snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/12/2013 Model: BGGM2013



Vertical Section at 85.12° (1600 ft/in)





+N/-S 0.00

351.71

351.71

TVD 10340.00

11359.00

Name SEGO +E/-W 0.00

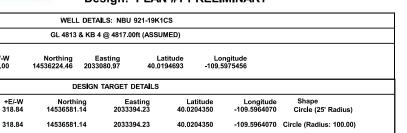
Vertical Section at 42.19° (1600 ft/in)

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19K PAD Well: NBU 921-19K1CS

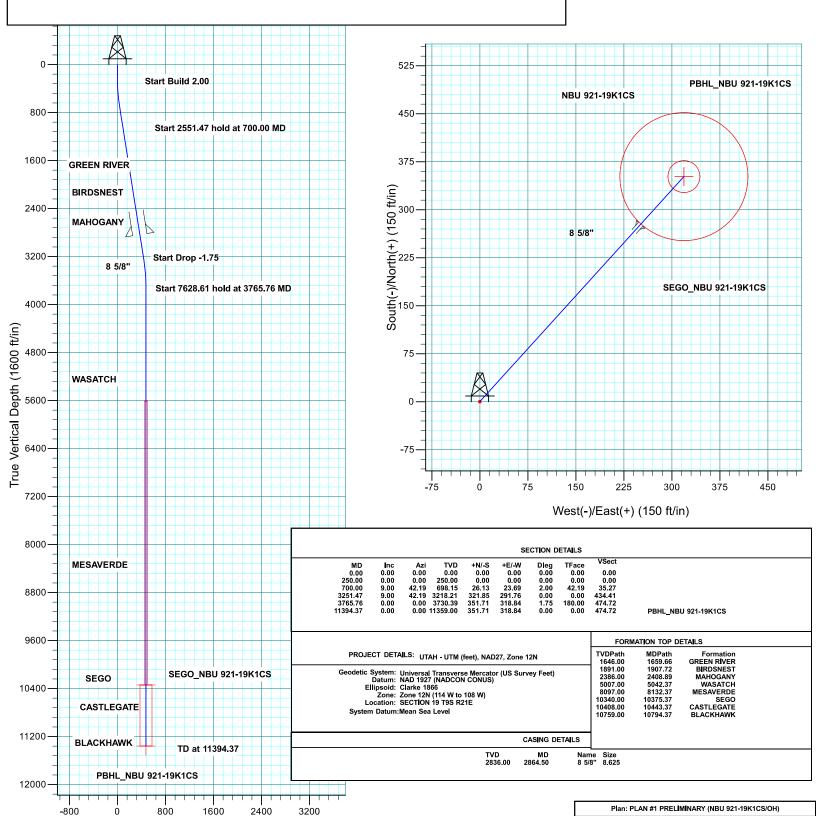
Wellbore: OH

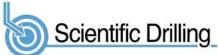
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY











0

800

1600

Vertical Section at 247.22° (1600 ft/in)

2400

3200

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19K PAD Well: NBU 921-19L4CS

Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

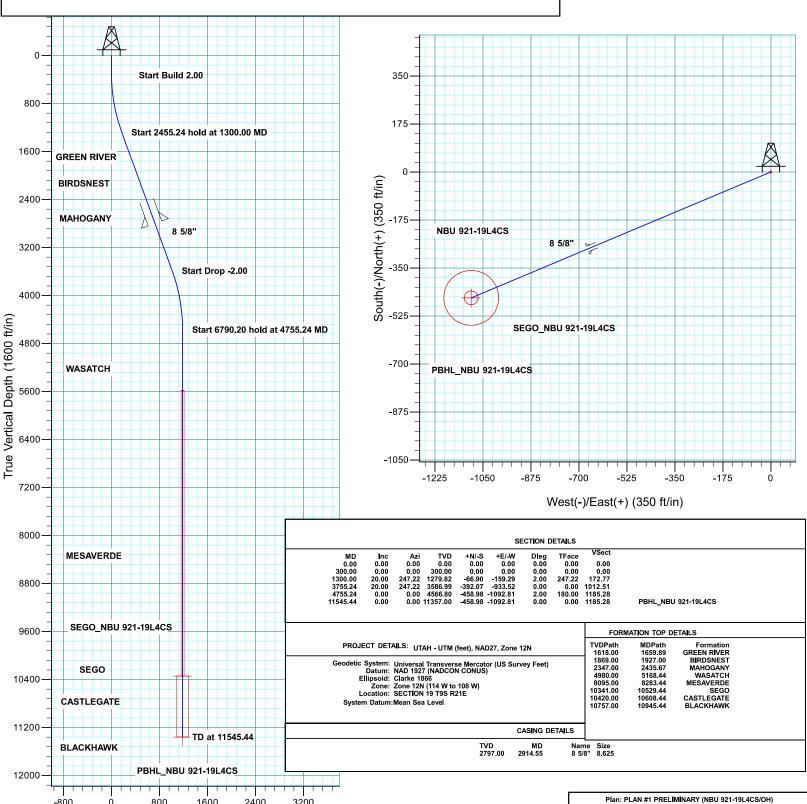


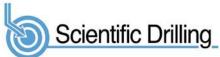


Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52005.5snT Dip Angle: 65.79 Date: 11/12/2013 Model: BGGM2013







0

800

1600

Vertical Section at 131.83° (1600 ft/in)

2400

3200

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19K PAD Well: NBU 921-19K4CS

Wellbore: OH

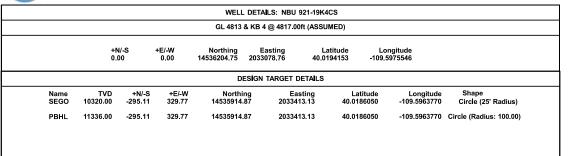
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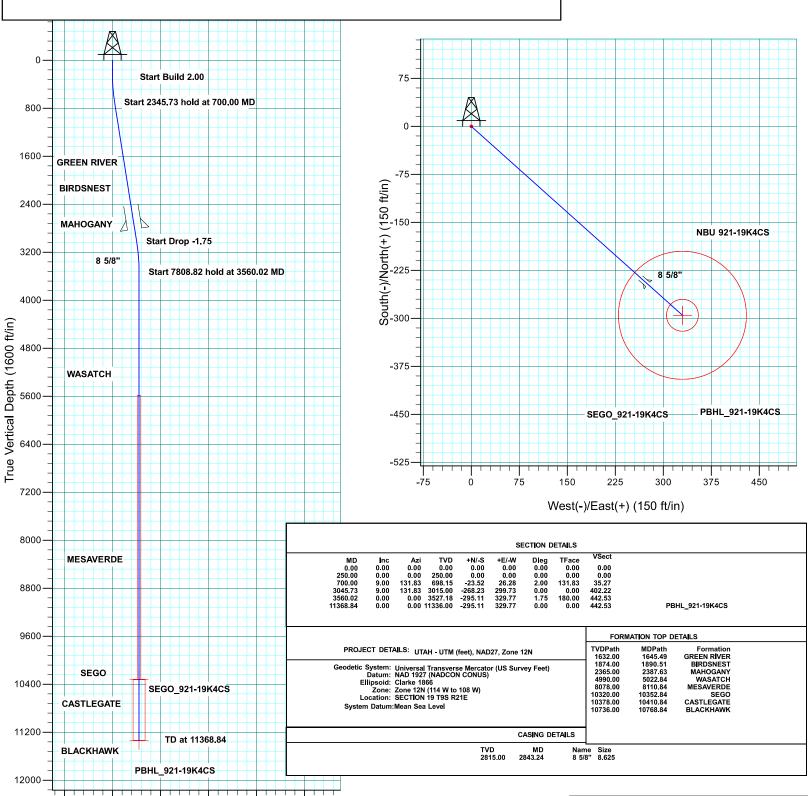




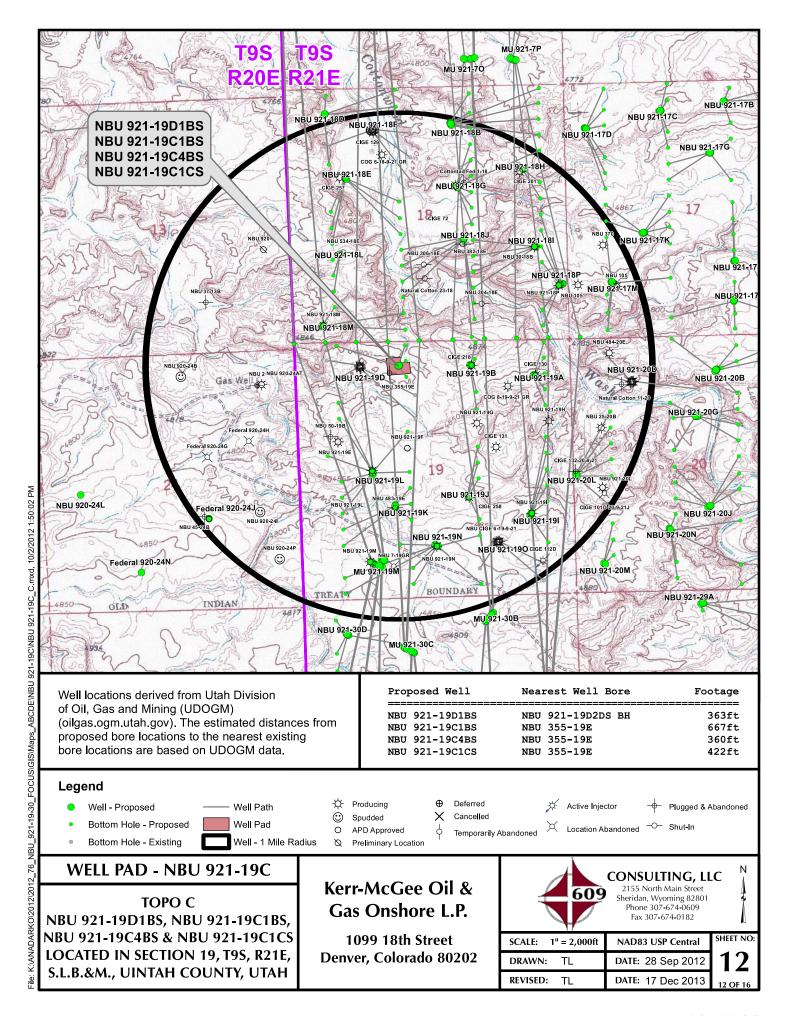
Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

Magnetic Field Strength: 52005.5snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/12/2013 Model: BGGM2013





Plan: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY (NBU 921-19K4CS/OH)





Site: NBU 921-19C PAD Well: NBU 921-19C1CS

Wellbore: OH

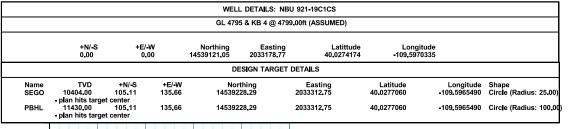
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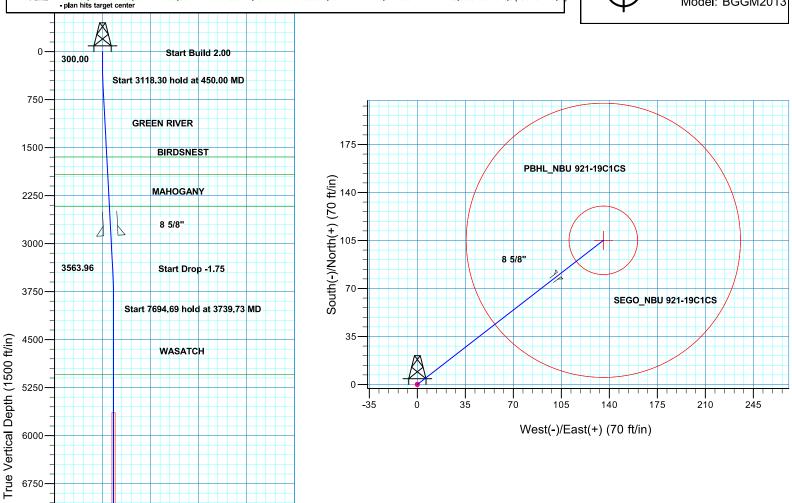


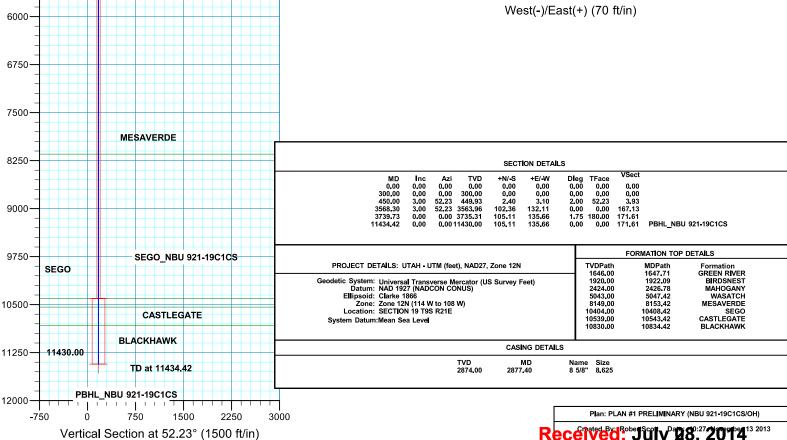


Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52010.4snT Dip Angle: 65.80° Date: 2013/11/11 Model: BGGM2013







ecerved. July 28, 2014 2013



+N/-S 0.00

+E/-W 0.00

Northing 14539118.76

TD at 11696.02

2250

3000

1500

750

Vertical Section at 289.41° (1500 ft/in)

12000

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19C PAD Well: NBU 921-19D1BS

Wellbore: OH

WELL DETAILS: NBU 921-19D1BS

GL 4795 & KB 4 @ 4799.00ft (ASSUMED)

Easting 2033148.84

DESIGN TARGET DETAILS

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

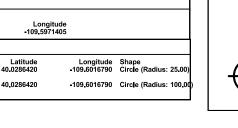
Latittude 40.0274124

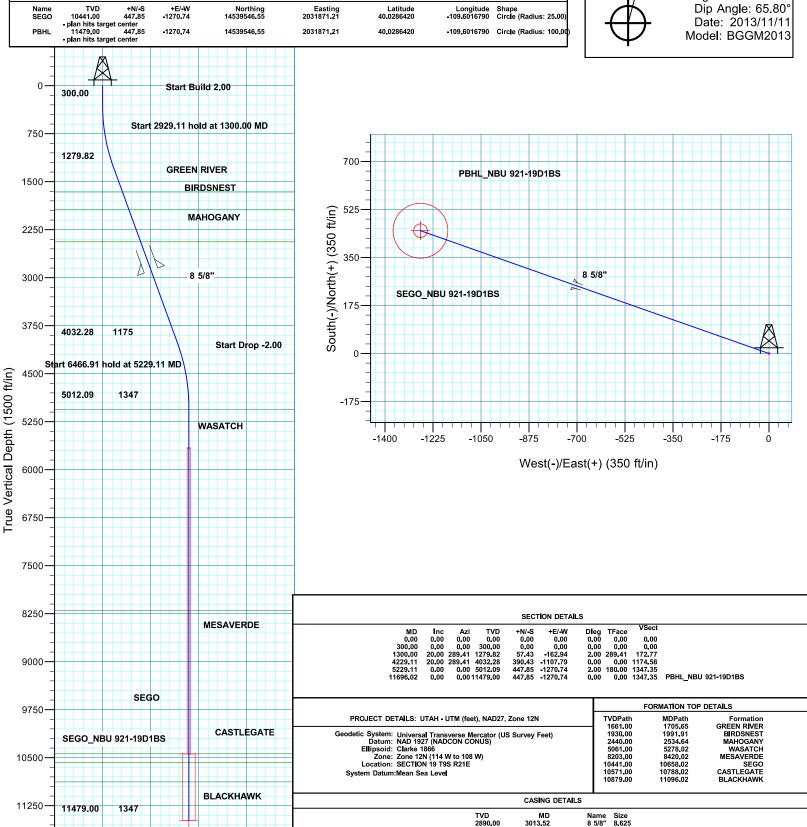




Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52010.4snT Dip Angle: 65.80° Date: 2013/11/11





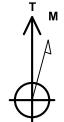


Site: NBU 921-19C PAD Well: NBU 921-19C4BS

Wellbore: OH

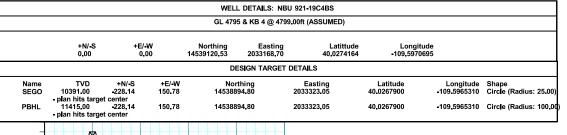
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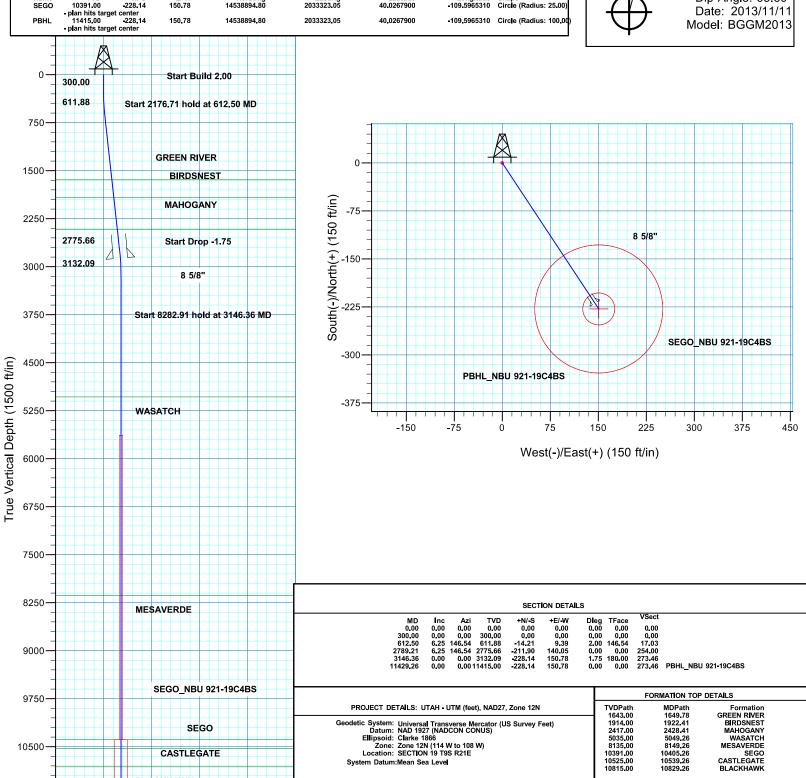




Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52010.4snT Dip Angle: 65.80° Date: 2013/11/11





System Datum:Mean Sea Level

**BLACKHAWK** 

TD at 11429.26

Vertical Section at 146.54° (1500 ft/in)

1500

2250

3000

750

11415.00

11250

12000

-750

Name Size 8 5/8" 8.625

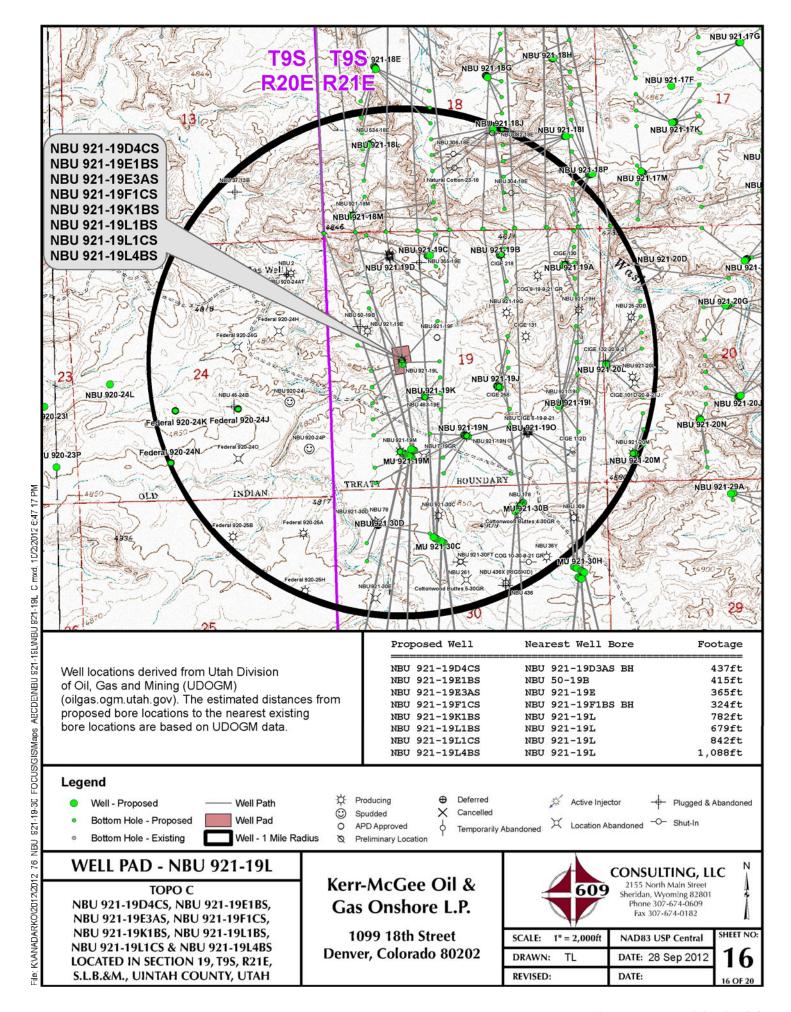
CASING DETAILS

MD 2880.97

TVD 2867.00

ecerved. July 28,342 014 2013

Plan: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY (NBU 921-19C4BS/OH)





11200

12000

-800

**BLACKHAWK** 

PBHL\_NBU 921-19K1BS

800

TD at 11475.71

2400

3200

1600

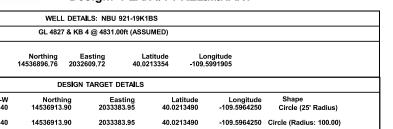
Vertical Section at 89.63° (1600 ft/in)

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

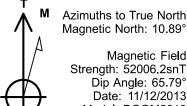
Site: NBU 921-19L PAD Well: NBU 921-19K1BS

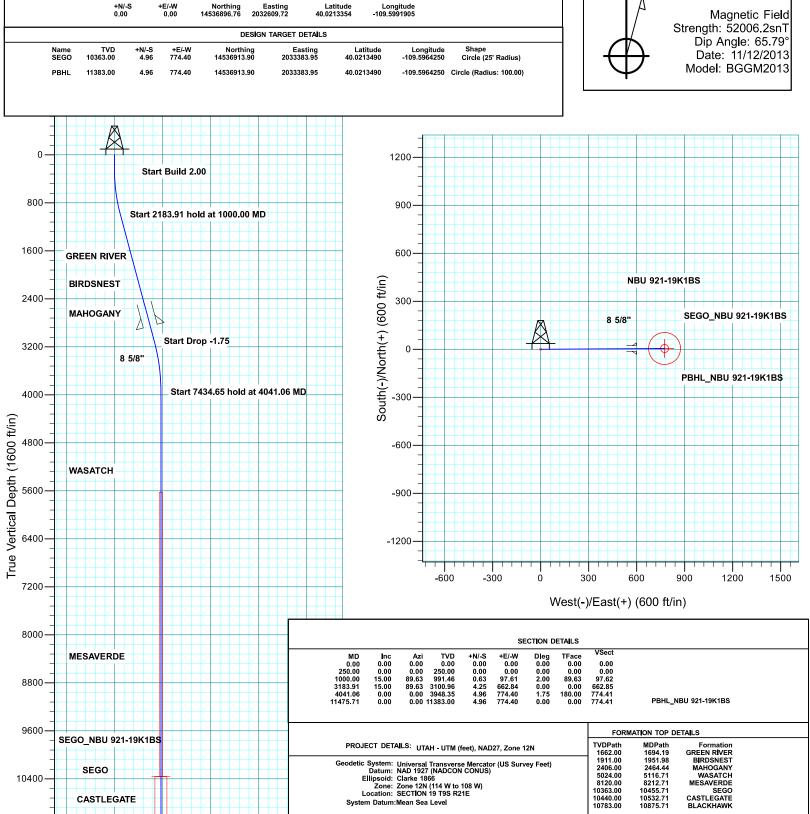
Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY









CASING DETAILS

Name Size 8 5/8" 8.625

MΠ

2930.31



Site: NBU 921-19L PAD Well: NBU 921-19D4CS

Wellbore: OH

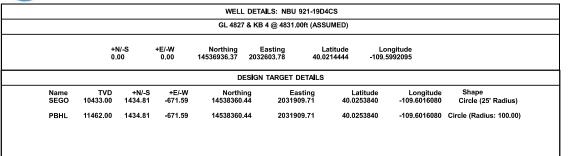
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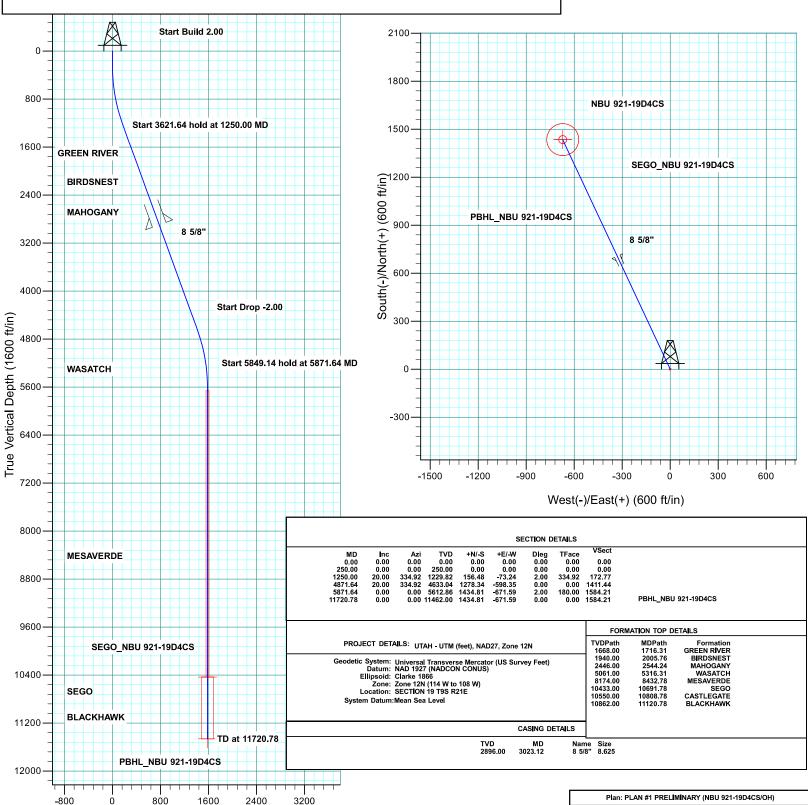


Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.3snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/12/2013 Model: BGGM2013



Vertical Section at 334.92° (1600 ft/in)





800

1600

Vertical Section at 290.94° (1600 ft/in)

2400

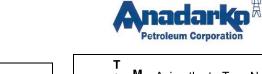
3200

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19L PAD Well: NBU 921-19E3AS

Wellbore: OH

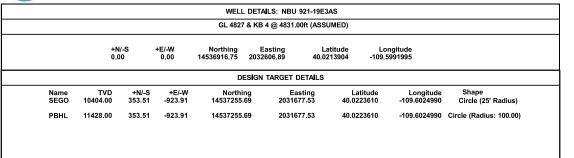
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

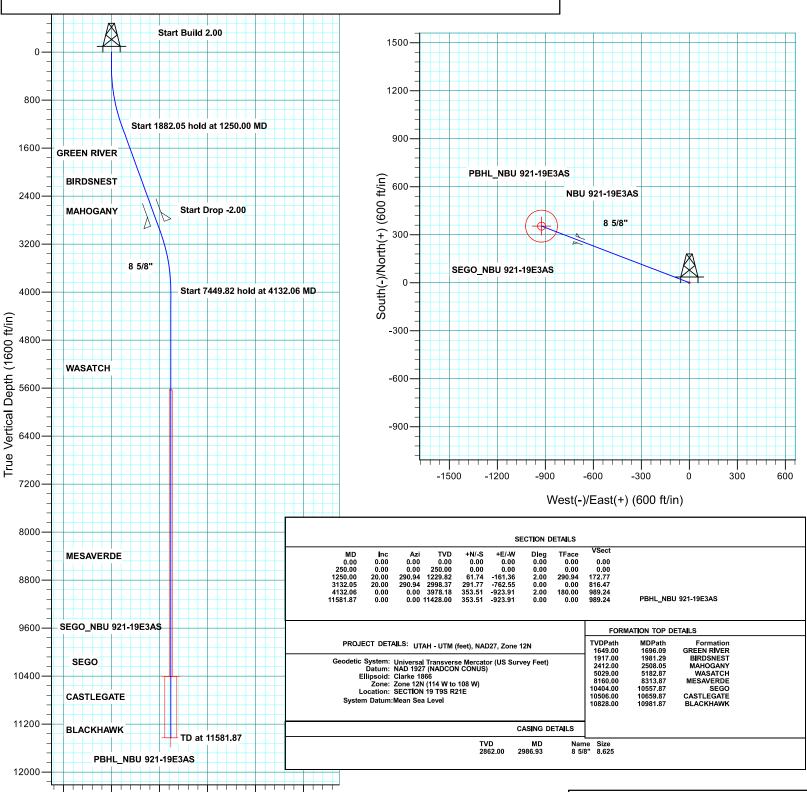




Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.3snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/12/2013 Model: BGGM2013







800

1600

Vertical Section at 233.49° (1600 ft/in)

2400

3200

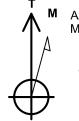
Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19L PAD Well: NBU 921-19L1CS

Wellbore: OH

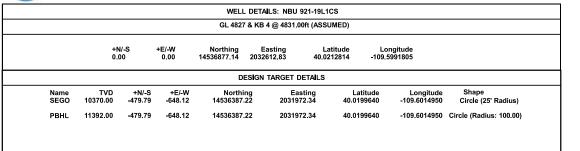
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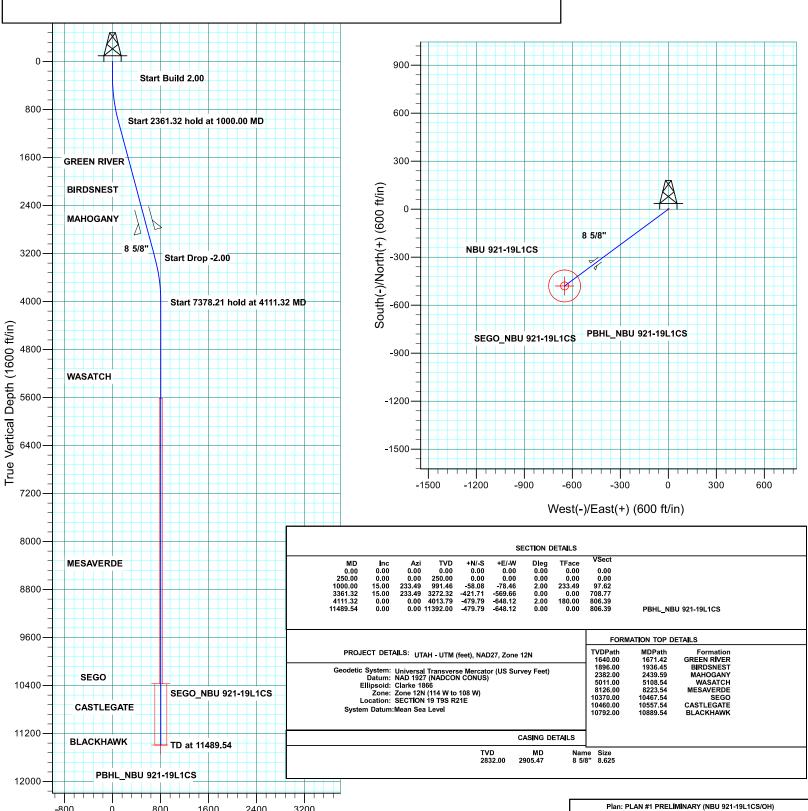




Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.2snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/12/2013 Model: BGGM2013







Site: NBU 921-19L PAD Well: NBU 921-19F1CS

Wellbore: OH

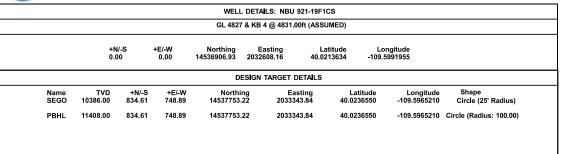
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY



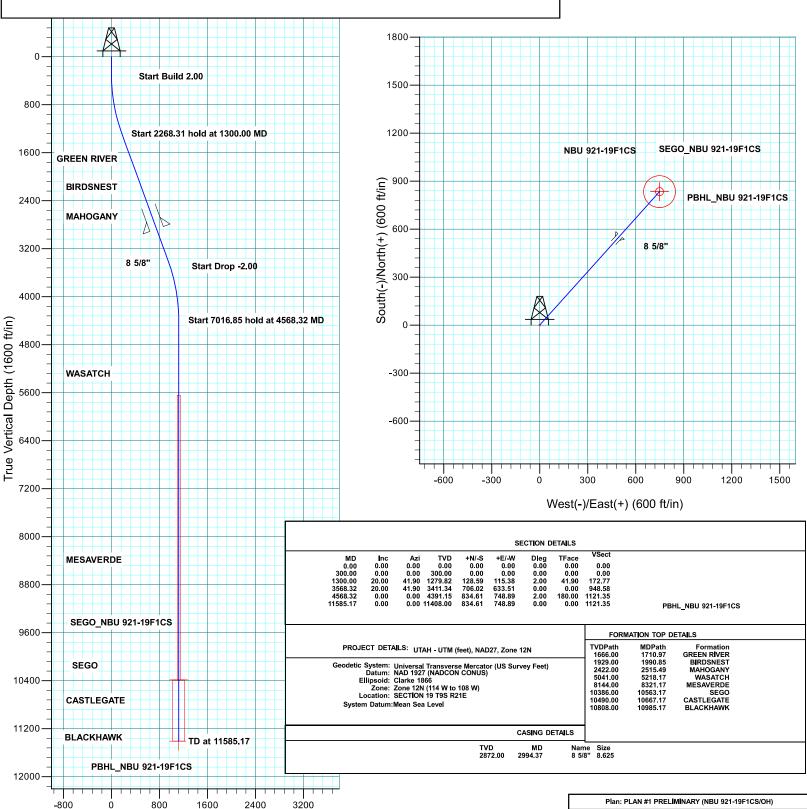


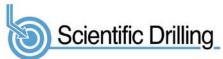
Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.2snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/12/2013 Model: BGGM2013



Vertical Section at 41.90° (1600 ft/in)





Site: NBU 921-19L PAD Well: NBU 921-19L4BS

Wellbore: OH

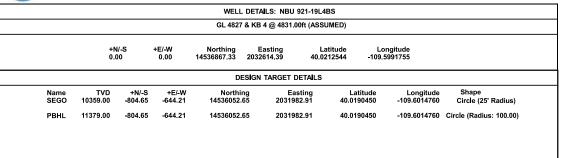
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY



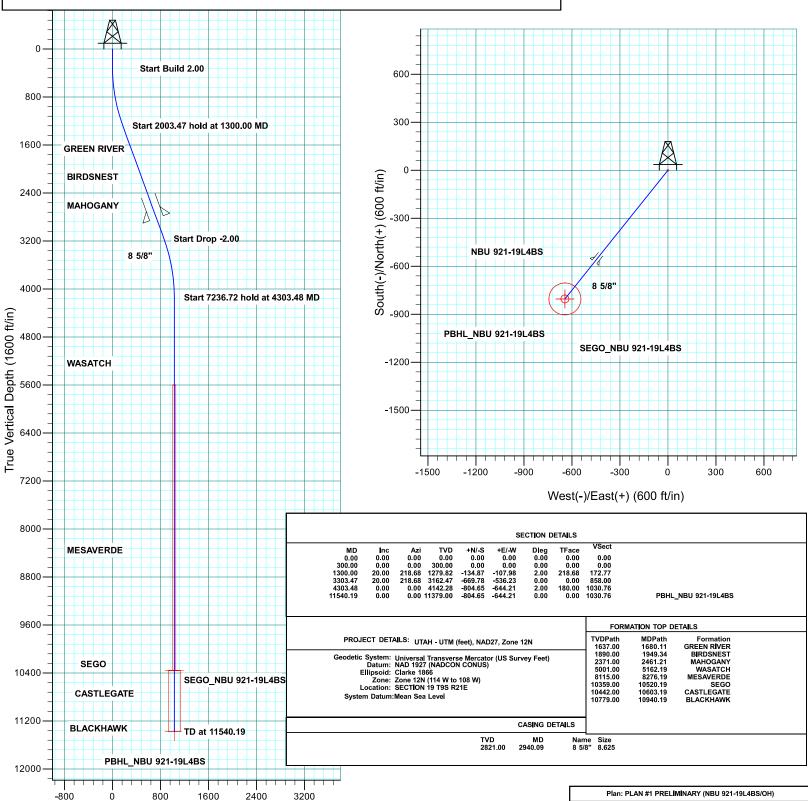


Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.2snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/12/2013 Model: BGGM2013



Vertical Section at 218.68° (1600 ft/in)



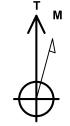


Site: NBU 921-19L PAD Well: NBU 921-19L1BS

Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY



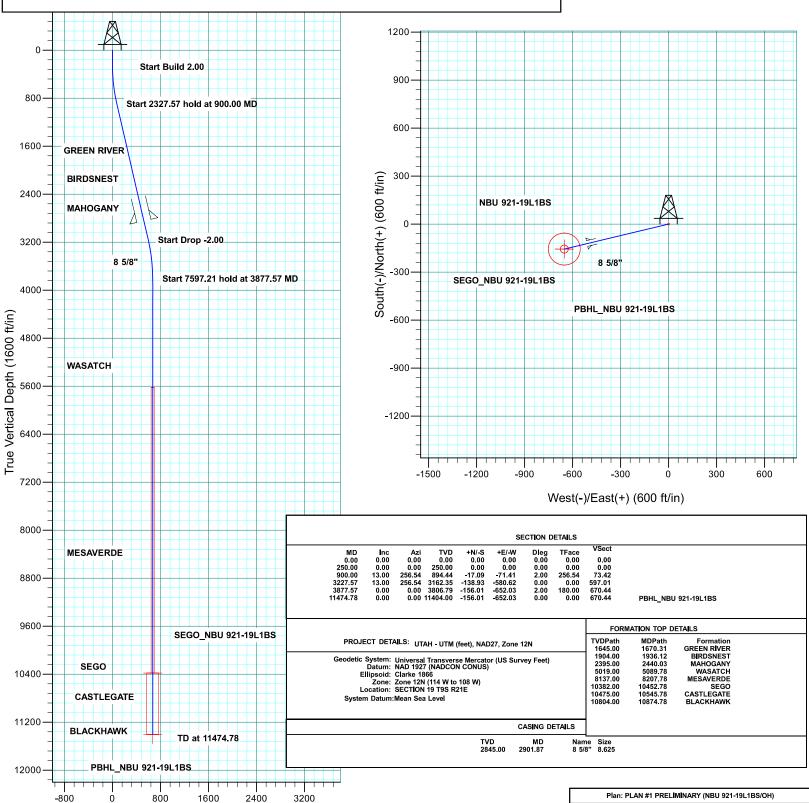


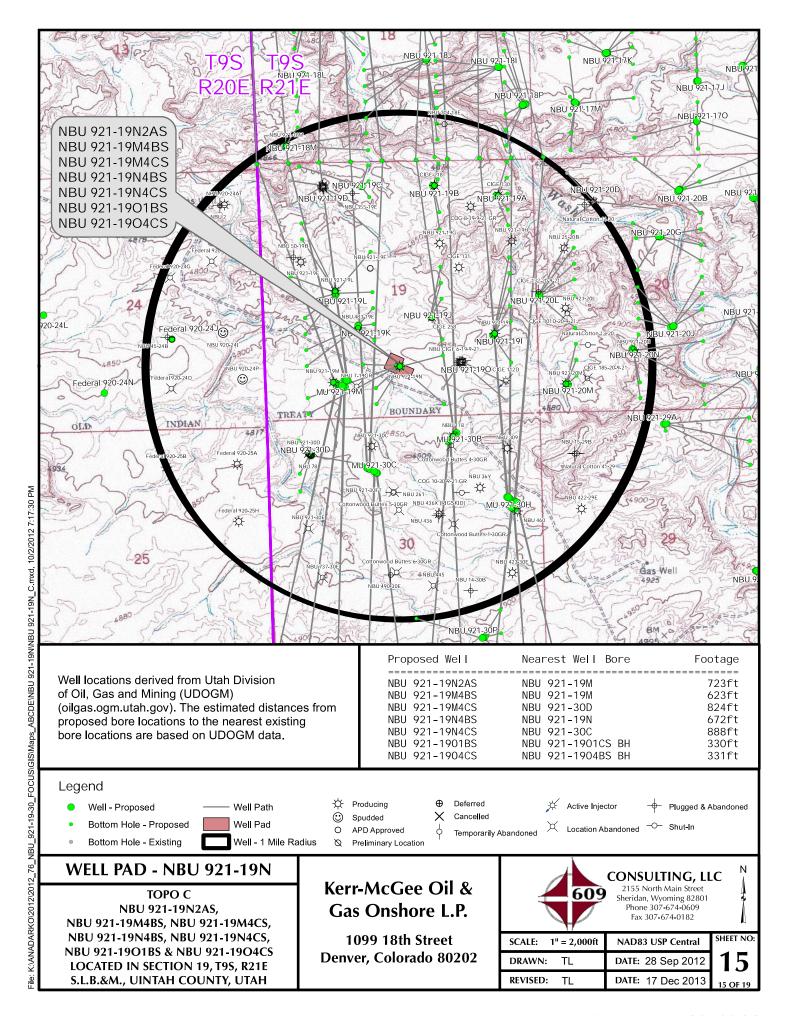
Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.2snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/12/2013 Model: BGGM2013



Vertical Section at 256.54° (1600 ft/in)







+N/-S 0.00

Vertical Section at 213.26° (1600 ft/in)

TVD 10299.00

11317.00

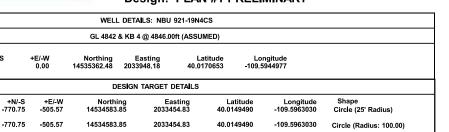
Name SEGO

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19N PAD Well: NBU 921-19N4CS

Wellbore: OH

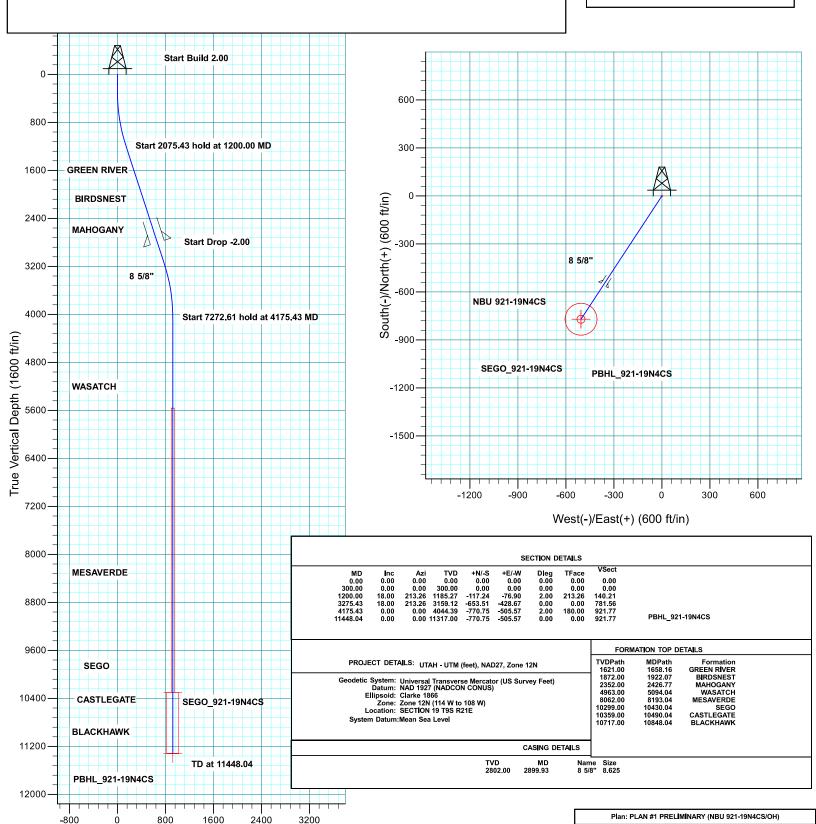
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY





Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

Magnetic Field Strength: 52004.1snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/13/2013 Model: BGGM2013





Site: NBU 921-19N PAD Well: NBU 921-1901BS

Wellbore: OH

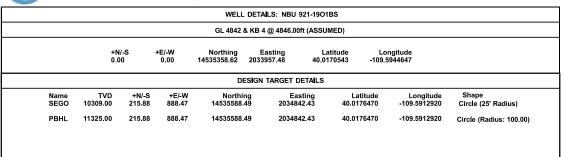
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY



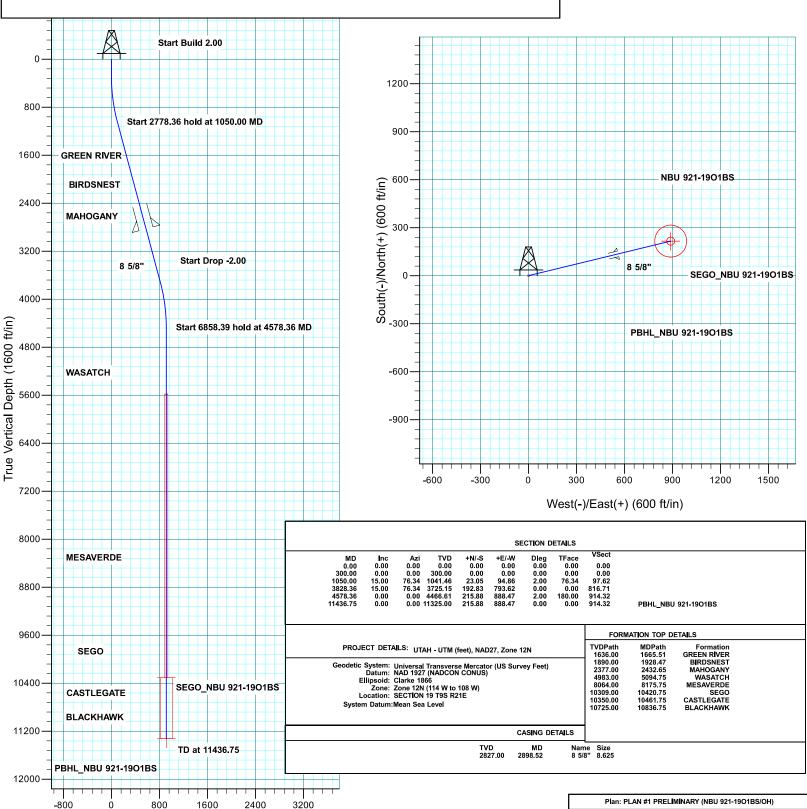


Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

Magnetic Field Strength: 52004.1snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/13/2013 Model: BGGM2013



Vertical Section at 76.34° (1600 ft/in)





800

1600

Vertical Section at 243.18° (1600 ft/in)

2400

3200

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19N PAD Well: NBU 921-19M4CS

Wellbore: OH

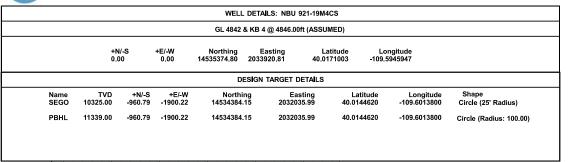
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

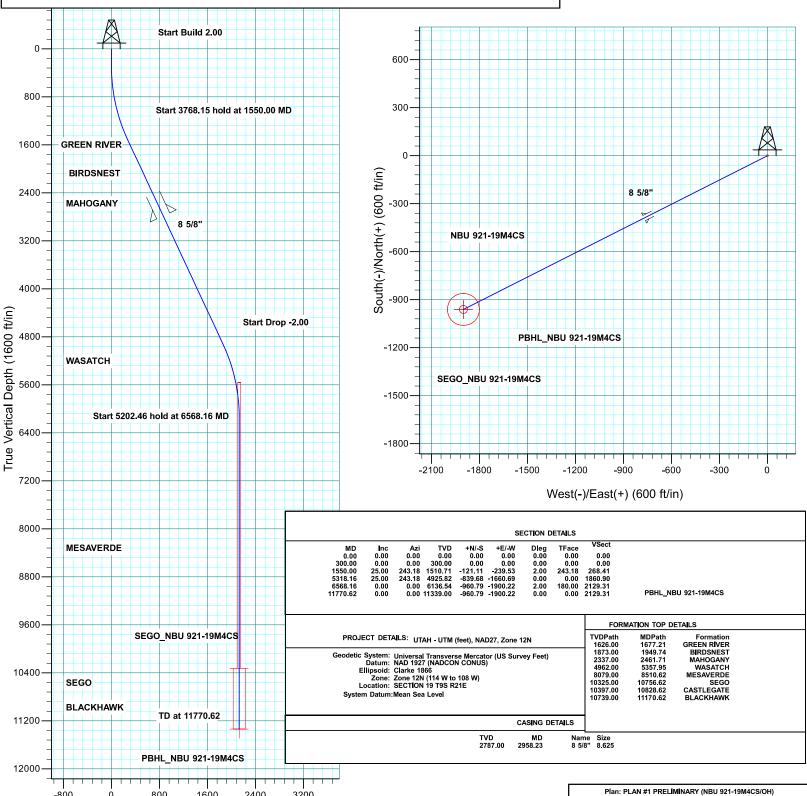




Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52004.1snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/13/2013 Model: BGGM2013







Site: NBU 921-19N PAD Well: NBU 921-19O4CS

Wellbore: OH

TD at 11479.12

2400

3200

1600

Vertical Section at 132.04° (1600 ft/in)

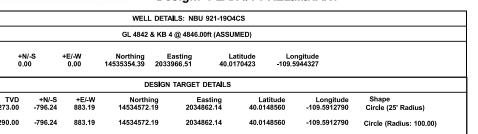
PBHL\_NBU 921-1904CS

800

12000

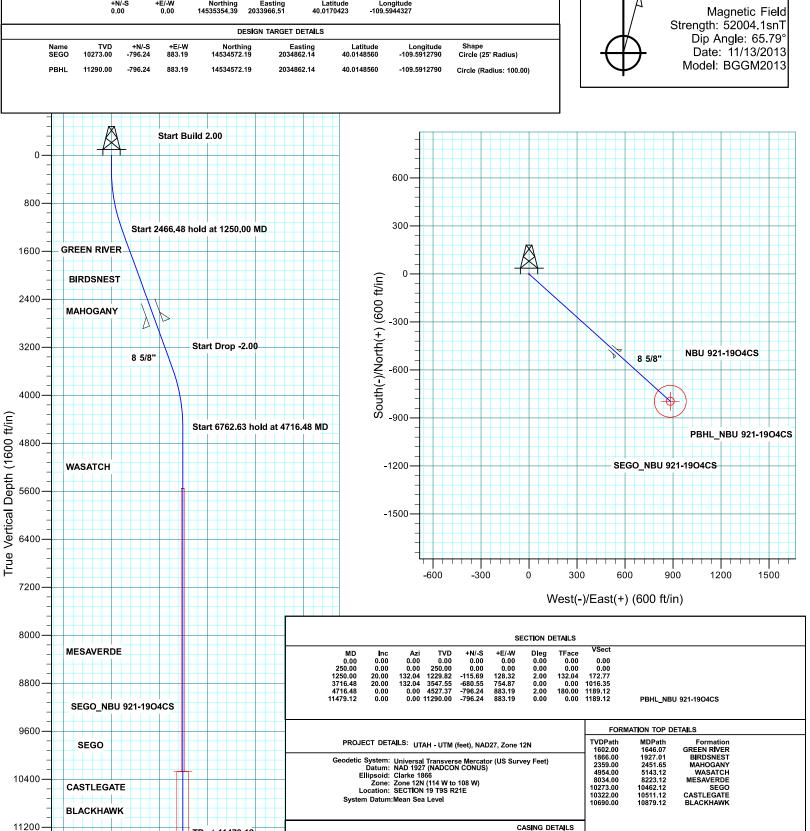
-800

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY



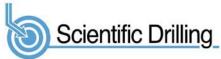


Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°



Name Size 8 5/8" 8 625

MΠ 2930.53



800

1600

Vertical Section at 251.56° (1600 ft/in)

2400

3200

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19N PAD Well: NBU 921-19M4BS

Wellbore: OH

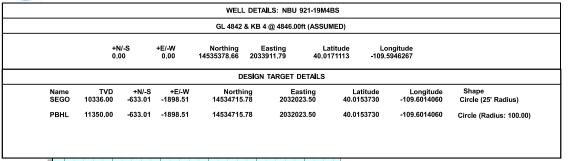
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

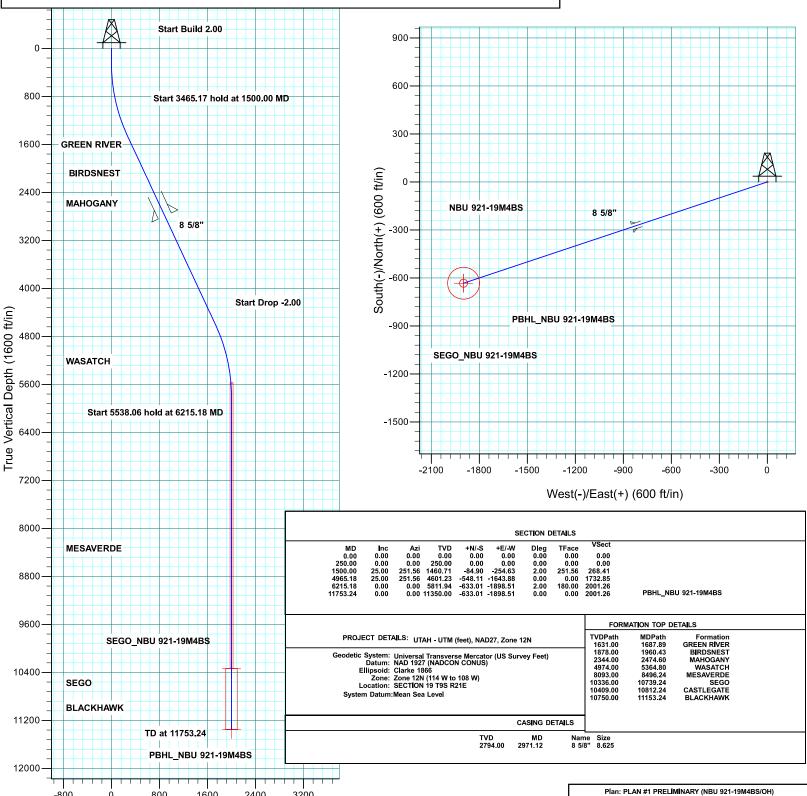




Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52004.1snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/13/2013 Model: BGGM2013







800

1600

Vertical Section at 227.83° (1600 ft/in)

2400

3200

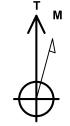
Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19N PAD Well: NBU 921-19N4BS

Wellbore: OH

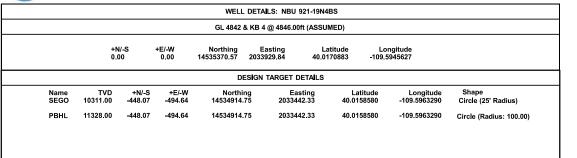
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

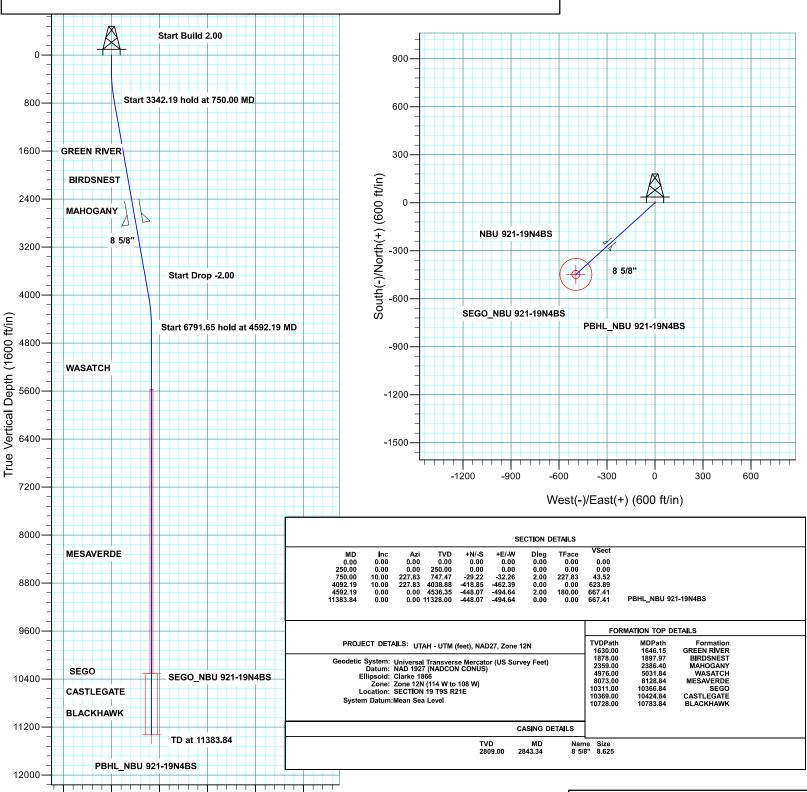




Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

Magnetic Field Strength: 52004.1snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 11/13/2013 Model: BGGM2013





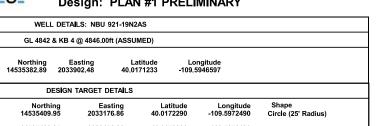


Site: NBU 921-19N PAD Well: NBU 921-19N2AS

Wellbore: OH

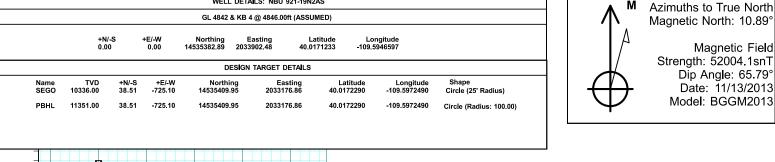
Vertical Section at 273.04° (1600 ft/in)

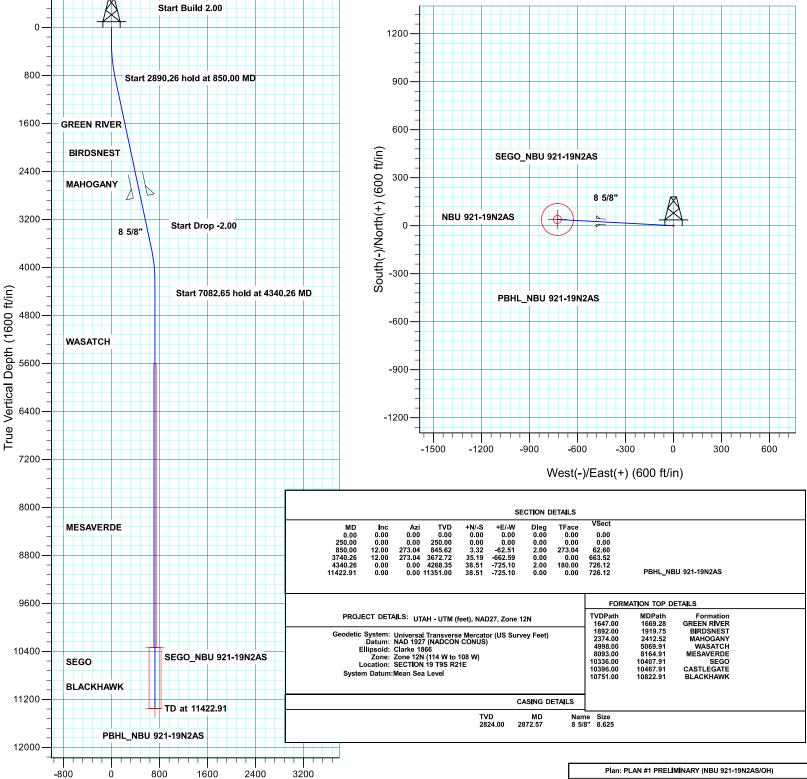
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

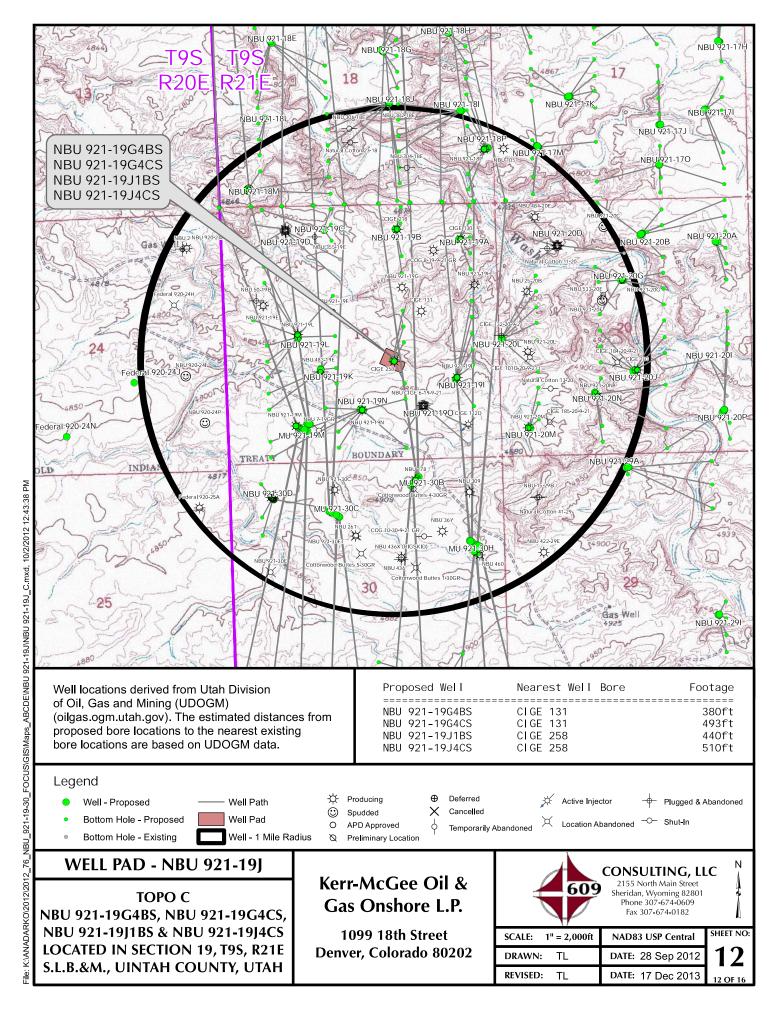












Received: July 29, 2014



Site: NBU 921-19J PAD Well: NBU 921-19G4CS

Wellbore: OH

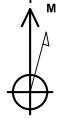
Design: PLAN #1 PREMLINARY

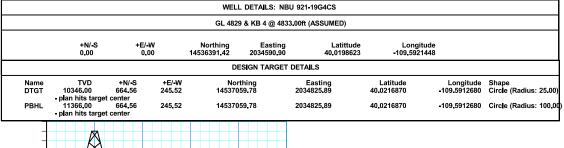


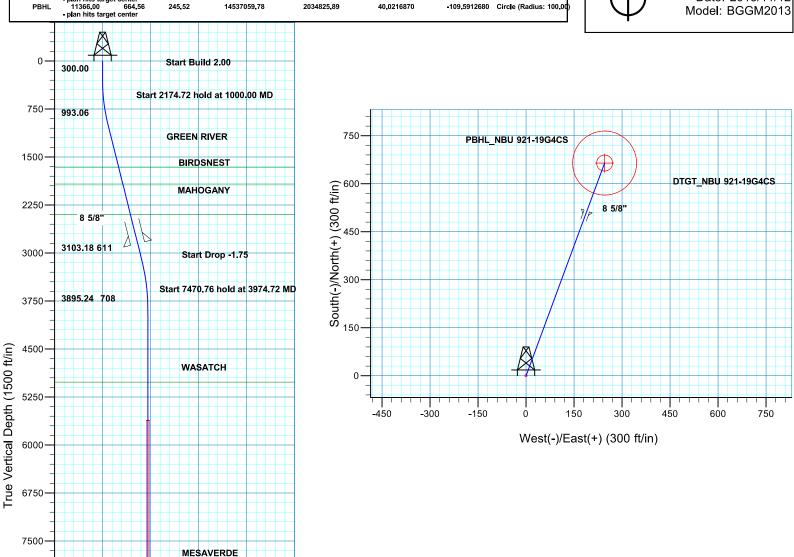


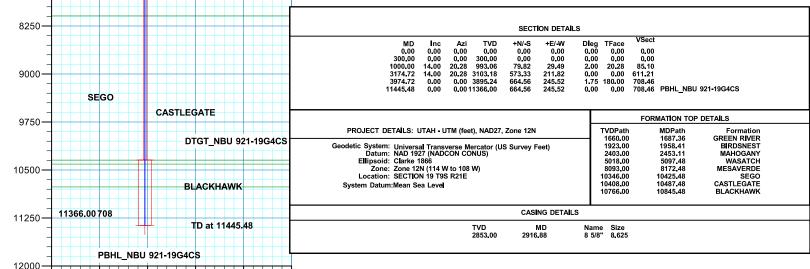
Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.4snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 2013/11/12









1500

Vertical Section at 20.28° (1500 ft/in)

2250

3000

Plan: PLAN #1 PREMLINARY (NBU 921-19G4CS/OH)

ece**ived:** July 291,462014<sup>13 2013</sup>



12000

1500

Vertical Section at 14.27° (1500 ft/in)

2250

3000

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19J PAD Well: NBU 921-19G4BS

Wellbore: OH

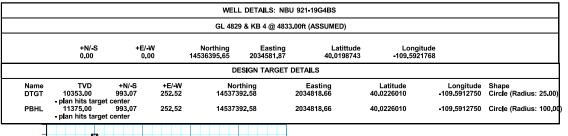
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY





Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.4snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 2013/11/12



Model: BGGM2013 0 Start Build 2.00 300.00 Start 1985.66 hold at 1300.00 MD 750 1279.82 PBHL\_NBU 921-19G4BS GREEN RIVER 1000 1500 BIRDSNEST DTGT\_NBU 921-19G4BS South(-)/North(+) (400 ft/in) MAHOGANY 800 8 5/8" 2250 8 5/8' 600 3145.72 852 Start Drop -2.00 3000 Start 7249.46 hold at 4285.66 MD 400 3750 4125.54 1025 200 True Vertical Depth (1500 ft/in) 4500 WASATCH 5250 200 -600 -200 400 600 800 1000 -400 West(-)/East(+) (400 ft/in) 6000 6750 7500 MESAVERDE 8250 SECTION DETAILS Azi TVD 0.00 0.00 0.00 300.00 14.27 1279.82 14.27 3145.72 0.00 4125.54 0.00 11375.00 +N/-S 0.00 0.00 167.44 825.63 993.07 +E/-W 0.00 0.00 42.58 209.94 252.52 252.52 Dleg 0.00 0.00 2.00 0.00 2.00 0.00 TFace 0.00 0.00 14.27 0.00 180.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 20.00 20.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 172.77 851.90 1024.67 1024.67 1300.00 9000 3285.66 PBHL\_NBU 921-19G4BS SEGO CASTLEGATE FORMATION TOP DETAILS 9750 TVDPath 1655.00 1935.00 2413.00 MDPath 1699.26 1997.23 2505.91 5190.12 8261.12 Formation GREEN RIVER BIRDSNEST MAHOGANY WASATCH PROJECT DETAILS: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N odetic System: Universal Transverse Mercator (US Survey Feet)
Datum: NAD 1927 (NADCON CONUS)
Ellipsoid: Clarke 1866
Zone: Zone 12N (114 W to 108 W)
Location: SECTION 19 T9S R21E DTGT\_NBU 921-19G4 2413.00 5030.00 8101.00 10353.00 10437.00 10775.00 MESAVERDE 10500 10513 12 10597 12 10935 12 SEGO CASTLEGATE BLACKHAWK BLACKHAWK System Datum:Mean Sea Level CASING DETAILS 11375.00 1025 11250 TD at 11535.12 TVD 2863.00 MD 2984.79 Name Size 8 5/8" 8.625 PBHL\_NBU 921-19G4BS



CASTLEGATE

TD at 11382.45

Vertical Section at 35.37° (1500 ft/in)

**PBHL NBU 921-19J1BS** 

750

BLACKHAWK

1500

2250

3000

9750

10500

11250

12000

11355.00

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19J PAD Well: NBU 921-19J1BS

Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

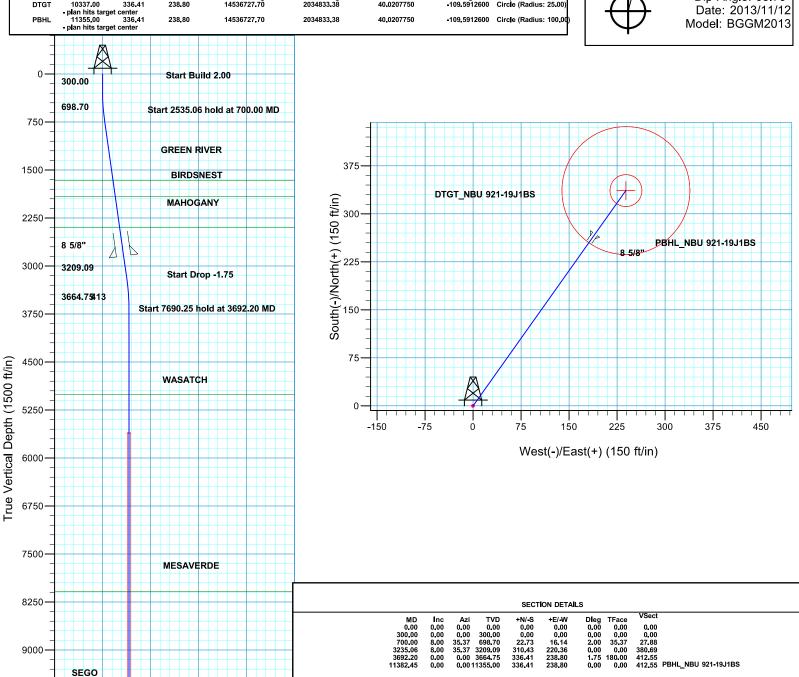




Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.4snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 2013/11/12





FORMATION TOP DETAILS TVDPath 1662.00 1914.00 2394.00 5009.00 8086.00 10337.00 10383.00 10755.00 MDPath 1672.77 1927.24 2411.96 5036.45 8113.45 10364.45 10410.45 10782.45 Formation GREEN RIVER BIRDSNEST MAHOGANY WASATCH PROJECT DETAILS: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N DTGT\_NBU 921-19J1BS odetic System: Universal Transverse Mercator (US Survey Feet)
Datum: NAD 1927 (NADCON CONUS)
Ellipsoid: Clarke 1866
Zone: Zone 12N (114 W to 108 W)
Location: SECTION 19 T9S R21E MESAVERDE SEGO CASTLEGATE BLACKHAWK System Datum:Mean Sea Level CASING DETAILS TVD 2844.00 MD 2866.38 Name Size 8 5/8" 8.625



6750

7500

MESAVERDE

1500

Vertical Section at 155.41° (1500 ft/in)

2250

3000

Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19J PAD Well: NBU 921-19J4CS

Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

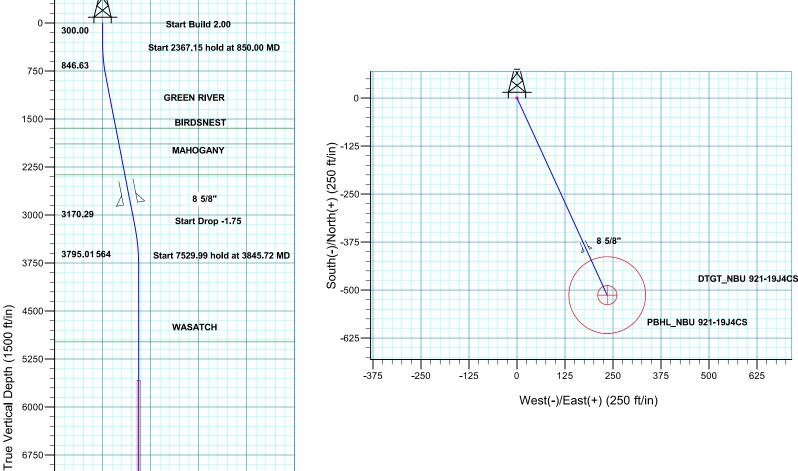


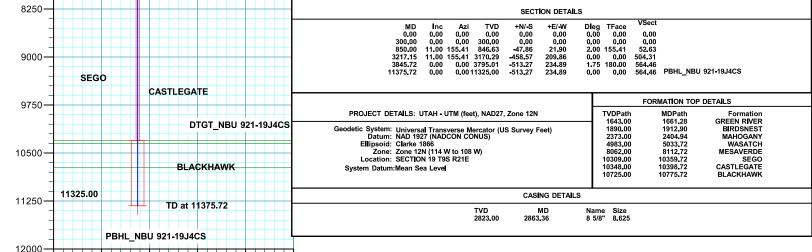


Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

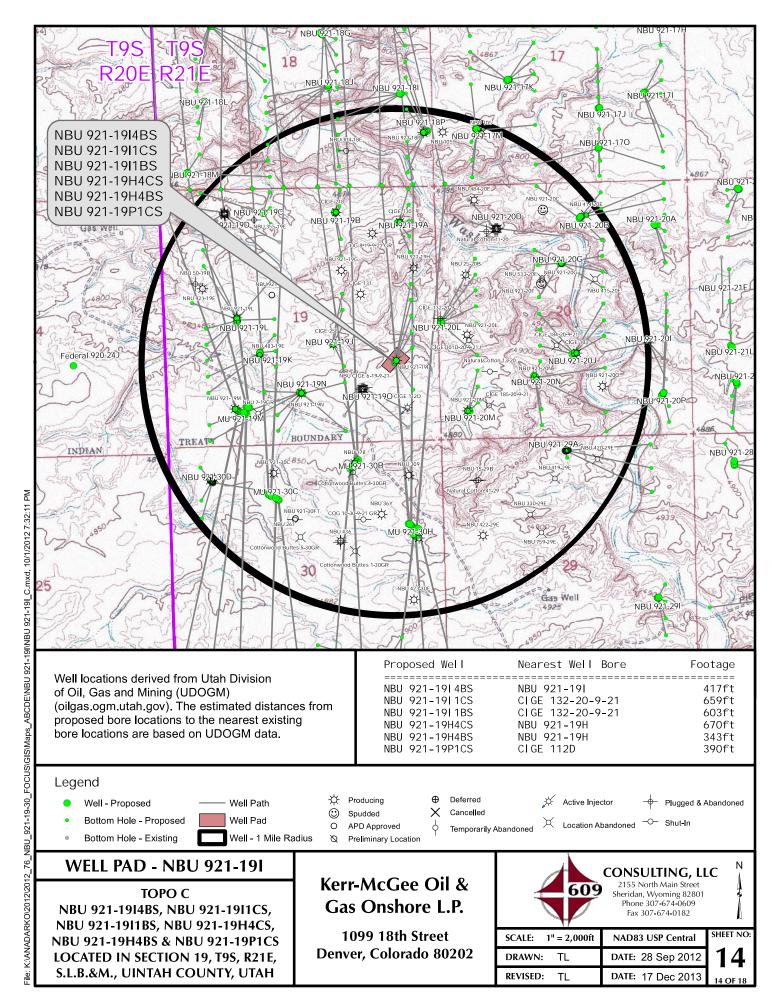
> Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.4snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 2013/11/12 Model: BGGM2013







Plan: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY (NBU 921-19J4CS/OH)





True Vertical Depth (1500 ft/in)

8250

12000

-750

MESAVERDE

750

Vertical Section at 146.59° (1500 ft/in)

1500

2250

3000

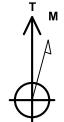
Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-191 PAD Well: NBU 921-19P1CS

Wellbore: OH

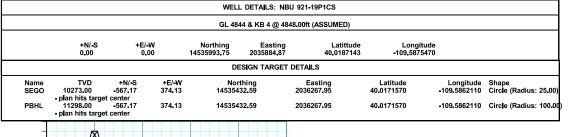
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

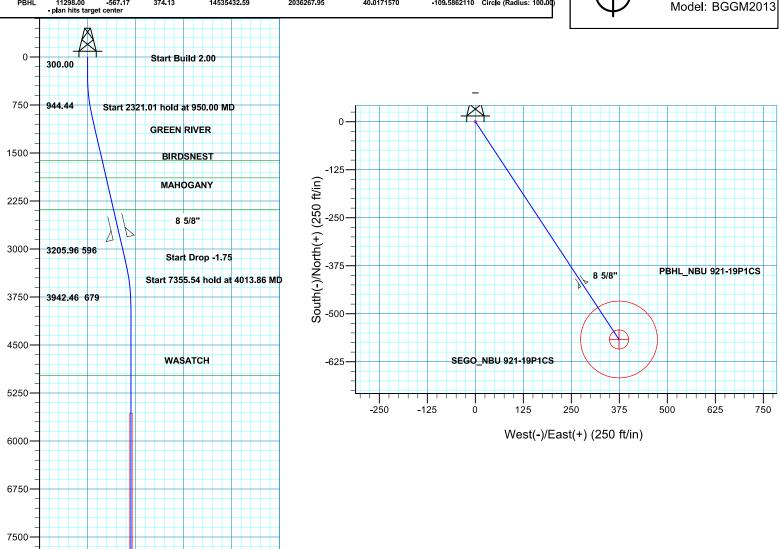


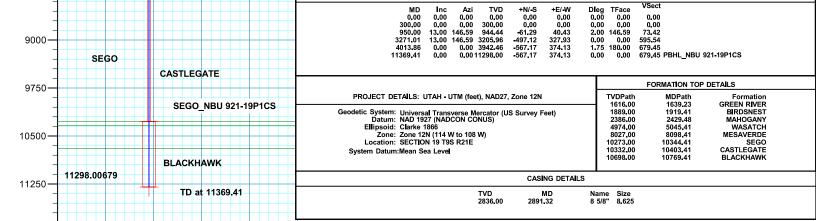


Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.4snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 2013/11/12 Model: BGGM2013







SECTION DETAILS

Plan: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY (NBU 921-19P1CS/OH)

Received: July 28, 2014 13 2013

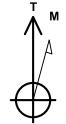


Site: NBU 921-19I PAD Well: NBU 921-19I4BS

Wellbore: OH

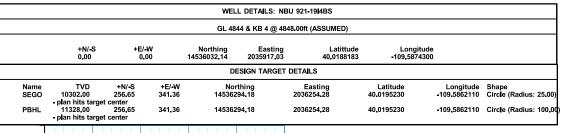
Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

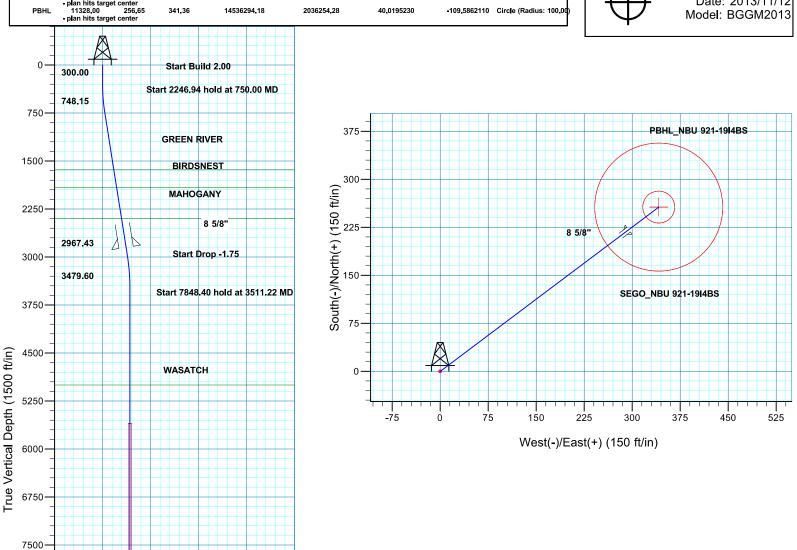


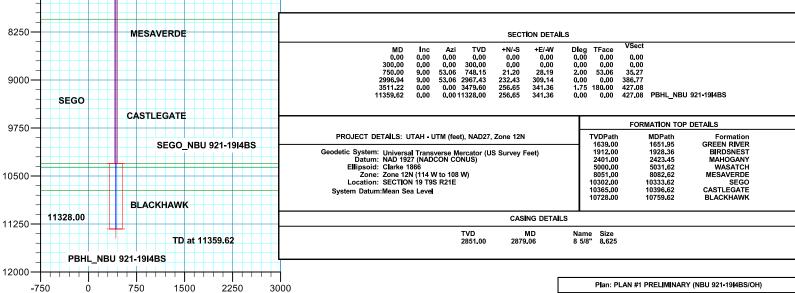


Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.4snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 2013/11/12







Vertical Section at 53.06° (1500 ft/in)

ece**ived:** July 28;12014<sup>13 2013</sup>



12000

-750

750

1500

Vertical Section at 20.68° (1500 ft/in)

2250

3000

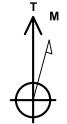
Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19I PAD Well: NBU 921-1911BS

Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

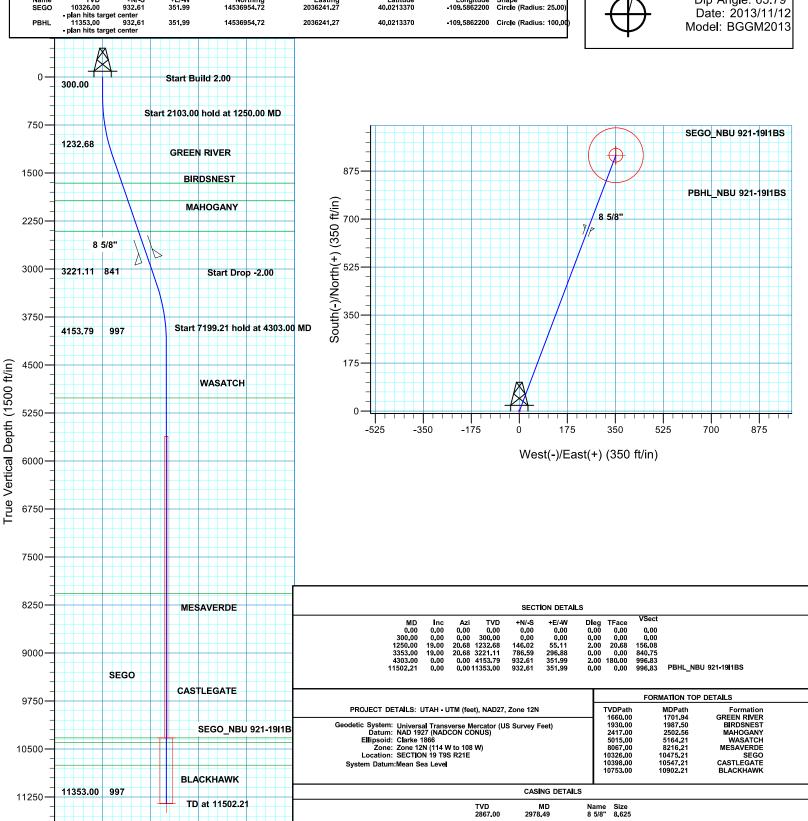




Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.4snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 2013/11/12







12000

-750

750

1500

Vertical Section at 15.52° (1500 ft/in)

2250

3000

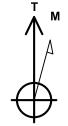
Project: UTAH - UTM (feet), NAD27, Zone 12N

Site: NBU 921-19I PAD Well: NBU 921-19H4CS

Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

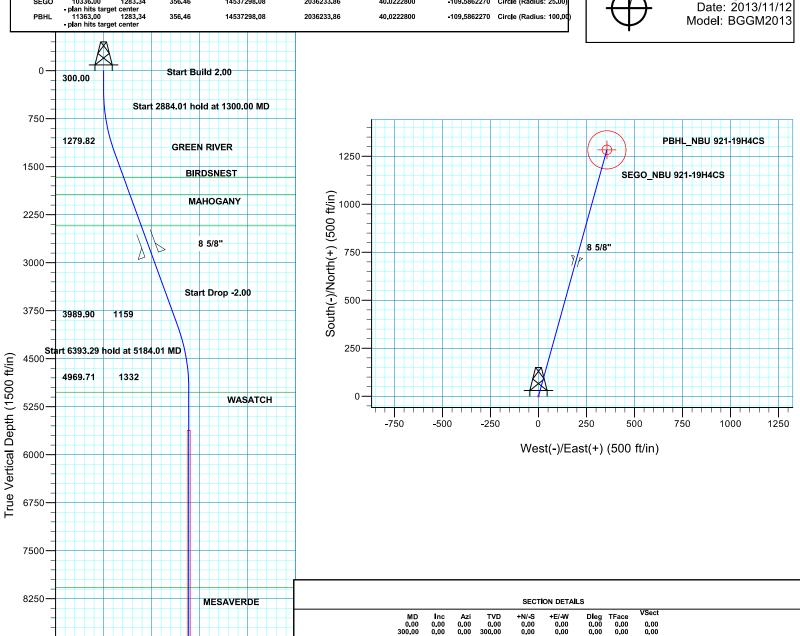


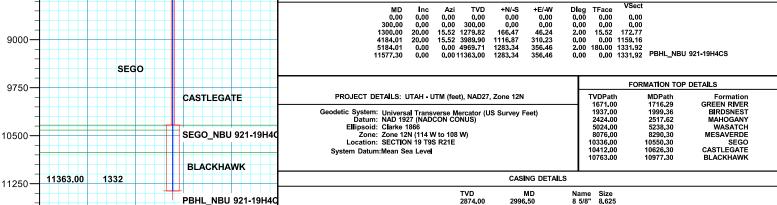


Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.4snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 2013/11/12 Model: BGGM2013







Plan: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY (NBU 921-19H4CS/OH)

Received: July 28,5201413 2013



Site: NBU 921-19I PAD Well: NBU 921-19H4BS

Wellbore: OH

Design: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY

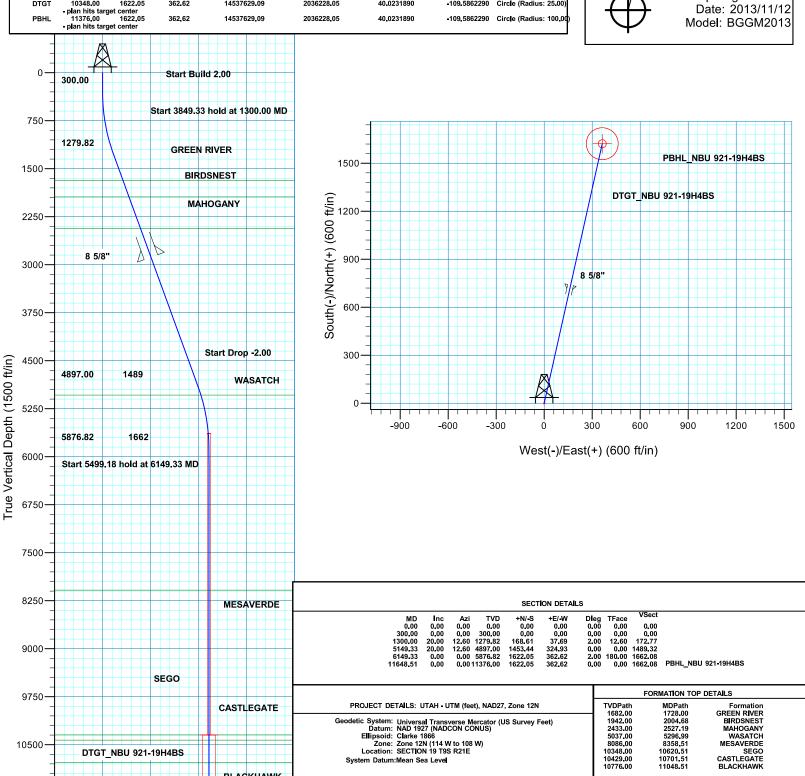




Azimuths to True North Magnetic North: 10.89°

> Magnetic Field Strength: 52006.4snT Dip Angle: 65.79° Date: 2013/11/12





System Datum:Mean Sea Level

**BLACKHAWK** 

TD at 11648.51

2250

3000

11376.00

11250

12000

-750

1662

750

1500

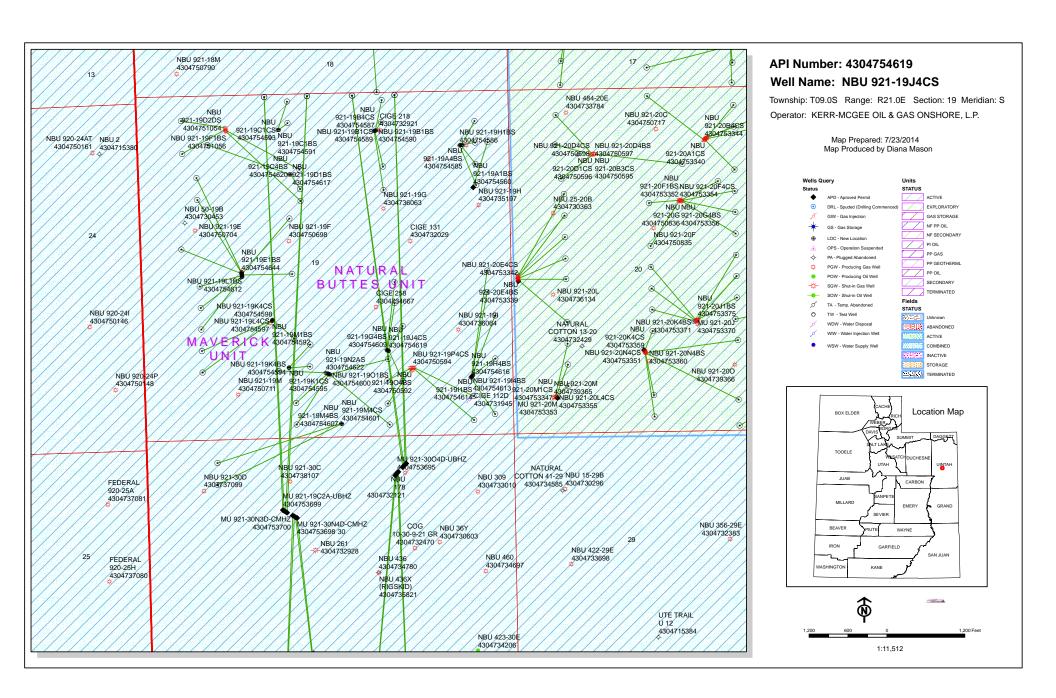
Vertical Section at 12.60° (1500 ft/in)

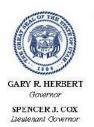
CASING DETAILS TVD 2883.00

MD 3006.07 Name Size 8 5/8" 8.625

Plan: PLAN #1 PRELIMINARY (NBU 921-19H4BS/OH)

ecerved. July 28:542 014 2013





# State of Utah

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MICHAEL R. STYLER
Executive Director

Division of Oil, Gas and Mining

JOHN R. BAZA
Division Director

## Permit To Drill

\*\*\*\*\*

Well Name: NBU 921-19J4CS **API Well Number:** 43047546190000

Lease Number: UTU 0581 Surface Owner: INDIAN Approval Date: 8/4/2014

## Issued to:

KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P., P.O. Box 173779, Denver, CO 80217

## Authority:

Pursuant to Utah Code Ann. 40-6-1 et seq., and Utah Administrative Code R649-3-1 et seq., the Utah Division of Oil, Gas and Mining issues conditions of approval, and permit to drill the listed well. This permit is issued in accordance with the requirements of Cause 173-14. The expected producing formation or pool is the WASATCH-MESA VERDE Formation(s), completion into any other zones will require filing a Sundry Notice (Form 9). Completion and commingling of more than one pool will require approval in accordance with R649-3-22.

#### **Duration:**

This approval shall expire one year from the above date unless substantial and continuous operation is underway, or a request for extension is made prior to the expiration date

### **Commingle:**

In accordance with Board Cause No. 173-14, commingling of the production from the Wasatch formation and the Mesaverde formation in this well is allowed.

#### General:

Compliance with the requirements of Utah Admin. R. 649-1 et seq., the Oil and Gas Conservation General Rules, and the applicable terms and provisions of the approved Application for permit to drill.

## **Conditions of Approval:**

State approval of this well does not supercede the required federal approval, which must be obtained prior to drilling.

In accordance with Utah Admin. R.649-3-11, Directional Drilling, the operator shall submit a complete angular deviation and directional survey report to the Division within 30 days following completion of the well.

In accordance with the Order in Cause No. 190-5(b) dated October 28, 1982, the operator shall comply with the requirements of Rules R649-3-31 and R649-3-27 pertaining to Designated Oil Shale Areas. Additionally, the operators shall ensure that the surface and or production casing is properly cemented over the entire oil

shale section as defined by Rule R649-3-31. The Operator shall report the actual depth the oil shale is encountered to the division.

### **Notification Requirements:**

The operator is required to notify the Division of Oil, Gas and Mining of the following actions during drilling of this well:

• Within 24 hours following the spudding of the well - contact Carol Daniels at 801-538-5284

(please leave a voicemail message if not available)

submit an electronic sundry notice (pre-registration required) via the Utah Oil & Gas website

at http://oilgas.ogm.utah.gov

### Reporting Requirements:

All reports, forms and submittals as required by the Utah Oil and Gas Conservation General Rules will be promptly filed with the Division of Oil, Gas and Mining, including but not limited to:

- Entity Action Form (Form 6) due within 5 days of spudding the well
- Monthly Status Report (Form 9) due by 5th day of the following calendar month
  - Requests to Change Plans (Form 9) due prior to implementation
  - Written Notice of Emergency Changes (Form 9) due within 5 days
- Notice of Operations Suspension or Resumption (Form 9) due prior to implementation
  - Report of Water Encountered (Form 7) due within 30 days after completion
- Well Completion Report (Form 8) due within 30 days after completion or plugging

Approved By:

For John Rogers Associate Director, Oil & Gas Form 3160-3 (August 2007)

**UNITED STATES** DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

JAN 0 2 2014

FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0136 Expires July 31, 2010

Title Assistant Field Manager Lands & Mineral Resources	Office VERNAL FIELD OFFICE		
Approved by (Signature)	Name (Printed/Typed)  Jerry-Kenc	zka	*AUG 07 2014
Title REGULATORY ANALYST			
25. Signature (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) JOEL MALEFYT Ph: 720-929-6828		Date 12/31/2013
<ol> <li>Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.</li> <li>A Drilling Plan.</li> <li>A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest Syst SUPO shall be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Of</li> </ol>	tem Lands, the fice).  4. Bond to cover the operation Item 20 above). 5. Operator certification 6. Such other site specific infauthorized officer.	ons unless covered by an existing be	equired by the
	24. Attachments		
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KB, RT, GL, etc. 4829 GL	22. Approximate date work will start 06/01/2014	23. Estimated duration 60-90 DAYS	
Distance from proposed location to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft.  510	19. Proposed Depth 11376 MD 11325 TVD	20. BLM/BIA Bond No. on file WYB000291	
<ol> <li>Distance from proposed location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 1957</li> </ol>	16. No. of Acres in Lease 2399.60	17. Spacing Unit dedicated to the	
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post APPROXIMATELY 46.7 MILES SOUTH OF VE		12. County or Parish UINTAH	13. State UT
At surface NWSE 2026FSL 2175FEL At proposed prod. zone NWSE 1557FSL 1957FEL	. 40.019804 N Lat, 109.592770 W Lon . 40.018518 N Lat, 109.591988 W Lon	Sec 19 T9S R21E Mer	SLB
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accord	, ,	11. Sec., T., R., M., or Blk. and	•
3a. Address PO BOX 173779 DENVER, CO 80202-3779	3b. Phone No. (include area code) Ph: 720-929-6828 Fx: 720-929-7828	10. Field and Pool, or Explorate NATURAL BUTTES	
2. Name of Operator Contact KERR MCGEE OIL & GAS LP E-Mail: joel.ma	: JOEL MALEFYT efyt@anadarko.com	9. API Well No. 43 047 54	a19
lb. Type of Well: Oil Well S Gas Well O	ther Single Zone Multiple Zone	8. Lease Name and Well No. NBU 921-19J4CS	
la. Type of Work: DRILL REENTER		7. If Unit or CA Agreement, N UTU63047A	ame and No.
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT	TO DRILL OR RESISTENCE Vernal	6. If Idian, Allottee or Tribe	Name
BOREAU OF EARD	WANAGEMENT C. W. C ZOTT	UTU0581	

Application approval does not warrant or certify the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.

Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.

### **CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL ATTACHED**

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

Additional Operator Remarks (see next page)

RECEIVED

AUG 29 2014

Electronic Submission #230787 verified by the BLM Well Information System For KERR MCGEE OIL & GAS LP, sent to the Vernal Committed to AFMSS for processing by LESLIE BUHLER on 01/10/2014 ()

DIV. OF OIL, GAS & MINING



**NOTICE OF APPROVAL** 

\*\* OPERATOR-SUBMITTED \*\* OPERATOR-SUBMITTED \*\* OPERATOR-SUBMITTED \*\*



# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT VERNAL FIELD OFFICE

VERNAL, UT 84078

(435) 781-4400



### CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL FOR APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL

Company: Well No: API No: KERR MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE LP

NBU 921-19J4CS

43-047-54619

Location: Lease No: **NWSE SEC 19 T09S R21E** 

UTU0581

Agreement:

UTU63047A

**OFFICE NUMBER:** 

(435) 781-4400

**OFFICE FAX NUMBER:** 

(435) 781-3420

## A COPY OF THESE CONDITIONS SHALL BE FURNISHED TO YOUR FIELD REPRESENTATIVE TO INSURE COMPLIANCE

All lease and/or unit operations are to be conducted in such a manner that full compliance is made with the applicable laws, regulations (43 CFR Part 3160), and this approved Application for Permit to Drill including Surface and Downhole Conditions of Approval. The operator is considered fully responsible for the actions of his subcontractors. A copy of the approved APD must be on location during construction, drilling, and completion operations. This permit is approved for a two (2) year period, or until lease expiration, whichever occurs first. An additional extension, up to two (2) years, may be applied for by sundry notice prior to expiration.

### **NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS**

Location Construction (Notify Environmental Scientist)	<ul> <li>Forty-Eight (48) hours prior to construction of location and access roads.</li> </ul>
Location Completion (Notify Environmental Scientist)	- Prior to moving on the drilling rig.
Spud Notice (Notify Petroleum Engineer)	- Twenty-Four (24) hours prior to spudding the well.
Casing String & Cementing (Notify Supv. Petroleum Tech.)	- Twenty-Four (24) hours prior to running casing and cementing all casing strings to: <u>blm_ut_vn_opreport@blm.gov</u>
BOP & Related Equipment Tests (Notify Supv. Petroleum Tech.)	- Twenty-Four (24) hours prior to initiating pressure tests.
First Production Notice (Notify Petroleum Engineer)	<ul> <li>Within Five (5) business days after new well begins or production resumes after well has been off production for more than ninety (90) days.</li> </ul>

Page 2 of 8 Well: NBU 921-19J4CS

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### SURFACE USE PROGRAM CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COAs)

- 1. Paint facilities "Shadow Gray."
- 2. Conduct a raptor survey prior to construction operations if such activities would take place during raptor nesting season (January 1 through September 30). If active raptor nests are identified during the survey, operations should be conducted according to the seasonal restrictions detailed in the Uinta Basin-specific RMP guidelines and spatial offsets specified by the USFWS Utah Raptor Guidelines.
- 3. If construction and/or drilling operations have not been initiated prior to October 1, 2013, conduct a biological survey to determine the presence of Uinta Basin hookless cactus in accordance with the guidelines specified in the USFWS Rare Plant Conservation Measures and the BLM RMP ROD. KMG will implement commitments contained in the GNB BO.
- 4. Monitor construction activities with a permitted archaeologist.
- 5. Monitor ground disturbing activities with a qualified paleontologist.
- 6. Utilize applicable erosion BMPs to protect fill slopes.

### Generic COAs for all locations within the Greater Natural Buttes EIS (MAY 2012)

- All new and replacement internal combustion gas field engines of less than or equal to 300 design-rated horsepower must not emit more than 2 gms of NO<sub>x</sub> per horsepower-hour.
   This requirement does not apply to gas field engines of less than or equal to 40 design-rated horsepower.
- All new and replacement internal combustion gas field engines of greater than 300 designrated horsepower must not emit more than 1.0 gms of NO<sub>x</sub> per horsepower-hour.
- A Class III archeological survey has been conducted on all federal and/or Indian Trust lands in the GNBPA. All personnel will refrain from collecting artifacts and from disturbing any significant cultural resources in the area. KMG will be responsible for informing all persons in the area who are associated with this Project that they may be subject to prosecution for knowingly disturbing historic or archaeological sites or for collecting artifacts. All vehicular traffic, personnel movement, construction, and restoration activities will be confined to the areas examined, as referenced in the archaeological report, and to the existing roadways and/or evaluated access routes. If historic or archaeological materials were to be uncovered during construction, KMG will immediately stop surface disturbing activities that might further disturb such materials and contact the appropriate Authorized Officer (AO).

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 If blasting operations are scheduled to occur within 2 miles of an active gilsonite mine, the mine operator will be notified at least 48 hours prior to blasting to coordinate activities for mine worker safety.

- KMG will conduct a paleontological survey on all of its federal locations. All personnel will refrain from collecting fossils and from disturbing any significant fossil in the GNBPA.
- If paleontological materials were to be uncovered during construction, KMG will immediately stop construction and contact the appropriate AO. A determination will be made by the AO as to what mitigation may be necessary for the discovered paleontological material before construction can continue.
- Damage to livestock and livestock facilities will be reported as quickly as possible to the BLM and affected livestock operators. Operators will develop and employ prevention measures to avoid damaging fences, gates, and cattleguards, including upgrading cattleguard gate widths and load-bearing requirements and fencing all open pits and cellars.
- If partial or complete removal of a fence cannot be avoided, the fence will be braced and tied off per the BLM guidance. Where the fence is crossed by a road, the fence will be braced and a cattleguard and gate installed per BLM guidance.
- Speed limits will be followed and signs will be erected in lambing/calving areas, shipping
  pastures, or adjacent to working corrals to warn vehicle operators. (April 1 to June 1)
- In accordance with the procedures described in its Pesticide/ Herbicide Use Plan, KMG will
  monitor for the growth of invasive species resulting from surface disturbance caused by
  Project activities and will control weeds caused by Project activities.
- KMG will use its best efforts to control noxious weeds along access road authorizations,
  pipeline route authorizations, well sites, or other proposed facilities by spraying or
  mechanical removal. A list of noxious weeds will be obtained from the BLM or the
  appropriate County Extension Office. On BLM-administered land, a Pesticide Use Proposal
  will be submitted and approved prior to the application of herbicides or other pesticides or
  possibly hazardous chemicals.
- KMG will conduct pre-disturbance weed inventories to identify locations of noxious and invasive weed species.
- A 1- or 2-year rest period or mechanical control will be required prior to reseeding on areas treated with herbicide spraying.

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 An integrated weed management plan will be developed, and include the following components:

- Surveying for special status plant species before treating an area,
- Considering effects to special status species when designing herbicide treatment programs,
- Using drift reduction agents to reduce the risk of drift hazard, and
- Using selective herbicide and a wick to backpack sprayer to minimize risks to special plants.
- Dirt ramps will be built and maintained at an angle not to exceed 45 degrees every 150 to 200 feet along open pipeline trenches to reduce habitat fragmentation and increase accessibility of small animals (mammals, reptiles, amphibians) to adjacent habitats.
- On level or gently sloping ground (5 percent slope or less), surface pipelines (4 inches or greater in diameter) will be elevated a minimum of 6 inches above the ground to allow passage of small animals beneath the pipe. This ground clearance will be achieved by placing the pipeline on blocks at intervals of 150 or 200 feet or as appropriate.
- Bird Exclusion netting will be installed over reserve pits containing water that are left open for more than 30 days to reduce possibility of exposure to hazardous chemicals.
- KMG will install bird-excluding devices that prevent the perching and entry of migratory birds on or into its new fired vessel exhaust stacks.

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## DOWNHOLE PROGRAM CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (COAs)

### SITE SPECIFIC DOWNHOLE COAs:

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore L.P.. shall adhere to all referenced requirements in the SOP (version: "Standard Operating Practice Agreement for the Greater Natural Buttes Field", Oct 21, 2012). The operator shall also comply with applicable laws and regulations; with lease terms Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, NTL's; and with other orders and instructions of the, authorized officer.

All provisions outlined in Onshore Oil & Gas Order #2 Drilling Operations shall be strictly adhered to. The following items are emphasized:

### DRILLING/COMPLETION/PRODUCING OPERATING STANDARDS

- The spud date and time shall be reported orally to Vernal Field Office within 24 hours of spudding.
- Notify Vernal Field Office Supervisory Petroleum Engineering Technician at least 24 hours in advance of casing cementing operations and BOPE & casing pressure tests.
- All requirements listed in Onshore Order #2 III. E. Special Drilling Operations are applicable for air drilling of surface hole.
- Blowout prevention equipment (BOPE) shall remain in use until the well is completed or abandoned. Closing unit controls shall remain unobstructed and readily accessible at all times. Choke manifolds shall be located outside of the rig substructure.
- All BOPE components shall be inspected daily and those inspections shall be recorded in the daily drilling report. Components shall be operated and tested as required by Onshore Oil & Gas Order No. 2 to insure good mechanical working order. All BOPE pressure tests shall be performed by a test pump with a chart recorder and <u>NOT</u> by the rig pumps. Test shall be reported in the driller's log.
- BOP drills shall be initially conducted by each drilling crew within 24 hours of drilling out from under the surface casing and weekly thereafter as specified in Onshore Oil & Gas Order No. 2.
- Casing pressure tests are required before drilling out from under all casing strings set and cemented in place.
- No aggressive/fresh hard-banded drill pipe shall be used within casing.
- Cement baskets shall not be run on surface casing.
- The operator must report all shows of water or water-bearing sands to the BLM. If flowing water is
  encountered it must be sampled, analyzed, and a copy of the analyses submitted to the BLM Vernal
  Field Office.
- The operator must report encounters of all non oil & gas mineral resources (such as Gilsonite, tar sands, oil shale, trona, etc.) to the Vernal Field Office, in writing, within 5 working days of each

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encounter. Each report shall include the well name/number, well location, date and depth (from KB or GL) of encounter, vertical footage of the encounter and, the name of the person making the report (along with a telephone number) should the BLM need to obtain additional information.

- A complete set of angular deviation and directional surveys of a directional well will be submitted to the Vernal BLM office engineer within 30 days of the completion of the well.
- While actively drilling, chronologic drilling progress reports shall be filed directly with the BLM,
   Vernal Field Office on a weekly basis in sundry, letter format or e-mail to the Petroleum Engineers until the well is completed.
- A cement bond log (CBL) will be run from the production casing shoe to the <u>top of cement</u> and shall be utilized to determine the bond quality for the production casing. Submit a field copy of the CBL to this office.
- Please submit an electronic copy of all other logs run on this well in CD (compact disc) format to the Vernal BLM Field Office. This submission will supersede the requirement for submittal of paper logs to the BLM.
- There shall be no deviation from the proposed drilling, completion, and/or workover program as approved. Safe drilling and operating practices must be observed. Any changes in operation must have prior approval from the BLM Vernal Field Office.

### **OPERATING REQUIREMENT REMINDERS:**

- All wells, whether drilling, producing, suspended, or abandoned, shall be identified in accordance with 43 CFR 3162.6. There shall be a sign or marker with the name of the operator, lease serial number, well number, and surveyed description of the well.
- For information regarding production reporting, contact the Office of Natural Resources Revenue (ONRR) at <u>www.ONRR.gov</u>.
- Should the well be successfully completed for production, the BLM Vernal Field office must be
  notified when it is placed in a producing status. Such notification will be by written communication
  and must be received in this office by not later than the fifth business day following the date on
  which the well is placed on production. The notification shall provide, as a minimum, the following
  informational items:
  - o Operator name, address, and telephone number.
  - Well name and number.
  - Well location (¼¼, Sec., Twn, Rng, and P.M.).
  - Date well was placed in a producing status (date of first production for which royalty will be paid).
  - o The nature of the well's production, (i.e., crude oil, or crude oil and casing head gas, or natural gas and entrained liquid hydrocarbons).

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o The Federal or Indian lease prefix and number on which the well is located; otherwise the non-Federal or non-Indian land category, i.e., State or private.

- o Unit agreement and/or participating area name and number, if applicable.
- o Communitization agreement number, if applicable.
- Any venting or flaring of gas shall be done in accordance with Notice to Lessees (NTL) 4A and needs prior approval from the BLM Vernal Field Office.
- All undesirable events (fires, accidents, blowouts, spills, discharges) as specified in NTL 3A will be reported to the BLM, Vernal Field Office. Major events, as defined in NTL3A, shall be reported verbally within 24 hours, followed by a written report within 15 days. "Other than Major Events" will be reported in writing within 15 days. "Minor Events" will be reported on the Monthly Report of Operations and Production.
- Whether the well is completed as a dry hole or as a producer, "Well Completion and Recompletion Report and Log" (BLM Form 3160-4) shall be submitted not later than 30 days after completion of the well or after completion of operations being performed, in accordance with 43 CFR 3162.4-1. Two copies of all logs run, core descriptions, and all other surveys or data obtained and compiled during the drilling, workover, and/or completion operations, shall be filed on BLM Form 3160-4. Submit with the well completion report a geologic report including, at a minimum, formation tops, and a summary and conclusions. Also include deviation surveys, sample descriptions, strip logs, core data, drill stem test data, and results of production tests if performed. Samples (cuttings, fluid, and/or gas) shall be submitted only when requested by the BLM, Vernal Field Office.
- All off-lease storage, off-lease measurement, or commingling on-lease or off-lease, shall have prior written approval from the BLM Vernal Field Office.
- Oil and gas meters shall be calibrated in place prior to any deliveries. The BLM Vernal Field Office
  Petroleum Engineers will be provided with a date and time for the initial meter calibration and all
  future meter proving schedules. A copy of the meter calibration reports shall be submitted to the
  BLM Vernal Field Office. All measurement facilities will conform to the API standards for liquid
  hydrocarbons and the AGA standards for natural gas measurement. All measurement points shall
  be identified as the point of sale or allocation for royalty purposes.
- A schematic facilities diagram as required by Onshore Oil & Gas Order No. 3 shall be submitted to the BLM Vernal Field Office within 30 days of installation or first production, whichever occurs first. All site security regulations as specified in Onshore Oil & Gas Order No. 3 shall be adhered to. All product lines entering and leaving hydrocarbon storage tanks will be effectively sealed in accordance with Onshore Oil & Gas Order No. 3.
- Any additional construction, reconstruction, or alterations of facilities, including roads, gathering
  lines, batteries, etc., which will result in the disturbance of new ground, shall require the filing of a
  suitable plan and need prior approval of the BLM Vernal Field Office. Emergency approval may be
  obtained orally, but such approval does not waive the written report requirement.
- No location shall be constructed or moved, no well shall be plugged, and no drilling or workover

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equipment shall be removed from a well to be placed in a suspended status without prior approval of the BLM Vernal Field Office. If operations are to be suspended for more than 30 days, prior approval of the BLM Vernal Field Office shall be obtained and notification given before resumption of operations.

- Pursuant to Onshore Oil & Gas Order No. 7, this is authorization for pit disposal of water produced from this well for a period of 90 days from the date of initial production. A permanent disposal method must be approved by this office and in operation prior to the end of this 90-day period. In order to meet this deadline, an application for the proposed permanent disposal method shall be submitted along with any necessary water analyses, as soon as possible, but no later than 45 days after the date of first production. Any method of disposal which has not been approved prior to the end of the authorized 90-day period will be considered as an Incident of Noncompliance and will be grounds for issuing a shut-in order until an acceptable manner for disposing of said water is provided and approved by this office.
- Unless the plugging is to take place immediately upon receipt of oral approval, the Field Office Petroleum Engineers must be notified at least 24 hours in advance of the plugging of the well, in order that a representative may witness plugging operations. If a well is suspended or abandoned, all pits must be fenced immediately until they are backfilled. The "Subsequent Report of Abandonment" (Form BLM 3160-5) must be submitted within 30 days after the actual plugging of the well bore, showing location of plugs, amount of cement in each, and amount of casing left in hole, and the current status of the surface restoration.

Sundry Number: 58910 API Well Number: 43047546190000 FEDERAL APPROVAL OF THIS ACTION IS NECESSARY

STATE OF UTAH		FORM 9		
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF OIL, GAS, AND MINING			5.LEASE DESIGNATION AND SERIAL NUMBER: UTU 0581	
SUNDRY NOTICES AND REPORTS ON WELLS			6. IF INDIAN, ALLOTTEE OR TRIBE NAME: UTE	
	oposals to drill new wells, significantly de reenter plugged wells, or to drill horizonta n for such proposals.		7.UNIT or CA AGREEMENT NAME: NATURAL BUTTES	
1. TYPE OF WELL Gas Well			8. WELL NAME and NUMBER: NBU 921-19J4CS	
2. NAME OF OPERATOR: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ON	NSHORE, L.P.		9. API NUMBER: 43047546190000	
3. ADDRESS OF OPERATOR: P.O. Box 173779 1099 18tl	P h Street, Suite 600, Denver, CO, 80217 3	HONE NUMBER: 779 720 929-6	9. FIELD and POOL or WILDCAT: 1NATUERAL BUTTES	
4. LOCATION OF WELL FOOTAGES AT SURFACE: 2026 FSL 2175 FEL			COUNTY: UINTAH	
QTR/QTR, SECTION, TOWNSH Qtr/Qtr: NWSE Section:	HIP, RANGE, MERIDIAN: 19 Township: 09.0S Range: 21.0E Meridia	n: S	STATE: UTAH	
11. CHEC	K APPROPRIATE BOXES TO INDICATE	NATURE OF NOTICE, REPOR	RT, OR OTHER DATA	
TYPE OF SUBMISSION		TYPE OF ACTION		
KERR MCGEE WASATCH/MESAVER WELLS IN 921-19. T THIS SECTION WAS SURFACE TO TD. TH	CHANGE TO PREVIOUS PLANS  CHANGE WELL STATUS  DEEPEN  OPERATOR CHANGE  PRODUCTION START OR RESUME  REPERFORATE CURRENT FORMATION  TUBING REPAIR  WATER SHUTOFF  WILDCAT WELL DETERMINATION  COMPLETED OPERATIONS. Clearly show all EREQUESTS AUTHORIZATION TO REPERMITED AS HORSAVERDE DEPERMITTED AS HCP-110 PRODUIS WILL CHANGE TO I-80 CASION THANK YOU.	O CHANGE THE LL OF THE PROPOSED RILLING PROGRAM IN UCTION CASING FROM ING FROM SURFACE -	Accepted by the Utah Division of Oil, Gas and Mining	
NAME (PLEASE PRINT)	PHONE NUMBER	TITLE		
Kay E. Kelly  SIGNATURE	720 929 6582	Regulatory Analyst  DATE		
N/A		12/15/2014		

Sundry Number: 64180 API Well Number: 43047546190000

	STATE OF UTAH		FORM 9	
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF OIL, GAS, AND MINING			5.LEASE DESIGNATION AND SERIAL NUMBER: UTU 0581	
SUNDRY NOTICES AND REPORTS ON WELLS			6. IF INDIAN, ALLOTTEE OR TRIBE NAME: UTE	
	oposals to drill new wells, significantly reenter plugged wells, or to drill horizon for such proposals.		7.UNIT or CA AGREEMENT NAME: NATURAL BUTTES	
1. TYPE OF WELL Gas Well			8. WELL NAME and NUMBER: NBU 921-19J4CS	
2. NAME OF OPERATOR: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ON	NSHORE, L.P.		<b>9. API NUMBER:</b> 43047546190000	
3. ADDRESS OF OPERATOR: P.O. Box 173779 1099 18t	h Street, Suite 600, Denver, CO, 8021	<b>PHONE NUMBER:</b> 73779 720 929-	9. FIELD and POOL or WILDCAT: 1NATURAL BUTTES	
4. LOCATION OF WELL FOOTAGES AT SURFACE: 2026 FSL 2175 FEL			COUNTY: UINTAH	
QTR/QTR, SECTION, TOWNS	<b>HIP, RANGE, MERIDIAN:</b> 19 Township: 09.0S Range: 21.0E Merio	dian: S	STATE: UTAH	
11. CHEC	K APPROPRIATE BOXES TO INDICA	TE NATURE OF NOTICE, REPOR	RT, OR OTHER DATA	
TYPE OF SUBMISSION		TYPE OF ACTION		
	ACIDIZE	ALTER CASING	CASING REPAIR	
NOTICE OF INTENT Approximate date work will start:	CHANGE TO PREVIOUS PLANS	CHANGE TUBING	CHANGE WELL NAME	
6/24/2015	CHANGE WELL STATUS	COMMINGLE PRODUCING FORMATIONS	CONVERT WELL TYPE	
SUBSEQUENT REPORT	DEEPEN	FRACTURE TREAT	New construction	
Date of Work Completion:	OPERATOR CHANGE	PLUG AND ABANDON	PLUG BACK	
	PRODUCTION START OR RESUME	RECLAMATION OF WELL SITE	RECOMPLETE DIFFERENT FORMATION	
SPUD REPORT Date of Spud:	REPERFORATE CURRENT FORMATION	SIDETRACK TO REPAIR WELL	TEMPORARY ABANDON	
	TUBING REPAIR	VENT OR FLARE	WATER DISPOSAL	
DRILLING REPORT	WATER SHUTOFF	SI TA STATUS EXTENSION	✓ APD EXTENSION	
Report Date:				
	WILDCAT WELL DETERMINATION	OTHER	OTHER:	
12. DESCRIBE PROPOSED OR COMPLETED OPERATIONS. Clearly show all pertinent details including dates, depths, volumes, etc.  Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, L.P. (Kerr-McGee) respectfully requests an extension to this APD for the maximum time allowed. Please contact the undersigned with any questions and/or comments. Thank you.  Approved by the Uturne 125;s2015f Oil, Gas and Mining				
			Date:	
			By: Dangell	
			7	
NAME (DI EAGE BOWE)	BUANET	DED TITLE		
NAME (PLEASE PRINT) Jennifer Thomas	<b>PHONE NUME</b> 720 929-6808	BER TITLE Regulatory Specialist		
SIGNATURE N/A		<b>DATE</b> 6/24/2015		

Sundry Number: 64180 API Well Number: 43047546190000



### The Utah Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining

- State of Utah
- Department of Natural Resources

**Electronic Permitting System - Sundry Notices** 

### Request for Permit Extension Validation Well Number 43047546190000

API: 43047546190000 Well Name: NBU 921-19J4CS

Location: 2026 FSL 2175 FEL QTR NWSE SEC 19 TWNP 090S RNG 210E MER S

Company Permit Issued to: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P.

Date Original Permit Issued: 8/4/2014

The undersigned as owner with legal rights to drill on the property as permitted above, hereby verifies that the information as submitted in the previously approved application to drill, remains valid and does not require revision. Following is a checklist of some items related to the application, which should be verified.

• If located on private land, has th Yes  No	e ownership changed, if so, has the surface agreement been updated? 🔘
<ul> <li>Have any wells been drilled in the requirements for this location?</li> </ul>	ne vicinity of the proposed well which would affect the spacing or siting Yes  No
Has there been any unit or other proposed well?    Yes	agreements put in place that could affect the permitting or operation of thi
Have there been any changes to proposed location?     Yes	the access route including ownership, or rightof- way, which could affect th
• Has the approved source of water	erfordrilling changed? 🔘 Yes 🌘 No
	anges to the surface location or access route which will require a change in at the onsite evaluation? ( Yes ( No
• Is bonding still in place, which c	overs this proposed well? 🍺 Yes 🔘 No
nature: Jennifer Thomas	Date: 6/24/2015

Sig

Title: Regulatory Specialist Representing: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P.

Sundry Number: 72532 API Well Number: 43047546190000

	STATE OF UTAH		FORM 9		
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF OIL, GAS, AND MINING			5.LEASE DESIGNATION AND SERIAL NUMBER: UTU 0581		
SUNDRY NOTICES AND REPORTS ON WELLS			6. IF INDIAN, ALLOTTEE OR TRIBE NAME: UTE		
	oposals to drill new wells, significantly reenter plugged wells, or to drill horizon for such proposals.		7.UNIT or CA AGREEMENT NAME: NATURAL BUTTES		
1. TYPE OF WELL Gas Well			8. WELL NAME and NUMBER: NBU 921-19J4CS		
2. NAME OF OPERATOR: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ON	NSHORE, L.P.		<b>9. API NUMBER:</b> 43047546190000		
3. ADDRESS OF OPERATOR: P.O. Box 173779 1099 18tl	h Street, Suite 600, Denver, CO, 8021	<b>PHONE NUMBER:</b> 7 3779 720 929-0	9. FIELD and POOL or WILDCAT:		
4. LOCATION OF WELL FOOTAGES AT SURFACE: 2026 FSL 2175 FEL			COUNTY: UINTAH		
QTR/QTR, SECTION, TOWNSH	HIP, RANGE, MERIDIAN: 19 Township: 09.0S Range: 21.0E Merio	dian: S	STATE: UTAH		
11. CHEC	K APPROPRIATE BOXES TO INDICA	TE NATURE OF NOTICE, REPOR	RT, OR OTHER DATA		
TYPE OF SUBMISSION		TYPE OF ACTION			
✓ NOTICE OF INTENT	ACIDIZE	ALTER CASING	CASING REPAIR		
Approximate date work will start:  6/24/2016	CHANGE TO PREVIOUS PLANS	CHANGE TUBING	CHANGE WELL NAME		
0/24/2010	CHANGE WELL STATUS	COMMINGLE PRODUCING FORMATIONS	CONVERT WELL TYPE		
SUBSEQUENT REPORT Date of Work Completion:	DEEPEN	FRACTURE TREAT	☐ NEW CONSTRUCTION		
Date of Work Completion.	OPERATOR CHANGE	PLUG AND ABANDON	PLUG BACK		
	PRODUCTION START OR RESUME	RECLAMATION OF WELL SITE	RECOMPLETE DIFFERENT FORMATION		
SPUD REPORT  Date of Spud:	REPERFORATE CURRENT FORMATION	SIDETRACK TO REPAIR WELL	TEMPORARY ABANDON		
	TUBING REPAIR	VENT OR FLARE	WATER DISPOSAL		
DRILLING REPORT	WATER SHUTOFF	SI TA STATUS EXTENSION	✓ APD EXTENSION		
Report Date:	WILDCAT WELL DETERMINATION	OTHER	OTHER:		
Kerr-McGee Oil & G an extension to this	completed operations. Clearly show Gas Onshore, L.P. (Kerr-McGas Onshore, L.P.) (Kerr-McGas APD for the maximum time with any questions and/or c	ee) respectfully requests allowed. Please contact	Approved by the Ulume 127 is 201 of Oil, Gas and Mining  Date:  By:		
NAME (PLEASE PRINT)	PHONE NUMB	BER   TITLE			
Joel Malefyt	720 929-6828	Regualtory Analyst			
SIGNATURE N/A		<b>DATE</b> 6/24/2016			

Sundry Number: 72532 API Well Number: 43047546190000



### The Utah Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining

- State of Utah
- Department of Natural Resources

**Electronic Permitting System - Sundry Notices** 

### Request for Permit Extension Validation Well Number 43047546190000

API: 43047546190000 Well Name: NBU 921-19J4CS

Location: 2026 FSL 2175 FEL QTR NWSE SEC 19 TWNP 090S RNG 210E MER S

Company Permit Issued to: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P.

Date Original Permit Issued: 8/4/2014

The undersigned as owner with legal rights to drill on the property as permitted above, hereby verifies that the information as submitted in the previously approved application to drill, remains valid and does not require revision. Following is a checklist of some items related to the application, which should be verified.

• If located on private land, has the ownership changed, if so, has the surface agreement been updated?  Yes  No
<ul> <li>Have any wells been drilled in the vicinity of the proposed well which would affect the spacing or siting requirements for this location?</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> </ul>
• Has there been any unit or other agreements put in place that could affect the permitting or operation of thi proposed well?  Yes No
• Have there been any changes to the access route including ownership, or rightof- way, which could affect the proposed location? ( Yes ( No
• Has the approved source of water for drilling changed?   Yes  No
• Have there been any physical changes to the surface location or access route which will require a change in plans from what was discussed at the onsite evaluation?   Yes  No
• Is bonding still in place, which covers this proposed well?   Yes   No
nature: Joel Malefyt Date: 6/24/2016

Sig

Title: Regualtory Analyst Representing: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P.

#### **UNITED STATES** DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR **BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT**

RECEIVED

FORM APPROVED OMB NO. 1004-0135 Expires: July 31, 2010

SUNDRY NOTICES AND REPORTS ON WELLS JUN 23 2016

5. Lease Serial No. UTU0581

Do not use this form for proposals to drill or to re-enter an abandoned well. Use form 3160-3 (APD) for such proposals.  RIM VERNAL UTAH			6. If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name				
SUBMIT IN TRIPLICATE - Other instructions on reverse side.			<ol> <li>If Unit or CA/Agreement, Name and/or No. UTU63047A</li> </ol>				
1. Type of Well ☐ Oil Well ☐ Other ☐ Other			8. Well Name and No. NBU 921-19J4CS	8. Well Name and No. NBU 921-19J4CS			
Name of Operator     KERR MCGEE OIL & GAS O	Contact: NSHOREE-Mail: JOEL.MAL	JOEL MALE EFYT@ANAD	FYT ARKO.COM		9. API Well No. 43-047-54619		
3a. Address 1368 SOUTH1200 EAST VERNAL, UT 84078  3b. Phone No. Ph: 720-92			o. (include area code 29-6828	)	10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory GREATER NATURAL BUTTES		
4. Location of Well (Footage, Sec., T	., R., M., or Survey Description,	)			11. County or Parish, and State		
Sec 19 T9S R21E Mer SLB N 40.019804 N Lat, 109.592770					UINTAH COUNTY, UT		
12. CHECK APPI	ROPRIATE BOX(ES) TO	INDICATE	NATURE OF	NOTICE, R	EPORT, OR OTHER	R DATA	
TYPE OF SUBMISSION			ТҮРЕ О	F ACTION			
Notice of Intent	☐ Acidize	☐ Dee	pen	□ Product	tion (Start/Resume)	☐ Water Shut-Off	
	☐ Alter Casing	_	cture Treat	□ Reclam	ation	☐ Well Integrity	
☐ Subsequent Report	☐ Casing Repair	_	v Construction	□ Recomp		Other Change to Original A	
☐ Final Abandonment Notice	☐ Change Plans	_ `	g and Abandon		rarily Abandon	PD	
	Convert to Injection	☐ Plug Back ☐ Wat		☐ Water I	•		
13. Describe Proposed or Completed Ope If the proposal is to deepen directions Attach the Bond under which the wor following completion of the involved testing has been completed. Final Ab- determined that the site is ready for fi Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onsho extension to this APD for the r undersigned with any question	k will be performed or provide operations. If the operation restandonment Notices shall be file nal inspection.)  re, L.P. (Kerr-McGee) restanting time allowed. Pl	the Bond No. or outs in a multipled only after all pectfully requesses contact	n file with BLM/BIA e completion or reco requirements, include	A. Required sub completion in a p	bsequent reports shall be f new interval, a Form 3160	iled within 30 days  4 shall be filed once and the operator has	
A- 8/7/14		Þ	ECEIVED		100 1 100 100 100 100		
N. 2014-193 EA					E.S.	GEOL.	
CONDITIONS OF APP	ROVAL ATTACHED		OIL, GAS & MI	NING	PET		
14. I hereby certify that the foregoing is	true and correct.  Electronic Submission #3  For KERR MCGE  Committed to AFMSS for	E OIL & GAS	ONSHORE, sent	to the Vernal	1 -		
Name (Printed/Typed) JOEL MAL	EFYT		Title REGUL	ATORY AN	ALYST		
Signature (Electronic S	ubmission)		Date 06/23/2	016		, <del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>	
	THIS SPACE FO	R FEDERA	L OR STATE	OFFICE U	SE		
Approved By Jan	4			tant Field & Mineral	Manager Resources	SEP 1 9 2016	
Conditions of approved 15 any are attached certify that the applicant holds legal or equivalent to condu- which would entitle the applicant to condu-	itable title to those rights in the	not warrant or subject lease	VERNA Office	L FIELD	OFFICE		

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.